#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

# CONTRACT AND

FOR CONTRACT NO. C204511

WBS

53019.3.GV1 0077022

T.I.P NO. <u>I-5769</u>

COUNTY OFMECKLENBURGTHIS IS THEROADWAYROUTE NUMBER177LOCATION1-77 FROM I-277 TO 0.7 MILE NORTH OF NC-27.

CONTRACTOR BOGGS CONTRACTING INC ADDRESS P.O. BOX 1609 MONROE, NC 28111

BIDS OPENEDJANUARY 21, 2020CONTRACT EXECUTION2/11/2020

#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

#### PROPOSAL

### **INCLUDES ADDENDUM No.1 DATED 01-10-2020**

#### DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: JANUARY 21, 2020 AT 2:00 PM

CONTRACT ID C204511

WBS 53019.3.GV1

| FEDERAL-AID NO. | 0077022                                     |
|-----------------|---|
| COUNTY          | MECKLENBURG                                 |
| T.I.P. NO.      | I-5769                                      |
| MILES           | 1.360                                       |
| ROUTE NO.       | I 77  |
| LOCATION        | I-77 FROM I-277 TO 0.7 MILE NORTH OF NC-27. |

#### TYPE OF WORK PAVEMENT AND BRIDGE REHABILITATION.

#### NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

#### BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

#### THIS IS A <u>ROADWAY</u> PROPOSAL

#### 5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

#### PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF

#### CONTRACT No. C204511 IN MECKLENBURG COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Date

20

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION,

#### **RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA**

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. <u>C204511</u> has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. <u>C204511</u> in <u>Mecklenburg County</u>, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled *North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2018* with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the *Standard Specifications*; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.



State Contract Officer DocuSigned by: -Docusigned by: Konald E. Davenport, Jr. F81B6038A47A442...

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#### **PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

#### **GENERAL**

#### CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: (7-1-95) (Rev. 12-18-07) 108

The date of availability for this contract is March 2, 2020.

The completion date for this contract is **August 1, 2021**.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Thousand Dollars** (**\$ 2,000.00**) per calendar day.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: (2-20-07) 108 SPI G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **I-77 including associated Loops and/or Ramps** during the following time restrictions:

#### DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS Monday thru Friday, 6:00 A.M. to 9:00 P.M.

#### Saturday & Sunday, 9:00 A.M. to 9:00 P.M.

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **I-77 including associated Loops and/or Ramps**, detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

#### HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For **any occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. For **New Year's Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** December 31<sup>st</sup> and **9:00 P.M.** January 2<sup>nd</sup>. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until **9:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday.
- 3. For **Easter**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Thursday and **9:00 P.M.** Monday.

SP1 G10 A

- 4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Friday and **9:00 P.M.** Tuesday.
- 5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the day before Independence Day and **9:00 P.M.** the day after Independence Day.

If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Thursday before Independence Day and **9:00 P.M.** the Tuesday after Independence Day.

- 6. For Labor Day, between the hours of 6:00 A.M. Friday and 9:00 P.M. Tuesday.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** Tuesday and **9:00 P.M.** Monday.
- 8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **6:00 A.M.** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **9:00 P.M.** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.
- 9. For Carolina Panthers football games, occurring at Bank of America Stadium, between three (3) hours before the start and two (2) hours after the end of each football game.
- 10. For **Charlotte Hornets basketball games**, occurring at the **Spectrum Center**, between **two (2)** hours before the start and **one (1)** hours after the end of **each basketball game**.
- 11. For Charlotte Knights baseball games, occurring at BB&T Ballpark, between one (1) hour before the start and one (1) hour after the end of each baseball game.

## 12. For the 2020 Republican National Convention from Friday, August 21, 2020 (at 6:00 A.M.) to Saturday, August 29, 2020 (at 9:00 P.M.).

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are **Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 2,500.00**) per fifteen (15) minute time period.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: (5-21-13) 108 SP1 G14 I

The Contractor shall complete the work required of installing each new inductive loop after the removal of each existing loop by the milling, patching or resurfacing operations and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time for each inductive loop installation will be the date when the Contractor elects to disturb the existing inductive loop.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time for each inductive loop installation will be the date which is seven (7) consecutive calendar days after the date of availability.

The liquidated damages are **Five Hundred Dollars** (**\$ 500.00**) per calendar day.

#### **MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:**

(2-19-02)

104

SP1 G28

SP1 G37

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications):

| Line # | Description                              |
|--------|--|
| 8      | Asphalt Conc. Surface Course, Type S9.5D |
| 91     | Polyester Polymer Concrete Materials     |
| 94     | Gabion Mattress (1'-0" Thick)            |

#### **SPECIALTY ITEMS:**

(7-1-95)(Rev. 1-17-12)

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications).

108-6

| Line #       | Description                 |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 26-34, 42-44 | Long-Life Pavement Markings |
| 49-51        |                             |
| 52           | Permanent Pavement Markers  |
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#### FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(11-15-05) (Rev. 2-18-14)

109-8

SP1 G43

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### Page 1-87, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is **\$ 1.9854** per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

| Description                     | Units   | Fuel Usage<br>Factor Diesel |
|---------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|
| Unclassified Excavation         | Gal/CY  | 0.29                        |
| Borrow Excavation               | Gal/CY  | 0.29                        |
| Class IV Subgrade Stabilization | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |
| Aggregate Base Course           | Gal/Ton | 0.55                        |

| Sub-Ballast                                    | Gal/Ton | 0.55  |
|--|---------|-------|
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type             | Gal/Ton | 2.90  |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type     | Gal/Ton | 2.90  |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type          | Gal/Ton | 2.90  |
| Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course            | Gal/Ton | 2.90  |
| Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type        | Gal/Ton | 2.90  |
| Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type              | Gal/Ton | 2.90  |
| Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course       | Gal/Ton | 0.55  |
| Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55  |
| Portland Cement Concrete Pavement              | Gal/SY  | 0.245 |
| Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to Pavement        | Gal/SY  | 0.245 |

#### SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS: (7-15-08) (Rev. 5-13-19) 108-2

SP1 G58

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled *Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts* included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

|      | Fiscal Year         | Progress (% of Dollar Value) |
|------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 2020 | (7/01/19 - 6/30/20) | 35% of Total Amount Bid      |
| 2021 | (7/01/20 - 6/30/21) | 63% of Total Amount Bid      |
| 2022 | (7/01/21 - 6/30/22) | 2% of Total Amount Bid       |

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

#### **DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:**

(10-16-07)(Rev. 12-17-19)

102-15(J)

SP1 G61

#### Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds. This provision is guided by 49 CFR Part 26.

#### Definitions

*Additional DBE Subcontractors* - Any DBE submitted at the time of bid that will <u>not</u> be used to meet the DBE goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

*Committed DBE Subcontractor* - Any DBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the DBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any DBE used as a replacement for a previously committed DBE firm.

*Contract Goal Requirement* - The approved DBE participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised contract goal.

*DBE Goal* - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is to be performed by committed DBE subcontractor(s).

*Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)* - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

*Goal Confirmation Letter* - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed DBE participation along with a listing of the committed DBE firms.

*Manufacturer* - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

*Regular Dealer* - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

*Replacement / Substitution* – A full or partial reduction in the amount of work subcontracted to a committed (or an approved substitute) DBE firm.

*North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP)* - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for DBE certification, such that an applicant is required to apply only once for a DBE certification that will be honored by all recipients of USDOT funds in the state and not limited to the Department of Transportation only. The Certification Program is in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

*United States Department of Transportation (USDOT)* - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

#### Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

*DBE Payment Tracking System* - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to DBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS *Subcontractor Payment Information* - Form for reporting the payments made to all DBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf

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RF-1 *DBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed DBE. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE %20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval %20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Joint%20Check%20Notif ication%20Form.pdf

*Letter of Intent* - Form signed by the Contractor and the DBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed DBE for the estimated amount (based on quantities and unit prices) listed at the time of bid. http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20 a%20Subcontractor.pdf

*Listing of DBE Subcontractors Form* - Form for entering DBE subcontractors on a project that will meet this DBE goal. This form is for paper bids only.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/08%20D BE%20Subcontractors%20(Federal).docx

*Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet* - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where DBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote %20Comparison%20Example.xls

#### **DBE Goal**

The following DBE goal for participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises is established for this contract:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprises 2.0 %

- (A) *If the DBE goal is more than zero*, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that DBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above as the DBE goal.
- (B) *If the DBE goal is zero*, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use DBEs during the performance of the contract. Any DBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

#### **Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)**

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as DBE certified shall be used to meet the DBE goal. The Directory can be found at the following link. https:// www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

#### Listing of DBE Subcontractors

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> DBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the DBE goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed DBE subcontractors and additional DBE subcontractors. Additional DBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goal. Only those firms with current DBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of DBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

(A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of DBE participation in the appropriate section of the electronic submittal file.

- (1) Submit the names and addresses of DBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of DBE firms shown in the electronic submittal file, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the DBE firm.
- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each DBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no DBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the DBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that DBE's participation will not count towards achieving the DBE goal.
- (B) Paper Bids
  - (1) If the DBE goal is more than zero,
    - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of *DBE* participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of DBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the DBE participation for the contract.

- (b) If bidders have no DBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of DBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. <u>Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation</u>. Bids submitted that do not have DBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
- (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the DBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that DBE's participation will not count towards achieving the corresponding goal.
- (2) If the DBE goal is zero, entries on the Listing of DBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any DBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

#### **DBE Prime Contractor**

When a certified DBE firm bids on a contract that contains a DBE goal, the DBE firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a DBE bidder on a contract will meet the DBE goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the DBE bidder and any other DBE subcontractors will count toward the DBE goal. The DBE bidder shall list itself along with any DBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the DBE goal.

For example, if the DBE goal is 45% and the DBE bidder will only perform 40% of the contract work, the prime will list itself at 40%, and the additional 5% shall be obtained through additional DBE participation with DBE subcontractors or documented through a good faith effort.

DBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of DBE Subcontractor* just as a non-DBE bidder would.

#### Written Documentation – Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each DBE that will be used to meet the DBE goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the DBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed DBE to be used toward the DBE goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the DBE participation will not count toward meeting the DBE goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the DBE goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

#### **Submission of Good Faith Effort**

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the DBE goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach the DBE goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 5 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of DBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

#### Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with DBE Goals More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought DBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goal and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

(A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to DBEs within the Division and surrounding

Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved.
  - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
  - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the contract DBE goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for DBE participation ( $2^{nd}$  and  $3^{rd}$  tier subcontractors).
- (C) Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.
  - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.

- (G) Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at BOWD@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get DBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the DBE goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the DBE goals.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the DBE goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the DBE goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the DBE goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the DBE goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the DBE goal.

#### Non-Good Faith Appeal

The State Prequalification Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Prequalification Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

#### **Counting DBE Participation Toward Meeting DBE Goal**

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed DBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirement. The total dollar value of participation by a committed DBE will

be based upon the value of work actually performed by the DBE and the actual payments to DBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting DBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

(C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A DBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a DBE subcontracts to another DBE firm may be counted toward the contract goal requirement. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does <u>not</u> count toward the contract goal requirement. If a DBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the DBE is not performing a commercially useful function. The DBE may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department. The Department's decision on the rebuttal of this presumption is subject to review by the Federal Highway Administration but is not administratively appealable to USDOT.

(D) Joint Venture

When a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the DBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the DBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its DBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a DBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a DBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its DBE requirement the following expenditures to DBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

(1) The fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.

(2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a DBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

#### **Commercially Useful Function**

(A) DBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to DBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A DBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the DBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a DBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the DBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors.

(B) DBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a DBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The DBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals.
- (2) The DBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The DBE may subcontract the work to another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who subcontracts work to another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted DBE provides on the contract.
- (5) The DBE may also subcontract the work to a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE who subcontracts the work to a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the

non-DBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by DBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-DBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the DBE and the Contractor will not count towards the DBE contract requirement.

- (6) A DBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the DBE's credit as long as the driver is under the DBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the DBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

#### **DBE Replacement**

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a DBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute DBE subcontractor) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the DBE subcontractor for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another DBE subcontractor, a non-DBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate.

The Contractor must give notice in writing both by certified mail and email to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor must give the DBE subcontractor five (5) business days to respond to the Contractor's Notice of Intent to Request Termination and/or Substitution. If the DBE subcontractor objects to the intended termination/substitution, the DBE, within five (5) business days must advise the Contractor and the Department of the reasons why the action should not be approved. The five-day notice period shall begin on the next business day after written notice is provided to the DBE subcontractor.

A committed DBE subcontractor may only be terminated after receiving the Department's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the proposed termination and/or substitution. For purposes of this section, good cause shall include the following circumstances:

- (a) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (b) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (c) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;

- (d) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (e) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;
- (f) The listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (g) The listed DBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of withdrawal;
- (h) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (i) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (j) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed DBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed DBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional DBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the DBE commitment. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed DBE if there were no additional DBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the DBE that was terminated.

If a replacement DBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated DBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to DBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous DBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with DBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
  - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs who were contacted.
  - (b) A description of the information provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why DBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the DBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

- (B) Decertification Replacement
  - (1) When a committed DBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement DBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
  - (2) When a committed DBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named DBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the DBE subcontractor with another DBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the DBE goal requirement. If a DBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).

All requests for replacement of a committed DBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (*DBE Replacement Request*). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

#### Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed DBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a DBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the DBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the DBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by DBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed DBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by DBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a DBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by DBEs equal to the reduced DBE participation caused by the changes.

#### **Reports and Documentation**

A SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a DBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving DBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a DBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for DBE credit.

#### **Reporting Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation**

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all DBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to DBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-DBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's DBE Payment Tracking System.

#### **Failure to Meet Contract Requirements**

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2018 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

#### **CERTIFICATION FOR FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS:**

(3-21-90)

SP1 G85

SP1 G88

SP1 G092

The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (A) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (B) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying, in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

#### **CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS:** 102-14

(7-1-95)

If the successful bidder does not hold the proper license to perform any plumbing, heating, air conditioning, or electrical work in this contract, he will be required to sublet such work to a contractor properly licensed in accordance with Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of heating, plumbing, and air conditioning contractors) and Article 4 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of electrical contractors).

#### **USE OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (UAS):**

(8-20-19)

The Contractor shall adhere to all Federal, State and Local regulations and guidelines for the use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS). This includes but is not limited to US 14 CFR Part 107

C204511 I-5769

*Small UAS Rule*, NC GS 15A-300.2 *Regulation of launch and recovery sites*, NC GS 63-95 *Training required for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems*, NC GS 63-96 *Permit required for commercial operation of unmanned aircraft system*, and NCDOT UAS Policy. The required operator certifications include possessing a current Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Remote Pilot Certificate, a NC UAS Operator Permit as well as operating a UAS registered with the FAA.

Prior to beginning operations, the Contractor shall complete the NCDOT UAS – Flight Operation Approval Form and submit it to the Engineer for approval. All UAS operations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the operations.

All contractors or subcontractors operating UAS shall have UAS specific general liability insurance to cover all operations under this contract.

The use of UAS is at the Contractor's discretion. No measurement or payment will be made for the use of UAS. In the event that the Department directs the Contractor to utilize UAS, payment will be in accordance with Article 104-7 Extra Work.

#### **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HOTLINE:**

(11-22-94)

108-5

SP1 G100

To report bid rigging activities call: **1-800-424-9071** 

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free hotline Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the hotline to report such activities.

The hotline is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

#### **CARGO PREFERENCE ACT:**

(2-16-16)

Privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels transporting cargoes are subject to the Cargo Preference Act (CPA) of 1954 requirements and regulations found in 46 CFR 381.7. Contractors are directed to clause (b) of 46 CFR 381.7 as follows:

(b) Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees-

" (1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean

bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b) (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."

#### SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:

(7-1-95)

450

SP1 G112 A

There is **no** subsurface information available on this project. The Contractor shall make his own investigation of subsurface conditions.

## MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT: 104-10 SPI G125

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 25,** add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 30, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. *Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in* accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.

**Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, lines 42-44,** replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

#### **COOPERATION BETWEEN CONTRACTORS:** 105 - 7

(7 - 1 - 95)

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

CityLYNX Gold Line Phase 2 is currently under construction and located adjacent to this project. CityLYNX Gold Line Phase 2 is not anticipated to be complete prior to the letting of this project.

I-5405, I-3311C (I-77 Express Lanes - South Section) is currently under construction and located adjacent to this project. I-5405, I-3311C is not anticipated to be complete prior to the letting of this project.

I-5746A, I-5746B (C203867) is currently under construction and located adjacent to this project. I-5746A, I-5746B is not anticipated to be complete prior to the letting of this project.

The Contractor on this project shall cooperate with the Contractor working within or adjacent to the limits of this project to the extent that the work can be carried out to the best advantage of all concerned.

#### **ELECTRONIC BIDDING:**

(2-19-19)

101, 102, 103

SP1 G140

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-4, Article 101-3, DEFINITIONS, BID (OR PROPOSAL) Electronic Bid, line 1, replace "Bid Express®" with "the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B), Electronic Bids, lines 39-40, replace "to Bid Express®" with "via the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B)(1), Electronic Bids, line 41, delete "from Bid Express®"

Page 1-17, Subarticle 102-9(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 21, replace "Bid Express® miscellaneous folder within the .ebs" with "electronic submittal".

Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 32, replace ".ebs miscellaneous data file of Expedite" with "electronic submittal file"

#### **TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:**

(7-15-03)

108

SP1 G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in **(B)** excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular

SP1 G133

piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

#### **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:**

(1-16-07) (Rev 04-01-19)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

#### General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) Certified Supervisor Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) *Certified Installer* Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.

(D) *Certified Designer* - Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

- (A) Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:
  - (1) Manage Operations Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
    - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
    - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
    - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
    - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
    - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
    - (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
    - (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
    - (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
    - (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
    - (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
    - (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.

C204511 I-5769

- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references *NCG010000*, *General Permit to Discharge Stormwater* under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
  - (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event of greater than 1.0 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.
  - (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
  - (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
  - (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
  - (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
  - (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
  - (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000*.
  - (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
  - (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
  - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
  - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.

- (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
- (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
- (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
- (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.
- (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
- (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
- (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) *Certified Foreman* At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
  - (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
  - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
  - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
  - (1) Seeding and Mulching
  - (2) Temporary Seeding
  - (3) Temporary Mulching
  - (4) Sodding
  - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
  - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
  - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
  - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
  - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
  - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
  - (11) Inlet protection
  - (12) Riprap placement

- (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
- (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I *Certified Installer* is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

(D) *Certified Designer* - Include the certification number of the Level III-B Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III-A Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

#### **Preconstruction Meeting**

Furnish the names of the *Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

#### **Ethical Responsibility**

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

#### **Revocation or Suspension of Certification**

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

#### Measurement and Payment

*Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

#### PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE: (2-20-07) (Rev. 4-5-19) 105-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.

- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix, available at <u>https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/</u><u>TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf</u> to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed. No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

#### **AWARD OF CONTRACT:**

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 1-23, Subarticle 103-4 (A) General, first paragraph**, replace the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> sentences with the following:

Where award is to be made, the notice of award will be issued within 60 days after the opening of bids or upon issuance of any necessary debt instrument, whichever is later, but not to exceed 120 days; except with the consent of the lowest responsible bidder the decision to award the contract to such bidder may be delayed for as long a time as may be agreed upon by the Department and such bidder. In the absence of such agreement, the lowest responsible bidder may withdraw his bid at the expiration of 120 days without penalty if no notice of award has been issued.

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-21-12)

#### PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

**R-1** 

#### **ROADWAY**

#### **CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:**

Pave each section of roadway begun in a continuous operation. Do not begin work on another section of roadway unless satisfactory progress is being made toward completion of intersections and all other required incidental work by satisfactorily furnishing additional paving equipment and personnel, except for milling and patching operations.

#### **BURNING RESTRICTIONS:**

(7 - 1 - 95)

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

545

200, 210, 215

#### **INCIDENTAL STONE BASE:**

(7-1-95) (Rev.8-21-12)

#### Description

Place incidental stone base on driveways, mailboxes, etc. immediately after paving and do not have the paving operations exceed stone base placement by more than one week without written permission of the Engineer.

#### **Materials and Construction**

Provide and place incidental stone base in accordance with Section 545 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Incidental Stone Base will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 545-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

#### **SHOULDER WEDGE:**

(9-20-11) (Rev. 8-21-12)

610

SP6 R03R

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, add the following after line 39:

Attach a device, mounted on screed of paving equipment, capable of constructing a shoulder wedge with an angle of 30 degrees plus or minus 4 degrees along the outside edge of the roadway, measured from the horizontal plane in place after final compaction on the final surface course.

560

SP2 R05

SP1 R34R

**SP5 R28R** 

Payment for use of this device will be incidental to the other pay items in the contract.

#### PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

620

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is **\$ 487.14** per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on **December 1, 2019**.

#### ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE COMPACTION:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 8-21-12)

Compact the asphalt surface course on this project in accordance with Subarticle 610-9 of the 2018 *Standard Specifications* and the following provision:

Perform the first rolling with a steel wheel roller followed by rolling with a self-propelled pneumatic tired roller with the final rolling by a steel wheel roller.

#### MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT:

(1-15-19)

607

SP6 R59

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 6-5, Article 607-2, EQUIPMENT, lines 14-16,** delete the seventh sentence of this Article and replace with the following:

Use either a non-contacting laser or sonar type ski system with a minimum of three referencing stations mounted on the milling machine at a length of at least 24 feet.

SP6 R49R

SP6 R25

#### OPEN GRADED ASPHALT FRICTION COURSE, PERMEABLE ASPHALT DRAINAGE COURSE, AND ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE:

When producing and constructing open graded asphalt friction course, permeable asphalt drainage course, and ultra-thin bonded wearing course revise the *2018 Standard Specifications* as follows:

**Page 6-9, Subarticle 609-6(B) Required Sampling and Testing Frequencies,** delete the third paragraph and replace with the following:

Sample and test the completed mixture from each mix design per plant per year at the following minimum frequency during mix production:

Accumulative Production Increment <u>Number of Samples per Increment</u> 500 tons 1

**Page 6-9, Subarticle 609-6(C) Control Charts,** delete the second paragraph and replace with the following:

Record the following data on the standardized control charts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 7.4 of the *Asphalt QMS Manual*:

- (a) Aggregate Gradation Test Results:
  - 1. 12.5 mm (Types P57 & FC-2 Mod. Only)
  - 2. 9.5 mm (Excluding Type P57)
  - 3. 4.75 mm
  - 4. 2.36 mm
  - 5. 0.075 mm Sieves
- (b) Binder Content, %, P<sub>b</sub>

**Page 6-10, Subarticle 609-6(D) Control Limits, Table 609-1 CONTROL LIMITS**, replace with the following:

| Mix Control Criteria                 | Target Source    | Moving<br>Average<br>Limit | Individual<br>Limit |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 12.5 mm Sieve (Types P57 & FC-2 Mod) | JMF              | $\pm 4.0$                  | $\pm 8.0$           |
| 9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P57)    | JMF              | $\pm 4.0$                  | $\pm 8.0$           |
| 4.75 mm Sieve                        | JMF              | $\pm 4.0$                  | $\pm 8.0$           |
| 2.36 mm Sieve                        | JMF              | $\pm 4.0$                  | $\pm 8.0$           |
| 0.075 mm Sieve                       | JMF              | ± 1.5                      | ± 2.5               |
| Binder Content                       | JMF              | ± 0.3                      | ± 0.7               |
| TSR (Ultra-thin Only)                | Min. Spec. Limit | -                          | - 15%               |

# Page 6-12, Subarticle 609-6(F) Allowable Retesting for Mix Deficiencies, Table 609-2 RETEST LIMITS FOR MIX DEFICIENCIES, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-2<br>RETEST LIMITS FOR MIX DEFICIENCIES |                          |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Property  | Limit                    |  |  |  |
| % Binder Content                                  | by more than $\pm 1.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 12.5 mm Sieve (Types P 57 & FC-2 Mod)             | by more than $\pm 9.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P 57)                | by more than $\pm 9.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 4.75 mm sieve                                     | by more than $\pm 9.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 2.36 mm sieve                                     | by more than $\pm 9.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 0.075 mm sieve                                    | by more than $\pm 3.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| TSR (Ultra-thin only)                             | by more than -15%        |  |  |  |
|   | from Specification limit |  |  |  |

**Page 6-14, Article 609-9 QUALITY ASSURANCE, Table 609-3 LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS**, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-3<br>LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS |             |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|--|--|--|
| Mix Property Limits of Precision                    |             |  |  |  |
| 12.5 mm Sieve (Types P 57 & FC-2 Mod. Only)         | $\pm 6.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 9.5 mm Sieve (Excluding Type P 57)                  | $\pm 5.0\%$ |  |  |  |
| 4.75 mm Sieve                                       | ± 5.0%      |  |  |  |
| 2.36 mm Sieve                                       | ± 5.0%      |  |  |  |
| 0.075 mm Sieve                                      | ± 2.0%      |  |  |  |
| Asphalt Binder Content                              | ± 0.5%      |  |  |  |
| TSR (Ultra-thin HMA Only)                           | ± 15.0%     |  |  |  |

Page 6-16, Article 610-3, COMPOSITION OF MIXTURES (MIX DESIGN AND JOB MIX FORMULA), line 30, add the following at the end of the sixth paragraph:

For OGAFC, the maximum percent of binder contributed from RAS or a combination of RAS and RAP is 18%.

#### ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE:

(1-15-19)

661

SP6 R64

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 6-49, Article 661-4, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 25-28,** delete the third sentence of this Sub-article and replace with the following:

Unless otherwise specified, use a mobile grade reference system capable of averaging the existing grade or pavement profile over at least a 30 feet distance; or by non-contacting laser or sonar type ski with at least three referencing stations mounted on the paver at a minimum length of 24 feet.

Page 6-50, Article 661-4, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 9, delete the word "four" and replace with "three".

#### ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANT MIX PAVEMENTS:

(2-20-18) (Rev.1-15-19)

610, 1012

SP6 R65

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

# **Page 6-14, Table 609-3, LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS**, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-3<br>LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS                 |                            |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Mix Property  | Limits of Precision        |  |  |  |
| 25.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)  | $\pm 10.0\%$               |  |  |  |
| 19.0 mm sieve (Base Mix)  | $\pm 10.0\%$               |  |  |  |
| 12.5 mm sieve (Intermediate & Type P-57)                            | $\pm 6.0\%$                |  |  |  |
| 9.5 mm sieve (Surface Mix)  | $\pm 5.0\%$                |  |  |  |
| 4.75 mm sieve (Surface Mix)   | $\pm 5.0\%$                |  |  |  |
| 2.36 mm sieve (All Mixes, except S4.75A)                            | $\pm 5.0\%$                |  |  |  |
| 1.18 mm sieve (S4.75A)  | $\pm 5.0\%$                |  |  |  |
| 0.075 mm sieve (All Mixes)  | $\pm 2.0\%$                |  |  |  |
| Asphalt Binder Content  | $\pm 0.5\%$                |  |  |  |
| Maximum Specific Gravity (G <sub>mm</sub> )                         | $\pm 0.020$                |  |  |  |
| Bulk Specific Gravity (G <sub>mb</sub> )                            | $\pm 0.030$                |  |  |  |
| TSR   | $\pm 15.0\%$               |  |  |  |
| QA retest of prepared QC Gyratory<br>Compacted Volumetric Specimens | $\pm 0.015$                |  |  |  |
| Retest of QC Core Sample  | $\pm$ 1.2% (% Compaction)  |  |  |  |
| Comparison QA Core Sample   | ± 2.0% (% Compaction)      |  |  |  |
| QA Verification Core Sample   | ± 2.0% (% Compaction)      |  |  |  |
| Density Gauge Comparison of QC Test                                 | $\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction) |  |  |  |
| QA Density Gauge Verification Test                                  | $\pm 2.0\%$ (% Compaction) |  |  |  |

**Page 6-17, Table 610-1, MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT**, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-1<br>MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT |             |  |  |
|--|-------------|--|--|
| Binder Grade JMF Temperature                           |             |  |  |
| PG 58-28; PG 64-22                                     | 250 - 290°F |  |  |
| PG 76-22   | 300 - 325°F |  |  |

Page 6-17, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 38-39, delete the fourth paragraph.

**Page 6-18, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), line 12,** replace "SF9.5A" with "S9.5B".

|         |  |             | MIX   |                         | E 610-3<br>N CRIT      | ERIA                               |                   |                  |                    |
|---------|--|-------------|-------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Mix     | Design   | Binder      |       | action Max.<br>vels Rut |                        | Volumetric Properties <sup>2</sup> |                   |                  |                    |
| Туре    | ESALs<br>millions <sup>A</sup>                               | PG<br>Grade | Gm    | m @                     | Depth                  | VMA VTM VFA                        |                   | %G <sub>mm</sub> |                    |
|         | minons   | Graue       | Nini  | Ndes                    | (mm)                   | % Min.                             | %                 | MinMax.          | @ N <sub>ini</sub> |
| S4.75A  | < 1  | 64 - 22     | 6     | 50                      | 11.5                   | 16.0                               | 4.0 - 6.0         | 65 - 80          | ≤91.5              |
| S9.5B   | 0 - 3  | 64 - 22     | 6     | 50                      | 9.5                    | 16.0                               | 3.0 - 5.0         | 70 - 80          | ≤91.5              |
| S9.5C   | 3 - 30   | 64 - 22     | 7     | 65                      | 6.5                    | 15.5                               | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.5             |
| S9.5D   | > 30   | 76 - 22     | 8     | 100                     | 4.5                    | 15.5                               | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.0             |
| I19.0C  | ALL  | 64 - 22     | 7     | 65                      | -                      | 13.5                               | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.5             |
| B25.0C  | ALL  | 64 - 22     | 7     | 65                      | -                      | 12.5                               | 3.0 - 5.0         | 65 - 78          | ≤ 90.5             |
|         |  | Design Para | meter |                         |                        |                                    | Design (          | Criteria         |                    |
| All Mix | Dust to Binder Ratio (P <sub>0.075</sub> / P <sub>be</sub> ) |             |       |                         | 0.6 - 1.4 <sup>C</sup> |                                    |                   |                  |                    |
| Types   | bes Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) <sup>D</sup>                |             |       |                         |                        | 85% N                              | Min. <sup>E</sup> |                  |                    |

#### Page 6-18, Table 610-3, MIX DESIGN CRITERIA, replace with the following:

- A. Based on 20 year design traffic.
- **B.** Volumetric Properties based on specimens compacted to N<sub>des</sub> as modified by the Department.
- C. Dust to Binder Ratio  $(P_{0.075} / P_{be})$  for Type S4.75A is 1.0 2.0.
- **D.** NCDOT-T-283 (No Freeze-Thaw cycle required).
- E. TSR for Type S4.75A & B25.0C mixes is 80% minimum.

# **Page 6-19, Table 610-5, BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%),** replace with the following:

#### **TABLE 610-5**

#### **BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%)**

| Mix Type       | %RBR ≤ 20%            | $21\% \leq \% RBR \leq 30\%$ | %RBR <u>&gt;</u> 30% |
|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| S4.75A, S9.5B, |                       |                              |                      |
| S9.5C, I19.0C, | PG 64-22              | PG 64-22 <sup>A</sup>        | PG-58-28             |
| B25.0C         |                       |                              |                      |
| S9.5D, OGFC    | PG 76-22 <sup>B</sup> | n/a                          | n/a                  |

A. If the mix contains any amount of RAS, the virgin binder shall be PG 58-28.

**B.** Maximum Recycled Binder Replacement (%RBR) is 18% for mixes using PG 76-22 binder.

# **Page 6-20, Table 610-6, PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT,** replace with the following:

|                           | TABLE 610-6<br>PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT             |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Asphalt Concrete Mix Type | Asphalt Concrete Mix Type Minimum Surface and Air Temperature |  |  |  |
| B25.0C                    | 35°F  |  |  |  |
| I19.0C                    | 35°F  |  |  |  |
| S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C      | 40°F <sup>A</sup>   |  |  |  |
| \$9.5D                    | 50°F  |  |  |  |

A. For the final layer of surface mixes containing recycled asphalt shingles (RAS), the minimum surface and air temperature shall be 50°F.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 34-35, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use an MTV for all surface mix regardless of binder grade on Interstate, US Routes, and NC Routes (primary routes) that have 4 or more lanes and median divided.

**Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 36-38,** delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Use MTV for all ramps, loops, Y-line that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided, full width acceleration lanes, full width deceleration lanes, and full width turn lanes that are greater than 1000 feet in length.

| TABLE 610-7<br>DENSITY REQUIREMENTS |   |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Mix Type                            | Minimum % G <sub>mm</sub><br>(Maximum Specific Gravity) |  |  |
| S4.75A                              | 85.0 <sup>A</sup>                                       |  |  |
| S9.5B                               | 90.0  |  |  |
| S9.5C, S9.5D, I19.0C, B25.0C        | 92.0  |  |  |

Page 6-23, Table 610-7, DENSITY REQUIREMENTS, replace with the following:

**A.** Compaction to the above specified density will be required when the S4.75A mix is applied at a rate of 100 lbs/sy or higher.

**Page 6-24, Article 610-13, FINAL SURFACE TESTING, lines 35-36,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Final surface testing is not required on ramps, loops and turn lanes.

**Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1), Acceptance for New Construction, lines 29-30,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Areas excluded from testing by the profiler may be tested using a 10-foot straightedge in accordance with Article 610-12.

Page 6-27, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 41-46, delete the eighth and ninth sentence of this paragraph and replace with the following:

Take profiles over the entire length of the final surface travel lane pavement exclusive of structures, approach slabs, paved shoulders, tapers, or other irregular shaped areas of pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Test in accordance with this provision all mainline travel lanes, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes and collector lanes.

Page 6-28, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 1-2, delete these two lines.

Page 6-32, Article 610-16 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, replace with the following:

| Pay Item  | Pay Unit |
|---|----------|
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C         | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75A      | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B       | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C       | Ton      |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D       | Ton      |

Page 10-30, Table 1012-1, AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES, replace with the following:

| Міх Туре                  | Coarse<br>Aggregate<br>Angularity <sup>B</sup> | Fine Aggregate<br>Angularity<br>% Minimum | Sand<br>Equivalent<br>% Minimum | Flat and<br>Elongated<br>5 : 1 Ratio<br>% Maximum |
|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Test Method               | ASTM D5821                                     | AASHTO T 304                              | AASHTO T 176                    | ASTM D4791  |
| S4.75A; S9.5B             | 75 / -   | 40  | 40                              | -   |
| \$9.5C; 119.0C;<br>B25.0C | 95 / 90  | 45  | 45                              | 10  |
| \$9.5D                    | 100 / 100                                      | 45  | 50                              | 10  |
| OGFC                      | 100 / 100                                      | 45  | 45                              | 10  |
| UBWC                      | 100 / 85                                       | 45  | 45                              | 10  |

#### **TABLE 1012-1** AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIESA

A. Requirements apply to the design aggregate blend.

**B**. 95 / 90 denotes that 95% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 90% has 2 or more fractured faces.

# PATCHING EXISTING PAVEMENT: (1-15-02) (Rev. 3-11-18)

610

SP6 R88R

#### Description

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that there are areas of existing pavement on this project that will require repair prior to resurfacing. Patch the areas that, in the opinion of the Engineer, need repairing. The areas to be patched will be delineated by the Engineer prior to the Contractor performing repairs.

#### **Materials**

The patching consists of Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, or a combination of base, binder and surface course.

#### **Construction Methods**

Remove existing pavement at locations directed by the Engineer in accordance with Section 250 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Place Asphalt Concrete Base Course, in lifts not exceeding 5.5 inches. Utilize compaction equipment suitable for compacting patches as small as 3.5 feet by 6 feet on each lift. Use an approved compaction pattern to achieve proper compaction. If patched pavement is to be open to traffic for more than 48 hours prior to overlay, use Asphalt Surface Course in the top 1.5 inches of the patch.

Schedule operations so that all areas where pavement has been removed will be repaired on the same day of the pavement removal and all lanes of traffic restored.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Patching Existing Pavement* will be measured and paid as the actual number of tons of asphalt plant mix complete in place that has been used to make completed and accepted repairs. The asphalt plant mixed material will be measured by being weighed in trucks on certified platform scales or other certified weighing devices. The above price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision, including but not limited to removal and disposal of all types of pavement; furnishing and applying tack coat; furnishing, placing, and compacting of asphalt plant mix; furnishing of asphalt binder for the asphalt plant mix; and furnishing scales.

Any provisions included in the contract that provides for adjustments in compensation due to variations in the price of asphalt binder will not be applicable to payment for the work covered by this provision.

Payment will be made under:

#### **Pay Item**

Patching Existing Pavement

#### **DIAMOND GRINDING CONCRETE PAVEMENT:**

(4-15-08) (Rev 10-10-19)

SPI 7-9

**Pay Unit** 

Ton

#### Description

Perform the work covered by this provision including but not limited to diamond grinding and regrinding concrete pavement to meet final surface acceptable smoothness requirements detailed in Article 710-7, selecting diamond tipped saw blades and configuration of cutting head; continual removal of residual slurry from pavement and disposal; furnishing all labor, materials, supplies, tools, equipment and incidentals as necessary. Perform this work at locations indicated in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Prior to beginning any diamond grinding operations, schedule a pre-grind meeting with grinding subcontractor, Division Construction Engineer, Project Engineer, Area Roadway Engineer, State Pavement Construction Engineer, representatives from the Roadside Environmental Unit and the Materials and Tests Unit.

### Equipment

Use equipment with diamond tipped saw blades gang mounted on a power driven self-propelled machine with a minimum wheel base length of 15 feet that is specifically designed to smooth and texture Portland Cement Concrete pavement. Utilize equipment that does not cause ravels; aggregate fracture; spalls or disturbance to the longitudinal or transverse joints; or damage and/or strain to the underlying surface of the pavement. Should any of the above problems occur immediately suspend operations.

Provide a minimum 3 feet wide grinding head with 50 to 60 evenly spaced grooves per foot. Prior to designing the grinding head, evaluate the aggregate hardness of the concrete pavement and select the appropriate diamond size, diamond concentration and bond hardness for the individual saw blades.

Provide vacuuming equipment to continuously remove slurry residue and excess water from the pavement as part of the grinding operation. Do not allow the slurry material to flow into a travel lane occupied by traffic or into any drainage facility.

#### **Method of Construction**

Grind the pavement surface to a uniform appearance with a high skid resistant longitudinal corduroy type texture. Provide grooves between 0.09 and 0.15 inches wide with the land area between the grooves between 0.06 and 0.13 inches wide. Ensure a ridge peak of approximately 0.0625 inches higher than the bottom of the grooves.

Begin and end diamond grinding at lines normal to the pavement centerline. Grind only in the longitudinal direction. All grooves and adjacent passes shall be parallel to each other with no variation. Completely lap adjacent passes with no unground surface remaining between passes and no overlap of more than 1½ inches. Adjacent passes shall be within 1/8 inch of the same height as measured with a 3 foot straightedge. Maintain positive cross-slope drainage for the duration of the grinding operation.

Grind all travel lanes to include auxiliary lanes, ramps and loops with not less than 98 percent of the specified surface being textured by grinding. Grinding of the bridge decks and concrete shoulders will not be required. Remove a minimum 0.0625 inches at all locations except dips. Extra grinding to eliminate minor depressions is not required. It is anticipated that extra grinding will be required on the high side of existing faults in the pavement. There shall be no ridge between lanes. In a separate operation, transition the grinding of any remaining ridges greater than 1/8 inch in height on the outside edge next to the shoulder or at a tie to an existing facility to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Final surface testing is required on this project in accordance with Article 710-7 of the 2018 *Standard Specifications*.

NCDOT has provided Mean Roughness Index (MRI) information for the existing roadway condition. This information will be available at the following web address by navigating to the correct letting year and month then selecting, "Plans and Proposals".

#### https://xfer.services.ncdot.gov/dsplan/

NCDOT will take final measurements after the completion of the Diamond Grinding process. Measurements will be taken in accordance with Section 710-7 of the *2018 Standard Specifications*. Price adjustments will apply to each 0.10 mile section in accordance to Section 710-7.

#### **Disposal of Residual Slurry**

Diamond grinding slurry disposal shall be in accordance with the Statewide Permit for Land Application of Diamond Grinding Slurry (DGS), Permit No. WQ0035749 dated March 1, 2019. Submit a slurry disposal plan to the Engineer detailing method of handling and disposing of slurry from the diamond grinding operation a minimum of 60 days prior to beginning the diamond grinding operation. Engineer shall review the slurry disposal plan. Plan must be accepted prior to beginning the diamond grinding operation. DGS may also be transported beyond the project limits to an approved permitted site. No additional payment will be made for transporting this slurry material for disposal.

To prevent the migration of any direct discharge from the diamond grinding machine or land applied DGS from entering a drainage inlet or structure, the contractor shall install wattles and silt fence at the direction of the Engineer. Silt Fence shall be installed in accordance with Section 1605 of the NCDOT 2018 Standard Specifications.

For more detailed information, see the Environmental Permits and Guidelines section under Environmental resources on the NC Connect website for the DG permit and guidelines at the following link. (NCID access required.)

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Environmental/Environmental%20Permits%20and%20Guidelines/Forms/AllItems.aspx

#### **Measurement and Payment**

The quantity of *Diamond Grinding PCC Pavement* to be paid for will be the actual number of square yards of pavement which has been satisfactorily diamond ground, measured along the final top surface of the pavement. No separate payment will be made for any overlapping, regrinding, or for extra grinding on the high side of existing faults.

Payment will be full compensation for the work, including but is not limited to grinding, disposal of slurry, final surface testing, furnishing all materials, equipment, labor and all incidentals necessary to satisfactorily complete the work.

*Temporary Silt Fence* will be measured and paid in linear feet, accepted in place, along the ground line of the fence.

*Wattle* will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Wattle*.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item                      | Pay Unit    |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Diamond Grinding PCC Pavement | Square Yard |
| Temporary Silt Fence          | Linear Foot |
| Wattle                        | Linear Foot |

#### JOINT CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR AND SEALING:

(4-15-08) (Rev 3-20-18)

SPI 7-12A

#### Description

Saw existing backer rods joints, saw existing sawed joints, remove existing deteriorated backer rods and clean and seal joints with Low Modulus Silicone in accordance with the detail in the plans and the manufacturer's recommendations. Also, repair and reseal existing joints with Low Modulus Silicone, form joints in slab replacements and seal with Low Modulus Silicone in accordance with Standard Drawing No. 700.01.

#### Materials

Low Modulus Silicone Sealant shall meet the requirements of Section 1028-3(A) of the *Standard Specifications* for Low Modulus Silicone Sealant; and shall be on the Department's approved product listing that is being evaluated by National Transportation Product Evaluation Program (NTPEP).

### Construction

Have on-site, a manufacturer's representative during the initial start-up. This requirement will be suspended once the Engineer determines that the installation process is working smoothly.

Saw and seal pavement joints, and form control joints in one lane at a time.

Saw and seal joints at locations shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Saw and seal the centerline longitudinal joint according to Standard Drawing No. 700.01.

Form control joints in the proposed replacement slabs according to the spacing and dimensions as shown on the plans. Form the control joints by sawing with an approved concrete saw. Saw as soon as the concrete has hardened sufficiently without spalling or raveling, but before the lane is reopened to traffic, and not more than 6 hours after the concrete is placed.

Equip air compressors for cleaning joints with suitable traps capable of removing all surplus water and oil in the compressed air. The Engineer will check the compressed air daily for contamination. Do not use contaminated air.

Cleaning and sealing shall be as follows:

### (A) Cleaning Freshly Cut Sawed Joints

Immediately after sawing the joint, completely remove the resulting slurry from the joint and the immediate area by flushing with a jet of water under pressure, and other tools as necessary. After flushing, blow out the joint with compressed air. After the surfaces are thoroughly clean and dry and just before the joint sealer is placed, blow out the joint with compressed air having a pressure of at least 90 psi and remove all traces of dust. If freshly cut sawed joints become contaminated before they are sealed, clean as many times as necessary with cleaning methods approved by the Engineer.

#### (B) Installing Backup Material

When required, install closed cell, expanded polyethylene foam rod type backup material in a manner that will produce the shape factor specified. If the sealant bonds to the backup material, a bond-breaking type may be required.

#### (C) Taping Expansion Joints

When the joints have been cleaned and are thoroughly dry, place bond-breaking adhesive tape on top of the joint material or backup material to prevent any bonding action between the bottom of the joint sealer and the top of underlying material. The tape shall completely cover the top of the underlying material, but at no place shall the tape be allowed to adhere to the sides of the joint.

#### **(D)** Sealing Joints Requirements

- (1) Place joint sealer in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and these Specifications. Do not place silicone joint sealer when the air temperature near the joint is less than 50°F or is 50°F and falling or between October 15 and May 1, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- (2) Filling the Joint: Do not seal a joint until the seal is thoroughly clean and dry, and properly taped, if taping is required. Place the sealer in reasonably close conformity with dimensions shown on the plans. The joints will be rejected for any unreasonable deviation until satisfactory corrective measures are taken.

Apply the joint sealer by an approved mechanical device or by manually pouring or troweling, depending upon the consistency used. When applied mechanically or by pouring, a nozzle or pouring spout shall be shaped to fit inside the joint to introduce the sealer from inside the joint. Pouring consistency shall be used in horizontal joints, and troweling consistency shall be used in vertical joints, unless the pouring consistency is such that it can be satisfactorily placed in vertical joints.

Recess the joint sealer below the adjacent surface as shown in Standard Drawing No. 700.01.

If the joint material fails in either adhesion or cohesion, the joint shall be repaired to the Engineer's satisfaction at the Contractor's expense.

- (3) Special Requirements for Installation of Low Modulus Silicone Sealant: The sealant shall be applied or tooled in a manner which causes it to wet the joint faces and provide the required recess.
- (4) Cleaning Pavement: Promptly remove surplus joint sealer on the pavement after a joint has been sealed so that the joint sealer is not exposed to direct contact with traffic.

### (E) **Opening to Traffic**

Do not permit traffic over sealed joints without the approval of the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Joint Construction, Repair and Sealing* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price of the actual number of linear feet of joints, which are satisfactorily constructed, repaired and sealed. The length will be measured along the joints that have been constructed or repaired and sealed. Such price and payment will be full compensation for this work, including but not limited to removal and disposal of existing joint sealant and backer rod, preparation of joints, and furnishing all labor, tools, materials, and supplies, tools equipment and incidentals needed to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Joint Construction, Repair and Sealing

Pay Unit Linear Foot **R-15** 

#### **#57 STONE:**

7-18-06

#### Description

The Contractor shall place #57 stone in accordance with the details in the plans and the following provision.

#### Materials

Item # 57 Stone

#### **Construction Methods**

The stone shall be placed and compacted as directed by the Engineer.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*#57 Stone* will be measured and paid in tons that are completed and accepted. The stone will be measured by being weighed in trucks on certified platform scales or other certified weighing devices. The price and payment will be full compensation for furnishing, hauling, placing, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item #57 Stone

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – COLOR TESTING: 3-19-19 1087

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-183 and 10-184, Subarticle 1087-7(D)(1)(b) Yellow, lines 9-11, delete and replace with the following:

Obtain Color Values Y,x,y per ASTM E1349 using C/2° illuminant/observer. Results shall be  $Y \ge 45\%$ , and x,y shall fall within PR#1 chart chromaticity limits.

### <u>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – TYPE 2 TYPICAL CERTIFIED</u> <u>MILL TEST REPORT:</u>

3-19-19

1087

SP10 R06

SP10 R05

Amend the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 10-184, Subarticle 1087-8 Material Certification,** in accordance with Subarticle 106-3 provide a Type 2 Typical Certified Mill Test Report and a Type 3 Manufacturer's Certification for Polyurea pavement marking material.

SPI 10 -01

1005

**Pay Unit** 

Ton

Section

When tested, the material shall meet the physical and chemical characteristics provided by the manufacturer. NCDOT reserves the right to compare these test results to baseline test results gathered by the NCDOT Materials and Test Unit.

#### COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE II (9") (5-1-16) Div 10

#### **Description**

The Contractor shall install Cold Applied Plastic Pavement Marking Lines, Type II (9") in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 1205 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, and as directed by the Engineer. This line shall be a 10' skip with a contrast White/Black line. The white line shall be a 6" wide with a 1.5" black border on each side. Any alteration to this design must be approved by the Engineer prior to installation.

#### <u>Materials</u>

Refer to Article 1205-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Cold Applied Plastic Pavement Marking Lines, Type II (9")* will be measured and paid for as the actual number of linear feet of pavement marking lines satisfactorily placed and accepted by the Engineer. Such price and payment will include all materials, tools, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to satisfactorily complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitCold Applied Plastic Pavement Marking Lines, Type II (9")Linear Foot

#### EXTRUDED THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING THICKNESS: 3-19-19 1205

SP12 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Page 12-6, Subarticle 1205-4**(**A**)(**1**) **General, lines 5-8,** delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use application equipment that provides multiple width settings ranging from 4 inches to 12 inches and multiple thickness settings to achieve a minimum pavement marking thickness of 0.090 inch above the surface of the pavement.

**Page 12-7, Table 1205-3, THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC,** replace with the following:

| TABLE 1205-3<br>MINIMUM THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Thickness         Location                                       |  |  |  |
| 240 mils   | In-lane and shoulder-transverse pavement markings (rumble strips). May be          |  |  |
|  | placed in 2 passes.  |  |  |
| 90 mils  | Center lines, skip lines, transverse bands, mini-skip lines, characters, bike lane |  |  |
|  | symbols, crosswalk lines, edge lines, gore lines, diagonals, and arrow symbols     |  |  |

# EROSION AND STORMWATER CONTROL FOR SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION AND RECONSTRUCTION:

(11-16-10) (Rev. 1-21-20)

105-16, 225-2, Division 16

SP16 R03R

Land disturbing operations associated with shoulder construction/reconstruction may require erosion and sediment control/stormwater measure installation. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection and reporting may be required.

Erosion control measures shall be installed per the erosion control detail in any area where the vegetated buffer between the disturbed area and surface waters (streams, wetlands, or open waters) or drainage inlet is less than 10 feet. The Engineer may reduce the vegetated buffer threshold for this requirement to a value between 5 and 10 feet. Erosion control measures shall be spot checked every 7 days until permanent vegetative establishment.

In areas where shoulder construction/reconstruction includes disturbance or grading on the front slope or to the toe of fill, relocating ditch line or backslope, or removing vegetation from the ditch line or swale, NPDES inspection and monitoring are required every 7 days or within 24 hours of a rainfall event of greater than 1.0 inch. Maintain daily rainfall records. Install erosion control measures per detail.

In areas where the vegetated buffer is less than 10 feet between the disturbed area and waters of the State classified as High Quality Water (HQW), Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), Critical Areas, or Unique Wetlands, NPDES inspection and monitoring are required every 7 days or within 24 hours of a rainfall event of greater than 1.0 inch. The Engineer may reduce the vegetated buffer threshold for this requirement to a value between 5 and 10 feet. The plans or provisions will indicate the presence of these water classifications. Maintain daily rainfall records. Install erosion control measures per detail.

Land disturbances hardened with aggregate materials receiving sheet flow are considered non-erodible.

Sites that require lengthy sections of silt fence may substitute with rapid permanent seeding and mulching as directed by the Engineer.

NPDES documentation shall be performed by a Level II Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater certificate holder.

Materials used for erosion control will be measured and paid as stated in the contract.

## SSP-1

Z-2

### <u>STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION</u> AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08)

*General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation* is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in General Statute 143C-6-11(c). Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

## SSP-2

### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11)

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

| Restricted Noxious<br>Weed | Limitations per<br>Lb. Of Seed | Restricted Noxious<br>Weed   | Limitations per<br>Lb. of Seed |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Blessed Thistle            | 4 seeds                        | Cornflower (Ragged<br>Robin) | 27 seeds                       |
| Cocklebur                  | 4 seeds                        | Texas Panicum                | 27 seeds                       |
| Spurred Anoda              | 4 seeds                        | Bracted Plantain             | 54 seeds                       |
| Velvetleaf                 | 4 seeds                        | Buckhorn Plantain            | 54 seeds                       |
| Morning-glory              | 8 seeds                        | Broadleaf Dock               | 54 seeds                       |
| Corn Cockle                | 10 seeds                       | Curly Dock 54 seeds          |                                |
| Wild Radish                | 12 seeds                       | Dodder 54 seeds              |                                |
| Purple Nutsedge            | 27 seeds                       | Giant Foxtail                | 54 seeds                       |
| Yellow Nutsedge            | 27 seeds                       | Horsenettle                  | 54 seeds                       |
| Canada Thistle             | 27 seeds                       | Quackgrass                   | 54 seeds                       |
| Field Bindweed             | 27 seeds                       | Wild Mustard 54 seeds        |                                |
| Hedge Bindweed             | 27 seeds                       |                              |                                |

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall

Z-3

not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties) Kobe Lespedeza Korean Lespedeza Weeping Lovegrass Carpetgrass Bermudagrass Browntop Millet German Millet – Strain R Clover – Red/White/Crimson

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties) Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties) Hard Fescue (all approved varieties) Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass Crownvetch Pensacola Bahiagrass Creeping Red Fescue Japanese Millet Reed Canary Grass Zoysia Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass Big Bluestem Little Bluestem Bristly Locust Birdsfoot Trefoil Indiangrass Orchardgrass Switchgrass Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

SSP-5

#### **ERRATA**

(10-16-18) (Rev.1-15-19)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

#### **Division 6**

Page 6-7, Article 609-1 DESCRIPTION, line 29, replace article number "609-10" with "609-9".

#### **Division 7**

**Page 7-27, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 4,** replace article number "725-1" with "724-4".

**Page 7-28, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 10,** replace article number "725-1" with "725-3".

#### **Division 10**

**Page 10-78, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, TABLE 1056-1, Permittivity, Type 2,** replace "Table 6<sup>D</sup>" with "Table 7<sup>D</sup>" and **Permittivity, Type 3**<sup>B</sup>, replace "Table 7<sup>D</sup>" with "Table 8<sup>D</sup>".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-50 PAINT FOR VERTICAL MARKERS, line 1, replace article number "1080-50" with "1080-10".

**Page 10-162, Article 1080-61 EPOXY RESIN FOR REINFORCING STEEL, line 5,** replace article number "1080-61" with "1080-11".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-72 ABRASIVE MATERIALS FOR BLAST CLEANING STEEL, line 22, replace article number "1080-72" with "1080-12".

Page 10-163, Article 1080-83 FIELD PERFORMANCE AND SERVICES, line 25, replace article number "1080-83" with "1080-13".

#### **Division 17**

**Page 17-15, Article 1715-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-44,** replace the second sentence with the following:

An example is an installation of a single 1.25 inch HDPE conduit would be paid as:

Directional Drill (1)(1.25") Linear Foot

Z-4

## SSP-6

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### <u>PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES</u> (Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, Guava Root Knot Nematode, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03) (Rev. 5-21-19)

Z-04a

#### Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

#### **Originating in a Quarantined County**

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

#### Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or *https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm* to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

#### **Regulated Articles Include**

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, guava root knot nematode, or other noxious weeds.

## SSP-7

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### **TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:**

(6-28-77)(Rev 6/19/2018)

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Replace Article 103-4(B) with the following:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

#### (1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

(a) Compliance with Regulations

The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

(b) Nondiscrimination

The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

- (c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- (d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts,

Z-6

Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

(e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- (f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (f) in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

#### (2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

- (a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:
  - 1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.
  - 2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
  - 3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:

"The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 US.C. §§

2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award."

- 4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
- 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
- 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT's External Discrimination Complaints Process.
  - 1. Applicability

Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.

2. Eligibility

Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.

3. Time Limits and Filing Options

Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:

- (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
- (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
- (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
- ▶ Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010
- > US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070
- 4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

- 5. Discrimination Complaint Form Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination Complaint Form and procedures.
- 6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

| COMPLAINT BASIS                                  |   |   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Protected Categories                             | Definition  | Examples  | Applicable Nondiscrimination<br>Authorities   |  |  |
| Race and Ethnicity                               | An individual belonging to one<br>of the accepted racial groups; or<br>the perception, based usually on<br>physical characteristics that a<br>person is a member of a racial<br>group | Black/African<br>American,<br>Hispanic/Latino,<br>Asian, American<br>Indian/Alaska Native,<br>Native<br>Hawaiian/Pacific<br>Islander, White | Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;<br>49 CFR Part 21;<br>23 CFR 200;<br>49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123.<br>( <i>Executive Order 13166</i> ) |  |  |
| Color  | Color of skin, including shade<br>of skin within a racial group   | Black, White, brown, yellow, etc.   |   |  |  |
| National Origin (Limited English<br>Proficiency) | Place of birth. Citizenship is not<br>a factor. ( <i>Discrimination based</i><br>on language or a person's<br>accent is also covered)   | Mexican, Cuban,<br>Japanese,<br>Vietnamese, Chinese   |   |  |  |
| Sex  | Gender. The sex of an<br>individual.<br><i>Note:</i> Sex under this program<br>does not include sexual<br>orientation.  | Women and Men   | 1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act;<br>49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123.   |  |  |
| Age  | Persons of any age  | 21-year-old person  | Age Discrimination Act of 1975<br>49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>49 U.S.C. 47123.  |  |  |
| Disability                                       | Physical or mental impairment,<br>permanent or temporary, or<br>perceived.  | Blind, alcoholic,<br>para-amputee,<br>epileptic, diabetic,<br>arthritic   | Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of<br>1973;<br>Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990  |  |  |

# **TARLE 103-1**

| Religion (in the context of<br>employment)<br>( <i>Religion/ Creed in all aspects of</i><br><i>any aviation or transit-related</i> | An individual belonging to a<br>religious group; or the<br>perception, based on<br>distinguishable characteristics   | Muslim, Christian,<br>Sikh, Hindu, etc. | Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;<br>23 CFR 230;<br>FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions.<br>(49 U.S.C. 5332(b);<br>40 U.S.C. 47123) |
|--|--|---|---|
| construction)  | that a person is a member of a<br>religious group. In practice,<br>actions taken as a result of the<br>moral and ethical beliefs as to<br>what is right and wrong, which<br>are sincerely held with the<br>strength of traditional religious<br>views. <i>Note:</i> Does not have to<br>be associated with a recognized<br>religious group or church; if an<br>individual sincerely holds to the<br>belief, it is a protected religious<br>practice. |   | 49 U.S.C. 47123)  |

#### (3) **Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities**

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- (b) The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- (c) Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- (d) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- (e) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- (f) Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with

disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;

- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m)Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

#### (4) Additional Title VI Assurances

- \*\**The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable* (a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B)
- The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

#### (HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]\* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].\*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

- (b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C) The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):
  - 1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
    - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
  - 2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. \*
  - 3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

- (c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)
   The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/ agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):
  - 1. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
  - 2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non¬ discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. \*
  - 3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. \*

(\*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

### **SSP-15**

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### MINORITY AND FEMALE EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS

Z-7

# NOTICE OF REQUIREMENTS FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (*EXECUTIVE NUMBER 11246*)

1. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, see as shown on the attached sheet entitled "Employment Goals for Minority and Female participation".

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the Contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its effort to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the executive Order and the regulations *in 41 CFR Part 60-4*. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

2. As used in this Notice and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is the county or counties shown on the cover sheet of the proposal form and contract.

#### C204511 I-5769

## **SSP-16**

#### EMPLOYMENT GOALS FOR MINORITY AND FEMALE PARTICIPATION

#### Area 023 29.7%

Bertie County Camden County Chowan County Gates County Hertford County Pasquotank County Perquimans County

#### Area 024 31.7%

Beaufort County **Carteret County Craven County** Dare County **Edgecombe County** Green County Halifax County Hyde County Jones County Lenoir County Martin County Nash County Northampton County Pamlico County Pitt County Tyrrell County Washington County Wayne County Wilson County

#### <u>Area 025 23.5%</u>

Columbus County Duplin County Onslow County Pender County

# Economic Areas

Area 026 33.5% Bladen County Hoke County Richmond County Robeson County Sampson County Scotland County

#### Area 027 24.7%

Chatham County Franklin County Granville County Harnett County Johnston County Lee County Person County Vance County Warren County

#### <u>Area 028 15.5%</u>

Alleghany County Ashe County Caswell County Davie County Montgomery County Moore County Rockingham County Surry County Watauga County Wilkes County

#### Area 029 15.7%

Alexander County Anson County Burke County Cabarrus County Caldwell County Catawba County Cleveland County Iredell County Lincoln County Polk County Rowan County Rutherford County Stanly County

#### Area 0480 8.5%

Buncombe County Madison County

### Area 030 6.3%

Avery County Cherokee County Clay County Graham County Haywood County Henderson County Jackson County McDowell County Macon County Mitchell County Swain County Transylvania County Yancey County

#### C204511 I-5769

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#### **SMSA Areas**

# <u>Area 5720 26.6%</u>

Currituck County

#### <u>Area 9200 20.7%</u> Brunswick County New Hanover County

Area 2560 24.2% Cumberland County

## <u>Area 6640 22.8%</u>

Durham County Orange County Wake County

#### <u>Area 1300 16.2%</u> Alamance County

#### Area 3120 16.4%

Davidson County Forsyth County Guilford County Randolph County Stokes County Yadkin County

## <u>Area 1520 18.3%</u>

Gaston County Mecklenburg County Union County

Goals for Female

Participation in Each Trade

(Statewide) 6.9%

## **SSP-18**

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### **REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL - AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

FHWA - 1273 Electronic Version - May 1, 2012

Z-8

I. General

II. Nondiscrimination

- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract

VII. Safety: Accident Prevention

VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects

IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act

X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements

XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

#### ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

#### I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

- Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

#### **II. NONDISCRIMINATION**

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts. In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60,

29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
  - a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
  - b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
  - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
  - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
  - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
  - d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
  - e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- 4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
  - a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
  - b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
  - c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- 5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
  - a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
  - b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
  - c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
  - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

#### 6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
  - a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
  - b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
  - c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

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- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
- Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
  a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
  - b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.
- 10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):
  - a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
  - b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
  - . The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
    - The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
       The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
  - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
  - b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

#### **III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

#### IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

#### 1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH–1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
  - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
  - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
  - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
  - (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
  - (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
  - (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- 2. Withholding. The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
- 3. Payrolls and basic records
  - a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
  - b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH–347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/ wh347instr.htm or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.
    - (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
      - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
      - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
      - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

#### 4. Apprentices and trainees

Apprentices (programs of the USDOL). Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL). Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
- d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT). Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.
- 5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. **Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. **Disputes concerning labor standards.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

#### 10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

#### C204511 I-5769

- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

#### V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment
  of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to
  work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half
  times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- 4. **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

#### VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
  - a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees

from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.
- 5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

#### VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

#### VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

#### IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.

2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

#### X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

#### 1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participant in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

#### \* \* \* \* \*

#### 2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
  - Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
  - (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
  - (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
  - (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

#### 2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of

Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participant in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarrent.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarrent, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

#### \* \* \* \* \*

#### XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
  - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
  - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

## **SSP-27**

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION

#### **ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15)

#### Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

#### **Minorities and Women**

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

#### **Assigning Training Goals**

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.\

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#### **Training Classifications**

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment OperatorsOffice EngineersTruck DriversEstimatorsCarpentersIron / Reinforcing Steel WorkersConcrete FinishersMechanicsPipe LayersWelders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

#### **Records and Reports**

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

#### **Trainee Interviews**

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

#### **Trainee Wages**

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

| 60 percent | of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period    |
|------------|---|
| 75 percent | of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period |
| 90 percent | of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period  |

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

#### Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

## **SSP-30**

#### STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION MINIMUM WAGES GENERAL DECISION NC190088 01/04/2019 NC88

Date: January 4, 2019

General Decision Number: NC190088 01/04/2019 NC88

Superseded General Decision Numbers: NC20180101

State: North Carolina

Construction Type: HIGHWAY

#### **COUNTIES:**

| Alamance | Forsyth     | Randolph   |
|----------|-------------|------------|
| Anson    | Gaston      | Rockingham |
| Cabarrus | Guilford    | Stokes     |
| Chatham  | Mecklenburg | Union      |
| Davie    | Orange      | Yadkin     |
| Durham   | Person      |            |

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (excluding tunnels, building structures in rest area projects & railroad construction; bascule, suspension & spandrel arch bridges designed for commercial navigation, bridges involving marine construction; and other major bridges).

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of \$10.60 for calendar year 2019 applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.60 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract for calendar year 2019. If this contract is covered by the EO and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract must pay workers in that classification at least the wage rate determined through the conformance process set forth in 29 CFR.5.5(a)(1)(ii) (or the EO minimum wage rate, if it is higher than the conformed wage rate). The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Please note that this EO applies to the above-mentioned types of contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but it does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2) – (60). Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

| Modification Number |  |
|---------------------|--|
| 0                   |  |

Publication Date 01/04/2019

|                                | SUI   | NC2014-003 11/14 | 4/2014 |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------------|--------|
|                                | Rates | Fringes          |        |
| BLASTER                        | 18.64 |                  |        |
| CARPENTER                      | 13.68 | .05              |        |
| CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER | 13.93 |                  |        |
| ELECTRICIAN                    |       |                  |        |
| Electrician                    | 18.79 | 2.72             |        |

Z-088

|   | Rates | Fringes |
|---|-------|---------|
| Telecommunications Technician             | 15.19 | 1.25    |
| IRONWORKER                                | 13.30 |         |
| LABORER                                   |       |         |
| Asphalt Raker and Spreader                | 12.78 |         |
| Asphalt Screed/Jackman                    | 14.50 |         |
| Carpenter Tender                          | 12.51 | .27     |
| Cement Mason/Concrete Finisher Tender     | 11.04 |         |
| Common or General                         | 10.40 | .01     |
| Guardrail/Fence Installer                 | 13.22 |         |
| Pipelayer                                 | 12.43 |         |
| Traffic Signal/Lighting Installer         | 15.65 | .24     |
| PAINTER                                   |       |         |
| Bridge                                    | 23.77 |         |
| POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS                 |       |         |
| Asphalt Broom Tractor                     | 10.00 |         |
| Bulldozer Fine                            | 16.13 |         |
| Bulldozer Rough                           | 14.36 |         |
| Concrete Grinder/Groover                  | 17.92 |         |
| Crane Boom Trucks                         | 18.19 |         |
| Crane Other                               | 19.83 |         |
| Crane Rough/All-Terrain                   | 19.10 |         |
| Drill Operator Rock                       | 14.28 |         |
| Drill Operator Structure                  | 20.89 |         |
| Excavator Fine                            | 16.95 |         |
| Excavator Rough                           | 13.63 |         |
| Grader/Blade Fine                         | 19.84 |         |
| Grader/Blade Rough                        | 15.47 |         |
| Loader 2 Cubic Yards or Less              | 13.31 |         |
| Loader Greater Than 2 Cubic Yards         | 16.19 |         |
| Material Transfer Vehicle (Shuttle Buggy) | 15.44 |         |
| Mechanic                                  | 17.51 |         |
| Milling Machine                           | 15.22 |         |
| Off-Road Hauler/Water Tanker              | 11.83 |         |
| Oiler/Greaser                             | 14.16 |         |
| Pavement Marking Equipment                | 12.05 |         |
| Paver Asphalt                             | 15.97 |         |
| Paver Concrete                            | 18.20 |         |
| Roller Asphalt Breakdown                  | 12.79 |         |
| Roller Asphalt Finish                     | 13.76 |         |
| Roller Other                              | 12.08 |         |
| Scraper Finish                            | 12.65 |         |
| Scraper Rough                             | 11.50 |         |
| Slip Form Machine                         | 19.60 |         |
| Tack Truck/Distributor Operator           | 14.82 |         |
| TRUCK DRIVER                              |       |         |
| GVWR of 26,000 Lbs or Less                | 11.45 |         |
| GVWR of 26,000 Lbs or Greater             | 13.57 | .03     |

Welders – Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any

solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

#### Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

#### Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
  - \* an existing published wage determination
  - \* a survey underlying a wage determination
  - \* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
  - \* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U. S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. C204511 I-5769

**SSP-34** 

Washington, D.C. 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final. END OF GENERAL DECISION



#### NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS: (07-23-19)

## **DESCRIPTION**

Furnish, install, and maintain non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers in accordance with the contract.

## MATERIALS

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

**Pages 10-177 and 10-178, Subarticle 1086-3 SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS,** delete items (A), (B) and (C)(1) and replace with the following:

## (A) General

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker shall consist of a housing with one or more glass or plastic face lens type reflective lenses to provide the required color designation. The marker shall be designed or installed in a manner that minimizes damage from snowplow blades. Plastic lens faces shall use an abrasion resistant coating.

## (B) Housings

(1) Dimensions

The dimension, slope and minimum area of reflecting surface shall conform to dimensions as shown in the plans. The minimum area of each reflecting surface shall be 1.44 sq.in.

(2) Materials

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List.

(3) Surface

The surface of the housing shall be free of scale, dirt, rust, oil, grease or any other contaminant which might reduce its bond to the epoxy adhesive.

(4) Identification

Mark the housing with the manufacturer's name and model number of marker.

### (C) Reflectors

(1) General

Laminate the reflector to an elastomeric pad and attach with adhesive to the housing. The thickness of the elastomeric pad shall be 0.04".

# **Pages 12-14, Subarticle 1250-3(C) Removal of Existing Pavement Markers, lines 19-29,** delete and replace with the following:

Remove the existing raised pavement markers or the snowplowable pavement markers including the housings, before overlaying an existing roadway with pavement. Repair the pavement by filling holes as directed by the Engineer.

When traffic patterns are changed in work zones due to construction or reconstruction, remove all raised pavement markers or snowplowable markers including housings that conflict with the new traffic pattern before switching traffic to the new traffic pattern. Lens removal in lieu of total housing removal is not an acceptable practice for snowplowable markers.

Properly dispose of the removed pavement markers. No direct payment will be made for removal or disposal of existing pavement markers or repair of pavement, as such work will be incidental to other items in the contract.

## **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

**Pages 12-16 and 12-17, Subarticle 1253-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS,** delete items (A), (B) and (C) and replace with the following:

## (A) General

Bond marker housings to the pavement with epoxy adhesive. Mechanically mix and dispense epoxy adhesives as required by the manufacturer's specifications. Place the markers immediately after the adhesive has been mixed and dispensed.

If saw cutting, milling, or grooving operations are used, promptly remove all resulting debris from the pavement surface. Install the marker housings within 7 calendar days after saw cutting, milling, or grooving the pavement. Remove and dispose of loose material from the slots by brushing, blow cleaning, or vacuuming. Dry the slots before applying the epoxy adhesive. Install non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Protect the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until the epoxy has initially cured and is track free.

#### (B) Reflector Replacement

In the event that a reflector is damaged, replace the damaged reflector by using adhesives and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the markers and approved by the Engineer. This work is considered incidental if damage occurs during the initial installation of the marker housings and maintenance of initial non-cast iron snowplowable markers specified in this section. This work will be paid for under the pay item for the type of reflector replacement if the damage occurred after the initial installation of the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker.

Missing housings shall be replaced. Broken housings shall be removed and replaced. In both cases the slot for the housings shall be properly prepared prior to installing the new housing. Removal of broken housings and preparation of slots will be considered incidental to the work of replacing housings.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

Maintain all installed non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until acceptance.

#### **MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT**

*Non-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement Markers* will be measured and paid as the actual number of non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers satisfactorily placed and accepted by the Engineer.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Non-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement Marker Pay Unit Each

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## WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL Project Special Provisions Table of Contents

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#### WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR INTERSTATE/FREEWAY RESURFACING PROJECTS

### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

This Provision in intended for Interstate/Freeway Resurfacing projects that are performed at night. In the event, the Day and time Restrictions allow for daytime work activities the Work zone Presence Lighting and Sequential Flashing Lights are to be omitted. However, the Digital Speed Limit Signs will be required as described below.

Maintain traffic in accordance with Divisions 10, 11 and 12 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and the following provisions:

Install Work Zone Advance Warning Signs in accordance with the attached drawing prior to beginning any other work.

When personnel and/or equipment are working on the shoulder adjacent to a divided facility and within 10 feet of an open travel lane, close the nearest open travel lane using Standard Drawing No. 1101.02 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings.

When personnel and/or equipment are working within a lane of travel of a divided facility, close the lane using Standard Drawing No. 1101.02 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. Conduct the work so that all personnel and/or equipment remain within the closed travel lane. Perform work only when weather and visibility conditions allow safe operations as directed by the Engineer.

#### 1. Time Restrictions for Lane Closure and Road Closure Activities

All lane closure and road closure activities shall be performed in compliance with the Day and Time restrictions listed and defined in this Contract.

Any activities performed outside of these requirements will be subject to the Liquidated Damages unless approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the activity.

The Contractor may place/pre-stage all required signs and traffic control devices necessary for lane closures prior to the closure time as approved by the Engineer. However, flashing arrow boards and changeable message signs shall not indicate lane closure information until 30 minutes or less prior to the installation of the lane closure. Typical pre-staging times are 1 hour for a single lane closure and 2 hours for double and triple lane closures. The travel lane(s) are to be closed at the prescribed times defined in this Contract.

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For removal, the lane(s) must be reopened in compliance with the times defined in this Contract. It is acceptable to remove the signs and traffic control devices from the shoulder/staging area after the lane(s) are reopened to traffic.

## 2. Work Zone Presence Lighting and Sequential Flashing Warning Lights

Provide the following for nighttime work activities in accordance with attached drawing and special provisions:

A. Furnish and install Work Zone Presence Lighting to supplement the Contractor's portable construction and equipment lighting for the purpose of alerting motorist to the existence of an active work zone and to encourage compliance with the reduced work zone speed limit. (See attached Provision.)

B. Furnish and install Sequential Flashing Warning Lights on drums used for merging tapers to assist motorist in determining which direction to merge and to decrease late lane merging. (See attached Provision.)

#### 3. Law Enforcement

The Contractor shall provide 2 Law Enforcement Officers for the mainline during lane closure operations and 2 additional Law Enforcement Officers for ramp/loop closures when both operations occur simultaneously.

Use Law Enforcement Officers to assist in the shadowing of workers during the installation and during the removal of lane closures.

## **TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL (TTC)**

Refer to Standard Drawing No. 1101.02, 1101.11, 1110.01, 1110.02, 1115.01, 1130.01, 1135.01, 1165.01, and 1180.01 of the *2018 Roadway Standard Drawings* when closing a lane of travel in a stationary work zone for items such as milling, paving, diamond grinding concrete pavements, minor bridge and approach slab rehabilitation.

Drums are recommended for all lane closure operations occurring at night. However, if skinny drums are used at night, they shall be placed every 20' in the tangent sections of lane closure operations. Skinny drums shall not be used for upstream tapers.

When covering work zone signs, use an opaque material that prevents reading of the sign at night by a driver using high beam headlights. Use material, which does not damage the sign sheeting.

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Refer to Standard Drawing No. 1101.02, Sheets 9 and 10 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings for diamond grinding, milling and/or paving of ramps unless otherwise approved to be closed by the Engineer. If approved, see attached drawing for typical placement of devices and signing for the detour route. All items shall be compensated for based on the unit bid price for the respective item.

Refer to Standard Drawing No. 1101.03, sheet 7 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings for a closure of the interstate/freeway with traffic detoured via interchange ramps for items such as minor bridge and approach slab rehabilitation. Use Flaggers or Law Enforcement to direct traffic at ramp terminals as directed by the Engineer.

Refer to Standard Drawing No. 1101.02, sheet 12 or 13 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings for utilizing a Moving Operation for such items as pavement marking and marker placement. A minimum speed of 3 mph shall be maintained at all times with no stops that narrow or close a lane of travel. If the moving operation is progressing slower than 3 mph at any time, install a lane closure. All traffic control devices for this operation is considered incidental to the pay items for Pavement Marking and Markers.

### **TRAFFIC OPERATIONS**

#### 1. Project Requirements:

Failure to comply with the following requirements will result in a suspension of all other operations:

- A. Before working on ANY MAP, the Contractor shall submit a written construction sequence for traffic control and construction lighting for ALL MAPS to the Engineer at the first preconstruction meeting and the sequence must be approved before closing a lane of traffic. The Contractor and Engineer will coordinate with the State Work Zone Engineer at 919-814-4937 for additional traffic control guidance, as necessary.
- B. The maximum "Active Work Area" is a distance of 5 miles. It is defined as the maximum allowable distance for Resurfacing Operations taking place in a single work period. Therefore, the maximum length of lane closure is 5 miles. However, approval by the Engineer is required before closing more than 2 miles of Interstate to ensure the Contractor has the equipment and labor force to actively pursue the work.
- C. Notify the Engineer 15 consecutive calendar days before resurfacing a bridge or its approaches. Patch and make repairs to bridge surface and its approaches before resurfacing occurs. Coordinate all operations on the bridge and its approaches with the Engineer.
- D. Notify the Engineer 48 hours before resurfacing the areas of existing pavement that require patching. Patch these areas before resurfacing occurs. Allow full depth asphalt patching to

cool to the point of supporting traffic without displacement or rutting before reopening closed lane. Coordinate the resurfacing operations of the patched areas with the Engineer.

- E. Notify the Engineer 48 hours before milling or resurfacing will interfere with the existing Signal Loops. Loops may need to be placed in milled surface before resurfacing occurs. Coordinate all signal loop operations with the Engineer.
- F. Obtain written approval of the Engineer before working in more than one location or setting up additional lane closures.
- G. The Contractor on this and any adjacent projects, or subcontractors working within this project shall coordinate lane closure location, type, and direction with the Engineer to best maintain lane continuity through the limits of this and adjacent projects.
- H. Operate equipment and conduct operations in the same direction as the flow of traffic. Maintain vehicular access in accordance with Article 1101-05 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.
- I. Provide appropriate construction lighting in accordance with Section 1413 of the 2018 *Standard Specifications*.
- J. Contractor shall diamond grind, mill and pave lanes in an order such that water shall not accumulate.
- 2. Paving Lift Requirements and Time Limitations:

Failure to comply with the following requirements will result in a suspension of all other operations until all lanes of traffic are brought to the same station and elevation:

Paving Overlays and Lifts up to 3"

A. For surface course paving lifts of 2.0" or less, the Contractor shall conduct his paving operations such that the following conditions are met.

Once paving begins in any lane, the Contractor will be permitted to pave as far as the work operations allow (up to 5 miles) for the initial paving period. In the next days' paving operation, not to exceed 72 hours, bring the adjacent lane to the same station and elevation. At the end of the work day, any uneven lane conditions shall be signed with an "UNEVEN PAVEMENT/NEXT XX MILES" on the portable changeable message signs and portable "UNEVEN PAVEMENT" signs (dual mounted) 1,000' in advance of the uneven pavement and every ½ miles thereafter along the uneven portion of roadway. Once mitigated, all portable "UNEVEN PAVEMENT" signs shall be removed.

For Open Graded Surface Mixes, "UNEVEN PAVEMENT" signs are not required.

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B. For 3" surface course mixes, place in two paving lifts of 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" each unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. Conditions for uneven travel lanes same as described above.

#### Paving Lifts Greater than 3"

For all other paving lifts greater than 3", bring all newly resurfaced lanes to the same station and elevation by the end of each work day unless the Contractor utilizes the notched wedge paving methods as described below:

- A. Any paving lift greater than 3" shall be mitigated by having an approved wedge apparatus on the paver that shapes the edge 1" vertically and the remaining at a maximum slope steepness of 2:1. The maximum paving lift allowed to use this method is 3".
- B. At the end of the work day, the Contractor shall place portable "UNEVEN PAVEMENT" signs in advance of the uneven pavement and spaced every ½ mile along the section of uneven pavement. Once mitigated, all portable "UNEVEN PAVEMENT" signs shall be removed.
- C. In the next day's paving operation and not to exceed 72 hours, the Contractor shall bring up the adjacent lane to the same station and elevation before any further paving takes place on the project.

#### Milling Operations (Does Not Apply to Fine Milling)

Conduct milling operations so that any milled pavement is paved back by the end of each work day.

A milled/grooved surface shall not be re-opened to traffic except in cases where inclement weather or mechanical failure prevents the paving back of the lane by the end of the work day.

If milled areas are not paved back within the same work period due to inclement weather or mechanical failure, the Contractor is to furnish and install portable signs to warn drivers of the conditions. The signs include "Grooved Pavement" (W8-15) w/ Motorcycle Plaque mounted below, and "Uneven Lanes" (W8-11). These are to be dual indicated where lateral clearance can be obtained within the median areas. Install the "Grooved Pavement" (W8-15) w/ Motorcycle Plaque 1500' in advance of the milled area. Install the "Uneven Lanes" (W8-11) 500' in advance of the milled area. Alternate these signs every ½ mile. Once mitigated, all portable signs are to be removed.

Slope the pavement at the beginning and ending of the daily milling operation as directed by the Engineer. Sweep and remove all milled material from the roadway as soon as the daily milling

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operation is completed. Remove any existing pavement adjacent to the milled area that has been damaged and replace with patch material as directed by the Engineer.

#### Fine Milling / Microsurfacing Operations (Depths less than 1")

For fine milling operations less than 1", paving is not required in the same work period. The paving of the fine milled area is to be conducted within the next work period and not to exceed 72 hours. No advance warning signs are needed for the conditions. However, pavement markings are required by the end of each work day.

#### 3. Temporary Pavement Markings:

Review and record the existing pavement markings and markers before obliteration. Re-establish the new pavement markings and markers using the record of existing markings in conjunction with the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Submit the record of the existing pavement markings seven calendar days before the obliteration of any pavement markings.

Obliterated pavement markings shall be replaced by the end of each workday's operation. Interim paint may be used to comply with time limitations if final pavement markings cannot be placed except for milled surfaces or diamond ground surfaces. Final markings shall be placed within 30 days in accordance with Section 1205-4 and Section 1205-5. For milled surfaces, temporary pavement markings shall be used in accordance with Section 1205-8(C). There will be no direct payment for interim paint. Temporary paint will be paid for at the contract unit price.

For concrete surfaces that have been diamond ground as a surface treatment, 4" temporary paint shall be used in accordance with Section 1205-8(C). Upon completion of all diamond grinding operations, 4" line removal shall be used to remove 100% of the 4" temporary paint on the final concrete surface by grinding method only. Use an acceptable method to grind ridges smooth only where pavement markings will be installed prior to placing final pavement marking material. This method shall also be used in the area of the black contrast for surface preparation. Payment for line removal will be made in accordance with Section 1205-10.

For project winterization, install temporary paint markings in accordance with Section 1205-8(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use 4" lane, edge, and center lines and 8" gore lines. Compensation for this work shall be made in accordance with Section 1205-10 except that no payment will be made if paving is completed more than 30 days before the written notification by the Department that winterization is required.

#### 4. Work Zone Signing:

#### A. Description

Install advance/general warning work zone signs according to the attached drawings prior to beginning work.

For paving overlays of 3" or greater that create a drop-off adjacent to the median shoulder, install "LOW/SOFT SHOULDER" (SP 13107) signs on the median shoulder. Place initially at the construction limits, and then space 1 mile thereafter. No signing required for the outside shoulder.

Install and maintain signing in accordance with the Divisions 11 and 12 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

#### **B.** Installation

All stationary Advance/General warning work zone signs require notification to existing Utility owners per Article 105-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and Special Provision SP1 G115 within 3 to 12 full working days prior to installation.

Install all Advance/General warning work zone signs before beginning work on a particular map. If signs are installed more than seven (7) calendar days prior to the beginning of work on a particular map, cover the signs until the work begins. Install each work zone Advance/General warning sign separately and not on the same post or stand with any other sign except where an advisory speed plate or directional arrow is used.

All sign locations to be verified by the Engineer prior to installation. Once the signs have been installed and accepted, any sign relocations requested by the Department will be compensated in accordance with Article 104-7. Any additional signs other than the ones required in this provision or attached drawings will be compensated in accordance with Article 104-7.

If there is a period of construction inactivity longer than 14 calendar days, remove or cover advance/general warning work zone signs. Uncover advance/general warning work zone signs no more than 7 calendar days before work resumes.

All other operations may be suspended upon failure to comply with the above requirements. Such suspended operations would not be resumed until the above requirements are fulfilled.

#### C. Sign Removal

Once Maps on the Project are substantially completed, it is acceptable to remove the Stationary Work Zone Signs on those Maps in lieu of waiting until all of the Maps are

completed on the Project. A Map is substantially complete when the resurfacing operations are completed and the shoulders are brought up to the same elevation as the proposed pavement and when temporary pavement markings (paint) are installed along the centerline and edge lines as well as the ramps and loops. The final pavement markings (Thermoplastic or Polyurea) and/or markers do not have to be installed for the Map to be considered substantially complete. Final Pavement Markings/Markers are installed with portable signing and changeable message signs according to Roadway Standard Drawing 1101.02, sheet 13. Any remaining punch list items requiring traffic control are to be completed with portable work zone signing with compensation covered in the Contract Unit price for price for the required Traffic Control items.

#### Stationary Work Zone Sign removal is a condition of final project acceptance.

#### **D.** Lane Closure Work Zone Signs

Install any required lane closure signing needed during the life of the project in accordance with the Standard Drawing No. 1101.02, 1101.11 and 1110.02 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings.

## MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Stationary Work Zone Signs will be measured and paid as the actual number of square feet satisfactorily installed at each location and accepted by the Engineer.

Refer to the respective Sections of Division 11 and 12 of the 2018 Standard Specifications or the attached Special Provisions for the satisfactory installation and removal of lane closures and temporary pavement markings and markers.

Measurement for Lane Closures is the actual number of stationary lane closures satisfactorily installed for paving and all other required operations as shown in Roadway Standard Drawing 1101.02, sheets 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 & 10. All labor, traffic control devices, and signing for lane closures as shown in these Roadway Standard Drawings are paid under this item.

Lane Closures will be measured and paid at the Contractor's unit price for Lane Closure on a per each basis. In the event a dual or triple lane closure is required, they will be measured individually and paid on a per each basis. The ramp lane closures shown in Roadway Standard Drawing 1101.02, sheets 9 & 10, are considered part of the mainline lane closure and will not be measured or paid separately.

Measurement for Ramp/Loop Closures is the actual number of total ramp/loop closures and detours satisfactorily installed for ramp/loop paving and all other required operations as shown on the Short Term Closure and Detour of Interstate/Freeway Ramps detail drawing. All labor, traffic

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control devices and signing required for re-routing traffic as shown on the Short Term Closure and Detour of Interstate/Freeway Ramps detail drawing are paid under this item.

Ramp/Loop Closures will be measured and paid at the Contractor's unit price for Ramp/Loop Closures on a per each basis. In the event two separate ramps are closed at the same time, they will be measured individually and paid on a per each basis.

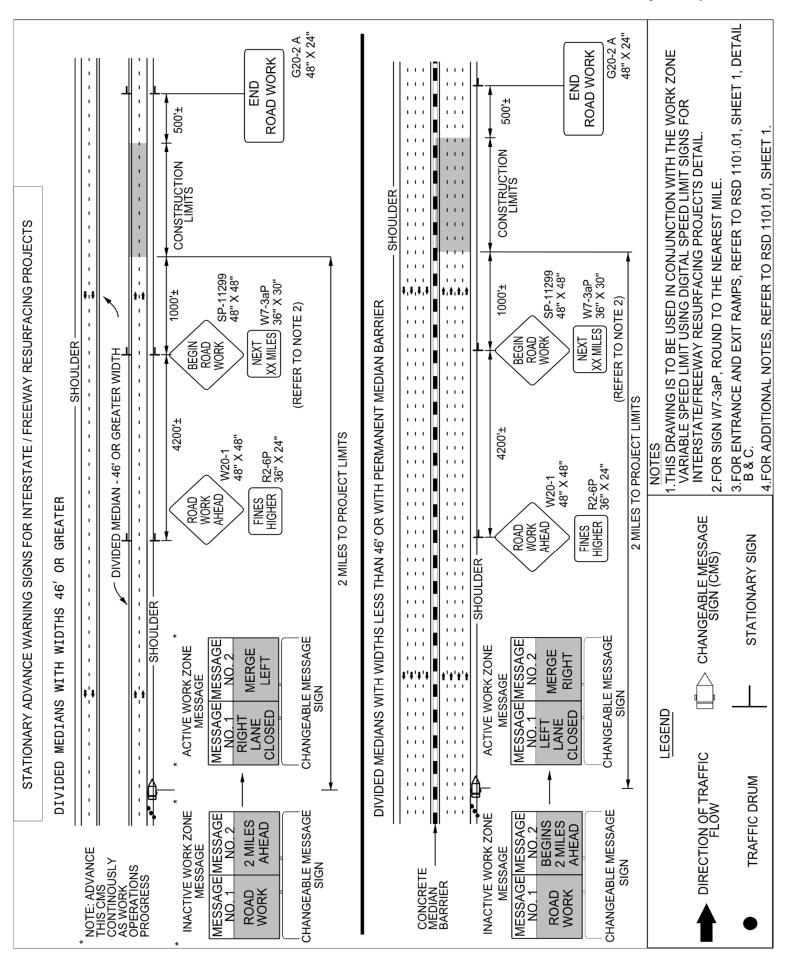
Measurement and payment for paint pavement marking lines, paint pavement marking symbols, removal of pavement marking lines will be according to Section 1250-10.

Measurement and payment for law enforcement will be made and paid as the actual number of hours each Law Enforcement Officer provides during the life of the project as approved by the Engineer.

Digital Speed Limit Signs, Sequential Flashing Warning Lights, and Work Zone Presence Lighting are paid separately.

Payment will be made under:

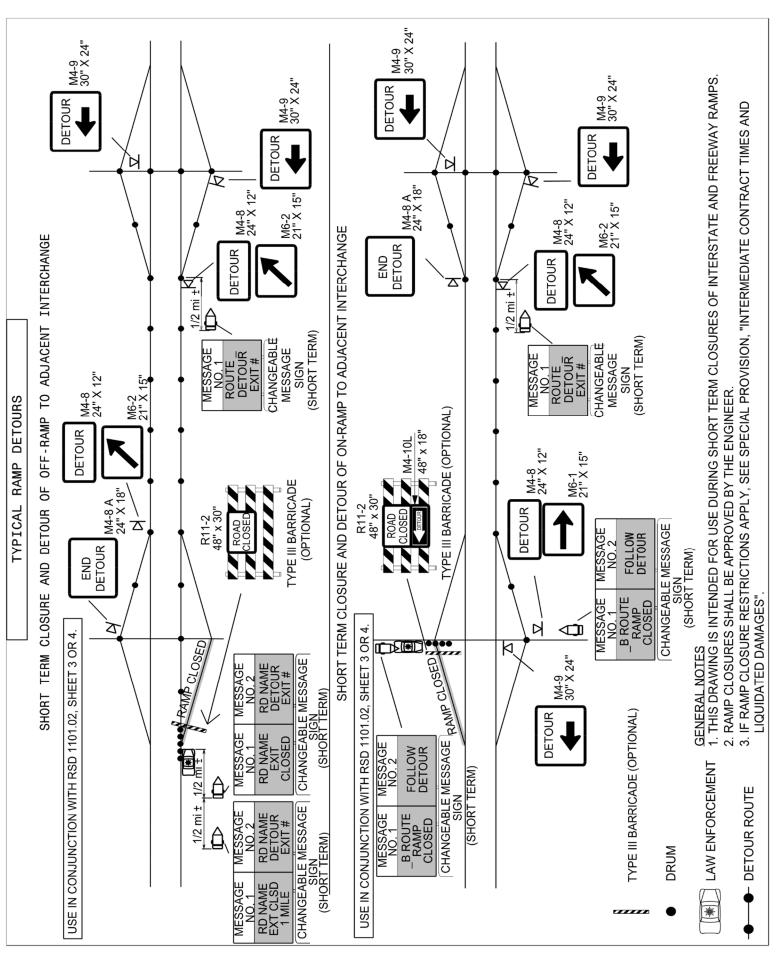
| Pay Item                              | Pay Unit |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Work Zone Signs (Stationary)          | SF       |
| Single Lane Closure                   | EA       |
| Double Lane Closure                   | EA       |
| Triple Lane Closure                   | EA       |
| Ramp/Loop Closure                     | EA       |
| Paint Pavement Marking Lines (")      | LF       |
| Paint Pavement Marking Symbols        | EA       |
| Removal of Pavement Marking Lines (") | LF       |
| Law Enforcement                       | HR       |



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## **TC-11**

#### Mecklenburg County



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#### Mecklenburg County

## WORK ZONE PRESENCE LIGHTING:

(05/31/18)

#### DESCRIPTION

Furnish and install Work Zone Presence Lighting to supplement the Contractor's construction/task (Portable Construction Lighting) and equipment lighting during nightly work activities on high speed (greater than 55 MPH) facilities and/or facilities that have significant traffic volumes and impacts. The purpose of Work Zone Presence Lighting is to alert the motorist to the existence of an active work zone, improve worker visibility, and to assist in compliance of the work zone speed limit by providing lighting throughout the length of the lane closure.

#### MATERIALS

Anti-glare lighting systems are required. Work Zone Presence Lighting is in addition to the Contractors' Portable Construction Lighting. Work Zone Presence Lighting shall be installed in accordance with the attached detail and Manufacturer's recommendations.

All Work Zone Presence Lighting shall be supplied with a power source to provide the light output as described in the chart below.

Each light unit shall be capable of providing a minimum of 14,000 lumens illuminating a minimum area of approximately 3,000 square feet. The light shall be capable of being elevated to a height of 14 feet above the pavement.

Each light unit support base or mounting stand shall have the capability of being leveled.

Provide Work Zone Presence Lighting listed on the NCDOT APL.

#### **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

The purpose of Work Zone Presence Lighting is to illuminate areas of the lane closure where construction/task lights are not located. Typical use is during lane closures for resurfacing and milling operations in locations where the pavement is being prepped for paving or milling, as well as where these operations have passed through that involve remaining work items such as rolling, coring/inspecting, shoulder and striping activities.

In addition, Work Zone Presence Lighting is permitted to be installed after the necessary traffic control has been installed for the lane closure(s). Once the lane(s) is closed and the Contractor's operations have begun, the Work Zone Presence Lights can be installed according to the installation locations below.

At the end of the work night, the Work Zone Presence Lights may be removed, up to 1 hour, before the lane closure(s) is removed or removed after the lane(s) has been reopened since the lights are located outside of the travel lanes and do not give any misinformation to the traveling public.

Immediately replace any lighting unit that is not operational.

#### **Installation Locations**

#### **1. Standard Lane Closure Lengths of 2 miles or less**

Position #1: Initially, place the work zone presence lighting starting 1 mile downstream of the merge taper and continue until the end of the lane closure. See attached detail-Position #1.

Position #2: Once paving operations progress to the point where the construction/task lighting has to be relocated to finish paving for the night, the Work Zone Presence Lighting shall be relocated to the beginning of the lane closure. See Attached Drawing-Position #2.

#### 2. Lane Closures exceeding 2 miles (Must be approved by the Engineer)

Single Work Operations: If the lane closure is longer than 2 miles within a single work operation, begin installing the work zone presence lighting at the halfway point of the lane closure length and continue placing the lights until the end of the lane closure. Same procedure for relocation shall be followed as described above.

#### **3.** Multiple Work Operations exceeding 2 miles (Must be approved by the Engineer)

If the lane closure is longer than 2 miles and 2 separate operations are working concurrently, treat as 2 separate locations. The Work Zone Presence Lights are installed at the halfway point in each operation. The lights in the  $1^{st}$  operation will end where the  $2^{nd}$  operation begins. The lights in the  $2^{nd}$  operation will terminate with the end of the lane closure. Same procedure for relocation shall be followed as described above.

#### **Lighting Unit Installation Requirements**

The lighting units shall be installed inside the lane closure as shown on the attached detail and spaced according to the chart below:

| Light Output<br>(Lumens) | Illuminated Fixture<br>Area-Minimum<br>(Square Feet) | Maximum<br>Spacing<br>(Feet) | Light Units<br>(Per Mile) |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 14,000 to 35,000         | 4'   | 750'                         | 7                         |
| 35,001 to 59,999         | 5'   | 1,000'                       | 5                         |
| 60,000 and above         | 6' or greater  | 1,320                        | 4                         |

#### SPACING CHART

Whenever possible, each light unit shall be placed on the 10' paved shoulder according to the above spacing based on the amount of light output for each unit.

Each light unit shall be installed and moved as necessary to allow for efficient paving operations to take place as well as to not interfere with the Contractor's ability to light the work area. At no time shall Work Zone Presence Lighting be located in the same area as the Contractor's construction/task lighting or conflict with his work operations.

If the Contractor provides sufficient construction/task lighting to meet the luminance requirements of Section 1413-3 for the full length of the lane closure or if sufficient existing overhead lighting is present, Work Zone Presence Lighting may be eliminated as directed by the Engineer.

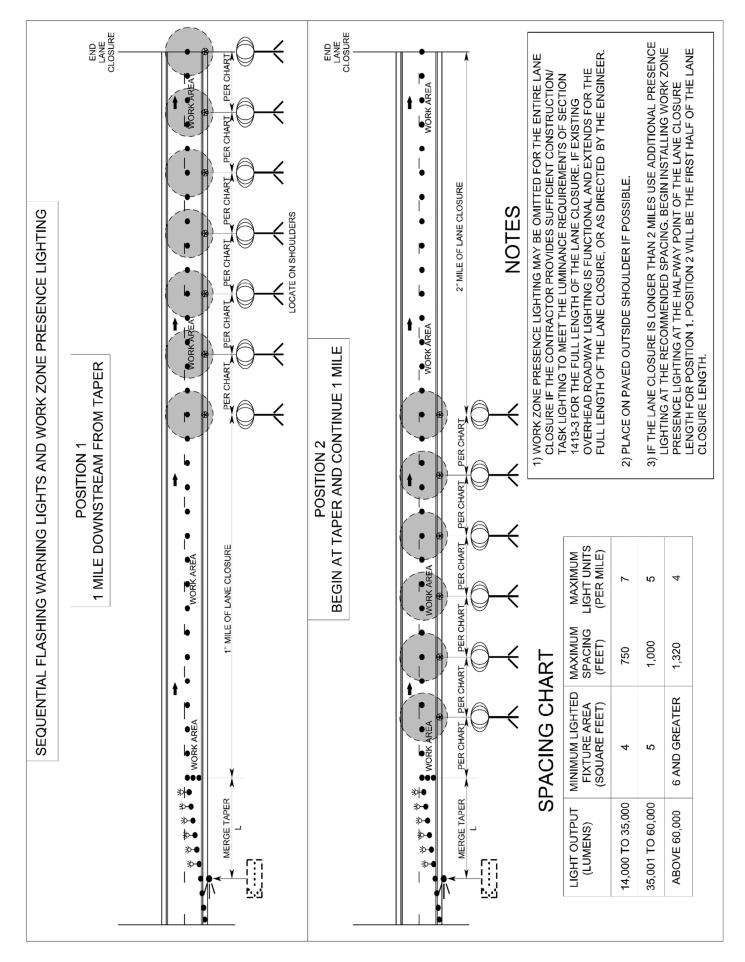
#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Work Zone Presence Lighting* will be measured and paid as the maximum number of lighting units satisfactorily placed, accepted by the Engineer, and in use at any one time during the life of the project.

Relocation, replacement, repair, removal, and maintenance of Work Zone Presence Lighting units will be incidental to the work of this section. No measurement or separate payment will be made for power generators, batteries, or other power supply devices.

**Pay Item** Work Zone Presence Lighting Pay Unit Each I-5769

#### Mecklenburg County



# **SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS:** (10/08/2016)

#### Description

Furnish and install Sequential Flashing Warning Lights on drums used for merging tapers during nightly work activities.

The purpose of these lights is to assist the motorist in determining which direction to merge when approaching a lane closure. It's also designed to reduce the number of late merges resulting in devices being struck and having to be reset to maintain positive guidance at the merge point. The successive flashing of the lights shall occur from the upstream end of the merging taper to the downstream end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path.

#### Materials

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall meet all of the requirements for warning lights within the current edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

Each light unit shall be capable of operating fully and continuously for a minimum of 200 hours when equipped with a standard battery set.

Each light in the sequence shall be flashed at a rate of not less than 55 times per minute and not more than 75 times per minute. The flash rate and flash duration shall be consistent throughout the sequence.

Supply a Type 3 Certification (Independent Test Lab results) documenting all actual test results for the specified parameters contained in the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE's) *Purchase Specification for Flashing and Steady Burn Warning Lights*. The laboratory shall also identify all manufacturer codes and part numbers for the incandescent lamp or LED clusters, lenses, battery, and circuitry, and the total width of the light with the battery in place. The complete assembly shall be certified as crashworthy when firmly affixed to the channelizing device.

All Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be on the NCDOT Work Zone Traffic Control Approved Products List.

#### **Construction Methods**

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights are to be used for night time lane closures.

These lights shall flash sequentially beginning with the first light and continuing until the final light.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically flash in sequence when placed on the drums that form the merging taper.

I-5769

The number of lights used in the drum taper shall equal the number of drums used in the taper.

Drums are the only channelizing device allowed to mount sequential flashing warning lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be weather independent and visual obstructions shall not interfere with the operation of the lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically sequence when placed in line in an open area with a distance between lights of 10 to 100 feet. A 10 foot stagger in the line of lights shall have no adverse effect on the operation of the lights.

If one light fails, the flashing sequence shall continue. If more than 1 light fails, all of the lights are to be automatically turned to the "off" mode. Non-sequential flashing is prohibited.

When lane closures are not in effect, the Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be deactivated.

#### Measurement and Payment

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights will be measured and paid as the maximum number of sequential flashing warning lights satisfactorily installed and properly functioning at any one time during the life of the project.

This includes all materials and labor to install, maintain and remove all the Sequential Flashing Warning Lights.

#### Pay Item

Sequential Flashing Warning Lights

Pay Unit Each

WORK AREA × MERGE TAPER \_ SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS W20-5 R 48" X 48" 1000 RIGHT LANE CLOSED  $\nabla$  $\nabla$ 750' I 1500' W4-2R 48" X 48" V  $\nabla$ MEDIAN 2700' W20-5 R 48" X 48" RIGHT LANE CLOSED  $\nabla$  $\nabla$ Î t

(West)

#### **Project Special Provisions Erosion Control**

# **STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:** (3-11-2016)

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective April 1, 2019 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HOW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

#### **SEEDING AND MULCHING:**

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

Shoulder and Median Areas

| August 1 - June 1 |                    | May 1 - September 1 |                           |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 20#               | Kentucky Bluegrass | 20#                 | Kentucky Bluegrass        |
| 75#               | Hard Fescue        | 75#                 | Hard Fescue               |
| 25#               | Rye Grain          | 10#                 | German or Browntop Millet |
| 500#              | Fertilizer         | 500#                | Fertilizer                |
| 4000#             | Limestone          | 4000#               | Limestone                 |

Areas Beyond the Mowing Pattern, Waste and Borrow Areas:

| August 1 - June 1 |                    | May 1 - September 1 |                           |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 100#              | Tall Fescue        | 100#                | Tall Fescue               |
| 15#               | Kentucky Bluegrass | 15#                 | Kentucky Bluegrass        |
| 30#               | Hard Fescue        | 30#                 | Hard Fescue               |
| 25#               | Rye Grain          | 10#                 | German or Browntop Millet |
| 500#              | Fertilizer         | 500#                | Fertilizer                |
| 4000#             | Limestone          | 4000#               | Limestone                 |

## **EC-2**

## Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

| 06 Dust                    | Escalade        | Justice         | Serengeti          |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Millennium | Essential       | Kalahari        | Shelby             |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> Millennium | Evergreen 2     | Kitty Hawk 2000 | Sheridan           |
| Apache III                 | Falcon IV       | Legitimate      | Signia             |
| Avenger                    | Falcon NG       | Lexington       | Silver Hawk        |
| Barlexas                   | Falcon V        | LSD             | Sliverstar         |
| Barlexas II                | Faith           | Magellan        | Shenandoah Elite   |
| Bar Fa                     | Fat Cat         | Matador         | Sidewinder         |
| Barrera                    | Festnova        | Millennium SRP  | Skyline            |
| Barrington                 | Fidelity        | Monet           | Solara             |
| Barrobusto                 | Finelawn Elite  | Mustang 4       | Southern Choice II |
| Barvado                    | Finelawn Xpress | Ninja 2         | Speedway           |
| Biltmore                   | Finesse II      | Ol' Glory       | Spyder LS          |
| Bingo                      | Firebird        | Olympic Gold    | Sunset Gold        |
| Bizem                      | Firecracker LS  | Padre           | Taccoa             |
| Blackwatch                 | Firenza         | Patagonia       | Tanzania           |
| Blade Runner II            | Five Point      | Pedigree        | Trio               |
| Bonsai                     | Focus           | Picasso         | Tahoe II           |
| Braveheart                 | Forte           | Piedmont        | Talladega          |
| Bravo                      | Garrison        | Plantation      | Tarheel            |
| Bullseye                   | Gazelle II      | Proseeds 5301   | Terrano            |
| Cannavaro                  | Gold Medallion  | Prospect        | Titan ltd          |
| Catalyst                   | Grande 3        | Pure Gold       | Titanium LS        |
| Cayenne                    | Greenbrooks     | Quest           | Tracer             |
| Cessane Rz                 | Greenkeeper     | Raptor II       | Traverse SRP       |
| Chipper                    | Gremlin         | Rebel Exeda     | Tulsa Time         |
| Cochise IV                 | Greystone       | Rebel Sentry    | Turbo              |
| Constitution               | Guardian 21     | Rebel IV        | Turbo RZ           |
| Corgi                      | Guardian 41     | Regiment II     | Tuxedo RZ          |
| Corona                     | Hemi            | Regenerate      | Ultimate           |
| Coyote                     | Honky Tonk      | Rendition       | Venture            |
| Darlington                 | Hot Rod         | Rhambler 2 SRP  | Umbrella           |
| Davinci                    | Hunter          | Rembrandt       | Van Gogh           |
| Desire                     | Inferno         | Reunion         | Watchdog           |
| Dominion                   | Innovator       | Riverside       | Wolfpack II        |
| Dynamic                    | Integrity       | RNP             | Xtremegreen        |
| Dynasty                    | Jaguar 3        | Rocket          |                    |
| Endeavor                   | Jamboree        | Scorpion        |                    |
|                            |                 |                 |                    |

| 1.0           | D1 V-1+     | C1. 1.4.      | Oracantana I.a |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 4-Season      | Blue Velvet | Gladstone     | Quantum Leap   |
| Alexa II      | Blueberry   | Granite       | Rambo          |
| America       | Boomerang   | Hampton       | Rhapsody       |
| Apollo        | Brilliant   | Harmonie      | Rhythm         |
| Arcadia       | Cabernet    | Impact        | Rita           |
| Aries         | Champagne   | Jefferson     | Royce          |
| Armada        | Champlain   | Juliet        | Rubicon        |
| Arrow         | Chicago II  | Jump Start    | Rugby II       |
| Arrowhead     | Corsair     | Keeneland     | Shiraz         |
| Aura          | Courtyard   | Langara       | Showcase       |
| Avid          | Delight     | Liberator     | Skye           |
| Award         | Diva        | Madison       | Solar Eclipse  |
| Awesome       | Dynamo      | Mercury       | Sonoma         |
| Bandera       | Eagleton    | Midnight      | Sorbonne       |
| Barduke       | Emblem      | Midnight II   | Starburst      |
| Barnique      | Empire      | Moon Shadow   | Sudden Impact  |
| Baroness      | Envicta     | Moonlight SLT | Total Eclipse  |
| Barrister     | Everest     | Mystere       | Touche         |
| Barvette HGT  | Everglade   | Nu Destiny    | Tsunami        |
| Bedazzled     | Excursion   | NuChicago     | Unique         |
| Belissimo     | Freedom II  | NuGlade       | Valor          |
| Bewitched     | Freedom III | Odyssey       | Voyager II     |
| Beyond        | Front Page  | Perfection    | Washington     |
| Blacksburg II | Futurity    | Pinot         | Zinfandel      |
| Blackstone    | Gaelic      | Princeton 105 |                |
| Blue Note     | Ginney II   | Prosperity    |                |
| 21401000      |             | respond       |                |

#### Approved Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars:

#### Approved Hard Fescue Cultivars:

| Aurora II   | Eureka II | Oxford     | Scaldis II |
|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Aurora Gold | Firefly   | Reliant II | Spartan II |
| Berkshire   | Granite   | Reliant IV | Stonehenge |
| Bighorn GT  | Heron     | Rescue 911 |            |
| Chariot     | Nordic    | Rhino      |            |

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper add 20# Sericea Lespedeza January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

#### **TEMPORARY SEEDING:**

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. German Millet, or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and rye grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

#### FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:

Fertilizer used for topdressing shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, and the rate of application may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

#### **MOWING:**

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be six inches.

#### **CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS MANAGEMENT:**

(3-19-19) (rev. 04-24-19)

#### Description

The requirements set forth shall be adhered to in order to meet the applicable materials handling requirements of the NCG010000 permit. Structural controls installed to manage construction materials stored or used on site shall be shown on the E&SC Plan. Requirements for handling materials on construction sites shall be as follows:

#### **Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and Flocculants**

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and flocculants shall be stored in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures designed to protect adjacent surface waters. PAMS or other flocculants used shall be selected from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants The concentration of PAMS and other flocculants used shall not exceed those specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants is available at:

 $\frac{https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Water\%20Quality/Environmental\%20Sciences/ATU/ApprovedPAMS}{4\_1\_2017.pdf}$ 

#### **Equipment Fluids**

Fuels, lubricants, coolants, and hydraulic fluids, and other petroleum products shall be handled and disposed of in a manner so as not to enter surface or ground waters and in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations. Equipment used on the site must be operated and maintained properly to prevent discharge of fluids. Equipment, vehicle, and other wash waters shall not be discharged into E&SC basins or other E&SC devices. Alternative controls should be provided such that there is no discharge of soaps, solvents, or detergents.

#### Waste Materials

Construction materials and land clearing waste shall be disposed of in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 130A, Article 9 - Solid Waste Management, and rules governing the disposal of solid waste (15A NCAC 13B). Areas dedicated for managing construction material and land clearing waste shall be at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. Paint and other liquid construction material waste shall not be dumped into storm drains. Paint and other liquid construction waste washouts should be located at least 50 away from storm drain inlets unless there is no alternative. Other options are to install lined washouts or use portable, removable bags or bins. Hazardous or toxic waste shall be managed in accordance with the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and NC Hazardous Waste Rules at 15A NCAC, Subchapter 13A. Litter and sanitary waste shall be managed in a manner to prevent it from entering jurisdictional waters and shall be disposed of offsite.

#### Herbicide, Pesticide, and Rodenticides

Herbicide, pesticide, and rodenticides shall be stored and applied in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, North Carolina Pesticide Law of 1971 and labeling restrictions.

#### **Concrete Materials**

Concrete materials onsite, including excess concrete, must be controlled and managed to avoid contact with surface waters, wetlands or buffers. No concrete or cement slurry shall be discharged from the site. (Note that discharges from onsite concrete plants require coverage under a separate NPDES permit – NCG140000.) Concrete wash water shall be managed in accordance with the Concrete Washout Structure provision. Concrete slurry shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with NCDOT DGS and HOS DCAR Distribution of Class A Residuals Statewide (Permit No. WQ0035749). Any hardened concrete residue will be disposed of, or recycled on site, in accordance with state solid waste regulations.

#### **Earthen Material Stock Piles**

Earthen material stock piles shall be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

Conditions set within the Construction Materials Management provision are incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made

#### **CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE:**

(01-03-19)

#### Description

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete wash water.

#### Materials

ItemSectionTemporary Silt Fence1605

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil think geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### **Construction Methods**

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment. Post a sign with the words "Concrete Washout" in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel. Install safety fence as directed for visibility to construction traffic.

The construction details for the above grade and below grade concrete washout structures can be found on the following web page link:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/SoilWaterDocuments/ConcreteWashoutStructuredetail. pdf

Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.

The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

#### Maintenance and Removal

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Concrete Washout Structure* will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details are approved then those details will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

*Temporary Silt Fence* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Concrete Washout Structure

Each

#### SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:

#### Description

*Safety Fence* shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

#### Materials

(A) Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end, and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length, and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb/ft of length.

#### (B) Boundary Flagging

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

#### **Construction Methods**

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

#### (A) Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. Posts shall be installed a minimum of 2 ft. into the ground. If hand set,

all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(5) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

## EC-10

#### **Measurement and Payment**

*Safety Fence* will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Safety Fence **Pay Unit** Linear Foot

#### WATTLE:

#### Description

Wattles are tubular products consisting of excelsior fibers encased in synthetic netting. Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of wattles, matting installation, and removing wattles.

#### Materials

Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

| 100% Curled Wood (Excelsior) Fibers |                                  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Minimum Diameter                    | 12 in.                           |  |  |
| Minimum Density                     | 2.5 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> +/- 10%   |  |  |
| Net Material                        | Synthetic                        |  |  |
| Net Openings                        | 1 in. x 1 in.                    |  |  |
| Net Configuration                   | Totally Encased                  |  |  |
| Minimum Weight                      | 20 lb. +/- 10% per 10 ft. length |  |  |

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

#### **Construction Methods**

Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in. projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

The Contractor shall maintain the wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### Measurement and Payment

*Wattle* will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Wattle*.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Wattle Pay Unit Linear Foot

## **BP-1**

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#### STRUCTURE PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### SCOPE OF WORK

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials to overlay the existing bridge deck with polyester polymer concrete overlay, repair substructure, replace joints, and clean and paint structural steel as directed in the plans. Work includes: portable lighting; existing bridge deck surface preparation by scarification and shotblasting the existing bridge deck; overlaying the prepared bridge deck with polyester polymer concrete; installation of foam joint seals; grooving bridge deck; pavement markings; substructure repair using concrete and shotcrete; removal, containment, and disposal of the existing structural steel paint system; preparation of the surface to be painted and application of the new structural steel paint system; slope repair; replacing missing utility covers; placing concrete collars around exposed end bent piles; disposal of demolition and waste material; seeding and mulching all grassed areas disturbed; and all incidental items necessary to complete the project as specified and shown on the plans. No separate payment will be made for portable lighting as the cost of such is incidental to the work being performed.

Work will be performed on the existing bridges at the following locations in Mecklenburg County:

- 1.) Bridge #221 I-77 NBL over US 29, and NC 27 (Morehead Street)
- 2.) Bridge #222 I-77 SBL over US 29, and NC 27 (Morehead Street)
- 3.) Bridge #227 I-77 over Irwin Creek and Stewart Creek Greenway
- 4.) Bridge #230 I-77 NBL over Fourth Street
- 5.) Bridge #231 I-77 SBL over Fourth Street
- 6.) Bridge #241 I-77 NBL over West Trade Street
- 7.) Bridge #243 I-77 SBL over West Trade Street

The contractor shall provide all necessary access; underdeck platforms, scaffolding, ladders, etc.; provide all traffic control; provide all staging areas, material storage, waste disposal; provide environmental controls to limit loss of materials from sawing equipment, and chipping equipment; and all else necessary to complete the work.

The contractor shall be responsible for fulfilling all requirements of the NCDOT Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures dated January 2018, except as otherwise specified herein.

#### PAINTING EXISTING STRUCTURE

#### DESCRIPTION

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials necessary to clean and paint the structural steel of the existing bridge. Work includes: removal, containment and disposal of the existing paint system; preparation of the surface to be painted and applying the new paint system; a containment enclosure; and any incidentals necessary to complete the project as specified and shown on the plans.

#### **TWELVE-MONTH OBSERVATION PERIOD**

The Contractor maintains responsibility for the coating system for a 12-month observation period beginning upon the satisfactory completion of all the work required in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall guarantee the coating system under the payment and performance bond (refer to Article 109-10 of the *Standard Specifications*). To complete successfully the observation period, the coating system shall meet the following requirements after 12 months service:

(A) No visible rust, contamination or application defect is observed in any coated area.

(B) Painted surfaces have a uniform color and gloss.

(C) Painted surfaces have an adhesion that meets an ASTM D3359, 3A rating.

Final acceptance is made only after the paint system meets the above requirements.

#### SUBMITTALS

Submit all of the following to the Engineer for review and approval before scheduling the preconstruction meeting. Allow at least two (2) weeks for the review process.

(A) The existing paint systems include toxic substances such as red lead oxide, which are considered hazardous if improperly removed. The contractor shall be currently Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC) Quality Program (QP) 2, Category A certified, and have successfully completed lead paint removal and field painting on similar structures within 18 months prior to this bid. Lead abatement work completed within the 18 month period shall have been completed in accordance with contract specifications, free of citation from safety or environmental agencies. Lead abatement work shall include, but not be limited to: abrasive blasting; waste handling, storage and disposal; worker safety during lead abatement activities (fall protection, personal protective equipment (PPE), etc.); and containment. This requirement is in addition to the contractor pre-qualification requirements covered by Article 102-2 of the *Standard Specifications*.

The apparent low bidder shall submit a list of projects for which QP 2 work was performed within the last 18 months including owner contact information and submit to the Engineer a "Lead Abatement Affidavit". See link for form:

<u>https://www.ncdot.gov/initiatives-</u> policies/Transportation/bridges/Documents/leadabatementaffidavit.pdf</u>.

(B) Work schedule which shall be kept up to date, with a copy of the revised schedule being provided to the Engineer in a timely manner.

- (C) Containment system plans and design calculations in accordance with SSPC Guide 6, Class 2A and other project requirements, signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed by the State of North Carolina.
- (D) Bridge wash water sampling and disposal plan.
- (E) Subcontractor identification.
- (F) Lighting plan for night work in accordance with Section 1413 of the Standard Specifications.
- (G) Traffic control plan with NCDOT certified supervisors, flaggers and traffic control devices.
- (H) Health and safety plan addressing at least the required topics as specified by the SSPC QP 1 and QP 2 program and including hazard communication, respiratory health, emergency procedures, and local hospital and treatment facilities with directions and phone numbers, disciplinary criteria for workers who violate the plan and accident investigation. The plan shall address the following: hazardous materials, personal protective equipment, general health and safety, occupational health and environmental controls, fire protection and prevention, signs signals, and barricades, materials handling, storage, use, and disposal, hand and power tools, welding and cutting, electrical, scaffolds, fall protection, cranes, derricks, hoists, elevators, and conveyors, ladders, toxic and hazardous substances, airless injection and high pressure water jet (HPWJ).
- (I) Provide the Engineer a letter of certification that all employees performing work on the project have blood lead levels that are below the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) action level.
- (J) Provide the Engineer with Competent Person qualifications and summary of work experience.
- (K) Environmental Compliance Plan.
- (L) Quality Control Plan (Project Specific) with quality control qualifications and summary of work experience.
- (M) Bridge and Public Protection Plan (Overspray, Utilities, etc. Project/Task Specific).
- (N) Abrasive Blast Media:
  - (1) Product Data Sheet.
  - (2) Blast Media Test Reports in accordance with Article 1080-12 of the *Standard Specification*.
- (O) Coating Material:
  - (1) NCDOT HICAMS Test Reports (testing performed by NCDOT Materials and Tests Unit).
  - (2) Product Data Sheets.
  - (3) Material Safety Data Sheets.
  - (4) Product Specific Repair Procedures.
  - (5) Acceptance letters from paint manufacturer's for work practices that conflict with special provisions and/or paint manufactures product data sheets.

#### **PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING**

Submittals shall be reviewed and approved by the Engineer prior to scheduling the preconstruction meeting. Allow no less than two (2) weeks for a review process. When requesting a pre-construction meeting, contact the Engineer at least seven (7) working days in advance of the desired pre-construction date. The contractor's project supervisor, Competent Person, quality control personnel and certified traffic control supervisor shall be in attendance at the pre-construction meeting in order for the Contractor and NCDOT team to establish responsibilities for various personnel during project duration and to establish realistic timeframes for problem escalation.

#### CONTAINMENT SYSTEM

Prior to performing any construction or painting operations on the structure, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with plans and design calculations for a sufficiently designed containment system, which will provide access for any repairs on structural steel members, cleaning and surface preparations for structural steel members, and coating operations for structural steel members of the bridge. The containment system shall not be installed, and no work shall begin, until the Engineer has reviewed and approved, in writing, the submitted containment system plans and design calculations. Containment system plans and design calculations shall be prepared, sealed, and signed by a Professional Engineer licensed by the State of North Carolina. Allow a minimum of two (2) weeks for review of the containment plans and calculations.

The containment system shall meet or exceed the requirements of Class 2A containment in accordance with SSPC Guide 6. The Contractor shall determine the required capacity of the containment system, which, at a minimum, shall include loads due to wind, repair materials and repair operations, equipment, and tools; however, the capacity shall not be less than that required by Federal or State regulations. Design steel members to meet the requirements of the *American Institute of Steel Construction Manual*. Design timber members in accordance with the *National Design Specification for Stress-Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings* of the National Forest Products Association. The containment system shall be constructed of materials capable of withstanding damage from any of the work required on this project and shall provide a two (2) hour resistance to fire.

In the containment system plans, describe how debris is contained and collected. Describe the type of tarpaulin, bracing materials, and the maximum designed wind load. Design wind loads shall be in accordance with the Falsework and Formwork special provision. Describe the dust collection system and how a negative pressure of 0.03 inches of water column is maintained inside the enclosure, while blasting operations are being conducted. Describe how the airflow inside the containment structure is designed to meet all applicable OSHA Standards. Describe how water run-off from rain will be routed by or through the enclosure. Describe how wash water will be contained and paint chips separated. Describe what physical containment will be provided during painting application to protect the public and areas not to be painted.

Drilling holes in the superstructure for the purpose of attaching the containment system is prohibited.

The Contractor will be responsible for certifying the containment system has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans.

The containment system shall be cleaned after each workday.

Upon completion of work, remove all anchorages in the substructure and repair the substructure at no additional cost to the Department.

Protect non-metallic parts of bearings from blasting and painting (i.e.: Pot Bearings, Elastomeric Pads, and Disc Bearings).

#### WASH WATER SAMPLING AND DISPOSAL PLAN

All wash water shall be collected and sampled prior to disposal. Representative sampling and testing methodology shall conform to North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 02B.0103, "Analytical Procedures". Wash water shall be tested for pollutants listed in 15A NCAC 02B.0211(3), 15A NCAC 02T.0505(b)(1) and 15A NCAC 2T.0905(h). Depending on the test results, wash water disposal methods shall be described in the disposal plan. Wash water shall be disposed of in accordance with all current Federal and State regulations. See link for NCDOT Guidelines for Managing Bridge Wash Water:

https://www.ncdot.gov/initiatives-policies/Transportation/bridges/Documents/WashWater.pdf

#### WASTE HANDLING OF PAINT AND ABRASIVES

Comply with all Federal, State, and local regulations. Failure to comply with the regulations could result in fines and loss of qualified status with NCDOT.

Comply with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA - 40 CFR 261 - 265) and the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA - 29 CFR 1910 - 1926) regulations for employee training, and for the handling, storage, labeling, recordkeeping, reporting, inspections and disposal of all hazardous waste generated during paint removal.

A summary of Generator Requirements is available at the above NCDOT web link, which cites the specific regulations for each Generator category. Quantities of waste by weight and dates of waste generation shall be recorded. Waste stored at the project site shall be properly labeled. All waste, hazardous or non-hazardous, requires numbered shipping manifests.

The North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) have adopted RCRA as the North Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Rules and are responsible for enforcement. The Hazardous Waste Generator Compliance Manual is published by the Compliance Branch of the Management NCDEQ, Division of Waste of and can be found at: https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Waste%20Management/DWM/HW/Compliance/Generator%20Compli ance%20Manual.pdf

Immediately after award of the contract, arrange for waste containers, sampling, testing, transportation, and disposal of all waste. No work shall begin until the Contractor furnishes the Engineer with a written waste disposal plan. Any alternative method for handling waste shall be pre-approved by the Engineer. Use an approved waste management company from the following link:

https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/results.html?sap-

params=cD0xJTIwJmN1cnJlbnRfc2VhcmNoX3BhZ2U9d2Mmc2VsZWN0aW9uX2Zpcm1fbm FtZT0mc2VsZWN0aW9uX2NlcnQ9JnNlbGVjdGlvbl9maXJtdHlwZT0meXNjX2Zpcm10eXBl PSZzZWxlY3Rpb25fd29ya2xvY2F0aW9uPSZ5c2Nfd29ya2xvY2F0aW9uPSZzZWxlY3Rpb25f YWRkcnN0YXRIPSZ5c2NfYWRkcnN0YXRIPSZzZWxlY3Rpb25fYWRkcmNvdW50eT0meX NjX2FkZHJjb3VudHk9JnNlbGVjdGlvbl93a2NvZGU9MDAzMDQwJnlzY193a2NvZGU9MD AzMDQwJTIwQ090VEFNSU5BVEVEJTIwTUFURVJJQUxTJTIwUkVNT1ZBTCZzZWxlY3 Rpb25fZGlzYz0meXNjX2Rpc2M9JnNlbGVjdGlvbl9uYWljcz0meXNjX25haWNzPSZzZWxlY 3Rpb25fY3R5cGU9MA%3d%3d All removed paint and spent abrasive media shall be tested for lead following the SW-846 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Method 1311 Extraction, as required in 40 CFR 261, Appendix 11, to determine whether it shall be disposed of as hazardous waste. Furnish the Engineer certified test reports showing TCLP results of the paint chips stored on site, with disposal in accordance with "Flowchart on Lead Waste Identification and Disposal" at: https://ncdenr.s3.amazonaws.com/s3fs-public/document-library/Lead%20Disposal.pdf

All sampling shall be done in presence of the Engineer's representative.

The Competent Person shall obtain composite samples from each barrel of the wash water and waste generated by collecting two or more portions taken at regularly spaced intervals during accumulation. Composite the portions into one sample for testing purposes. Acquire samples after 10% or before 90% of the barrel has accumulated. The intent is to provide samples that are representative of widely separated portions, but not the beginning and end of wash water or waste accumulation.

Perform sampling by passing a receptacle completely through the discharge stream or by completely diverting the discharge into a sample container. If discharge of the wash water or waste is too rapid to divert the complete discharge stream, discharge into a container or transportation unit sufficiently large to accommodate the flow and then accomplish the sampling in the same manner as described above.

Comply with the NCDEQ *Hazardous Waste Compliance Generator Manual*. Record quantities of waste by weight and dates of waste generation. Until test results are received, store all waste, and label as "NCDOT Bridge Paint Removal Waste - Pending Analysis" and include the date generated and contact information for the Engineer. Store waste containers in an enclosed, sealed, and secured storage container protected from traffic from all directions. Obtain approval for the protection plan for these containers from the Engineer. If adequate protection cannot be obtained by use of existing guardrail, provide the necessary supplies and equipment to maintain adequate protection. Once test results are received and characterized, label waste as either "Hazardous Waste - Pending Disposal" or "Paint Waste - Pending Disposal".

Once the waste has been collected, and the quantities determined, prepare the appropriate shipping documents and manifests and present them to the Engineer. The Engineer will verify the type and quantity of waste and obtain a Provisional Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ID number from:

Melodi Deaver Division of Waste Management/Hazardous Waste Section North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality 1646 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699 Phone: (919) 707-8204, Email: <u>melodi.deaver@ncdenr.gov</u>

At the time of shipping, the Engineer will sign, date, and add the ID number in the appropriate section on the manifest. The maximum on-site storage time for collected waste shall be 90 calendar days. All waste whether hazardous or non-hazardous will require numbered shipping manifests. The cost for waste disposal (including lab and Provisional EPA ID number) is included in the bid

price for this contract. Note NC Hazardous Waste Management Rules (15A NCAC 13A) for more information. Provisional EPA ID numbers may be obtained at: <a href="https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/waste-management/hw/provisional-notification">https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/waste-management/hw/provisional-notification</a>

Testing labs shall be certified in accordance with North Carolina State Laboratory Public Health Environmental Sciences. List of certified laboratories may be obtained at: <u>https://slphreporting.ncpublichealth.com/Certification/CertifiedLaboratory.asp</u>

All test results shall be documented on the lab analysis as follows:

(A) For leachable lead:

(1) Soils/Solid/Liquid- EPA 1311/200.7/6010

Area sampling will be performed for the first two (2) days at each bridge location. The area sample will be located within five (5) feet of the containment and where the highest probability of leakage will occur (access door, etc.). Results from the area sampling will be given to the Engineer within 72 hours of sampling (excluding weekends). If the results of the samples exceed  $20 \ \mu g/m^3$  corrective measures shall be taken and monitoring shall be continued until two (2) consecutive sample results are less than  $20 \ \mu g/m^3$ .

Time Weighted Average (TWA) may suspend the work if there are visible emissions outside the containment enclosure or pump monitoring results exceeding the level of  $30 \,\mu g/m^3$ .

Where schools, housing and/or buildings are within 500 feet of the containment, the Contractor shall perform initial Total Suspended Monitoring (TSP) Lead monitoring for the first ten (10) days of the project during abrasive blasting, vacuuming and containment removal. Additional monitoring will be required during abrasive blasting two (2) days per month thereafter. Results of the TSP monitoring at any location shall not exceed  $1.5 \,\mu g/m^3$ .

#### **EQUIPMENT MOBILIZATION**

The equipment used in any travel lanes and paved shoulder shall be mobile equipment on wheels that has the ability to move on/off the roadway in less than 30 minutes. All work conducted in travel lanes shall be from truck or trailer supported platforms and all equipment shall be self-propelled or attached to a tow vehicle at all times.

#### **QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTOR**

Provide a quality control (QC) inspector in accordance with the SSPC QP guidelines to ensure that all processes, preparation, blasting and coating application are in accordance with the requirements of the contract. The inspector shall have written authority to perform QC duties to include continuous improvement of all QC internal procedures. The presence of the engineer or inspector at the work site shall in no way lessen the contractor's responsibility for conformity with the contract.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTOR**

The quality assurance inspector which may be a Department employee or a designated representative of the Department shall observe, document, assess, and report that the Contractor is complying with all of the requirements of the contract. Inspectors employed by the Department are authorized to inspect all work performed and materials furnished. Such inspection may extend

to all or any part of the work and to the preparation, fabrication, or manufacture of the materials to be used. The inspector is not authorized to alter or waive the requirements of the contract. Each stage in preparing the structure to be coated which includes but not limited to washing, blasting, coating testing and inspection shall be inspected and approved by the Engineer or an authorized representative.

#### SUBLETTING OF CONTRACT

Only contractors certified to meet SSPC QP 2, Category A, and have successfully completed lead paint removal and field painting on all similar structures within 18 months prior to this bid are qualified for this work. Work is only sublet by approval of the Engineer.

#### **PREPARATION OF SURFACES**

Before any other surface preparation is conducted, all surfaces shall be power washed to remove dust, salts, dirt, and other contaminants. All wash water shall be contained, collected, and tested in accordance with the requirements of NCDOT Guidelines for Managing Bridge Wash Water. Obtain approval of the Engineer and allow all cleaned surfaces to dry to the touch and without standing water before beginning surface preparation or painting activities.

Surface preparation is done with materials meeting Article 1080-12 of the *Standard Specifications*. No silica sand or other silica materials are permitted for use. The profile shall be between 1.0 and 3.0 mils when measured on a smooth steel surface. Conduct and document at least two (2) tests per beam/girder and two (2) tests per span of diaphragms/cross bracing.

Spread tarpaulins over all pavements and surfaces underneath equipment used for abrasive blasting as well as equipment and containers used to collect abrasive media. This requirement will be enforced during activity and inactivity of equipment.

Before the Contractor departs from the work site at the end of the workday, collect all debris generated during surface preparation and all dust collector hoses, tarps or other appurtenances containing blasting residue in approved containers.

Clean a 3" x 3" area at each structure to demonstrate the specified finish, and the inspector will preserve this area by covering it with tape, plastic or some other suitable means so that it can be retained as the Dry Film Thickness (DFT) gauge adjustment standard. An acceptable alternative is for the Contractor to provide a steel plate with similar properties and geometry as the substrate to be measured.

The contractor and or quality assurance representative shall notify the Engineer of any area of corroded steel that has lost more than 50% of its original thickness.

All parts of the bridges not to be painted and the travelling public shall be protected from overspray. Submit a plan to protect all parts of bridge that are not required to be painted and a plan to protect the traveling public and surrounding environment while applying all coats of paint to a structure.

Ensure that chloride levels on the surfaces are 7  $\mu$ g/cm<sup>2</sup> or lower using an acceptable sample method in accordance with SSPC Guide 15. The frequency of testing shall be two (2) tests per span after all surface preparation has been completed and immediately prior to painting. Select test

areas representing the greatest amount of corrosion in the span as determined by the Engineers' representative. Additional testing may be required if significant amounts of chloride are detected.

All weld splatter, slag or other surface defects resulting in a raised surface above the final paint layer shall be removed prior to application of primer coat.

#### PAINTING OF STEEL

Paint System 1, as specified in these special provisions and Article 442-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, is to be used for this work. System 1 is an inorganic zinc primer, two coats acrylic paint, and one stripe coat of acrylic paint over blast-cleaned surfaces in accordance with SSPC-SP-10 (Near White Blast). Perform all mixing operations over an impervious surface with provisions to prevent runoff to grade of any spilled material. The contractor is responsible for reporting quantities of thinner purchased as well the amounts used. No container with thinner shall be left uncovered, when not in use.

Apply 2" stripe coat, by brush or roller only, to all exposed edges of steel including fasteners before applying the finish coat. Locate the edge or corner in the approximate center of the paint stripe.

Any area where newly applied paint fails to meet the specifications shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor, at no additional cost to the Department. The Engineer approves all repair processes before the repair is made. Repaired areas shall meet the *Standard Specifications*. The Contractor applies an additional finish coat of paint to areas where the tape adhesion test is conducted.

#### MATERIALS

Only paint suppliers that have a NCDOT qualified inorganic zinc primer may furnish paints for this project. All paints applied to a structure shall be from the same supplier. Before any paints are applied the Contractor shall provide the Engineer a manufacturer's certification that each batch of paint meets the requirements of the applicable Section 1080 of the *Standard Specifications*.

The inspector randomly collects a one pint sample of each paint product used on the project. Additional samples may be collected as needed to verify compliance to the specifications.

Do not expose paint materials to rain, excessive condensation, long periods of direct sunlight, or temperatures above  $110^{\circ}$ F or below  $40^{\circ}$ F. In addition, the Contractor shall place a device that records the high, low, and current temperatures inside the storage location. Follow the manufacturer's storage requirements if more restrictive than the above requirements.

#### INSPECTION

Surface Preparation for System 1 shall be in accordance with SSPC SP-10. Any area(s) not meeting the requirements of SSPC SP-10 shall be remediated prior to application of coating. Surface inspection is considered ready for inspection when all blast abrasive, residue and dust is removed from surfaces to be coated.

#### (A) Quality Assurance Inspection

The Contractor furnishes all necessary OSHA approved apparatus such as ladders, scaffolds and platforms as required for the inspector to have reasonable and safe access to all parts of

## **BP-11**

the work. The contractor illuminates the surfaces to be inspected to a minimum of 50-foot candles of light. All access points shall be illuminated to a minimum of 20-foot candles of light.

NCDOT reserves the right for ongoing Quality Assurance (QA) inspection to include but not limited to surface contamination testing, adhesion pull testing, and DFT readings as necessary to assure quality.

Inform the Engineer and the Division Safety Engineer of all scheduled and unannounced inspections from SSPC, OSHA, EPA and/or others that come on site. Furnish the Engineer a copy of all inspection reports except for reports performed by a third party and or consultant on behalf of the Contractor.

#### (B) Inspection Instruments

At a minimum, furnish the following calibrated instruments and conduct the following quality control tests:

- (1) Sling Psychrometer ASTM E337 bulb type
- (2) Surface Temperature Thermometer
- (3) Wind Speed Indicator
- (4) Tape Profile Tester ASTM D4417 Method C
- (5) Surface Condition Standards SSPC VIS-1 and VIS-3
- (6) Wet Film Thickness Gage ASTM D4414
- (7) Dry Film Thickness Gage SSPC-PA2 Modified
- (8) Solvent Rub Test Kit ASTM D4752
- (9) Adhesion Test Kit ASTM D3359 Method A (Tape Test)
- (10) Adhesion Pull test ASTM D4541
- (11) Surface Contamination Analysis Kit or (Chloride Level Test Kit) SSPC Technology Guide 15
- (C) Quality Control

Maintain a daily quality control record in accordance with Subarticle 442-12(D) of the *Standard Specifications* and make such records available at the job site for review by the inspector and submit to the Engineer as directed. In addition to the information required on Form M&T-610, submit all Dry Film Thickness (DFT) readings on a form equivalent to Form M&T-611. These forms can be found at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Materials/Pages/Materials-Manual-by-Material.aspx?Order=MM-03-02

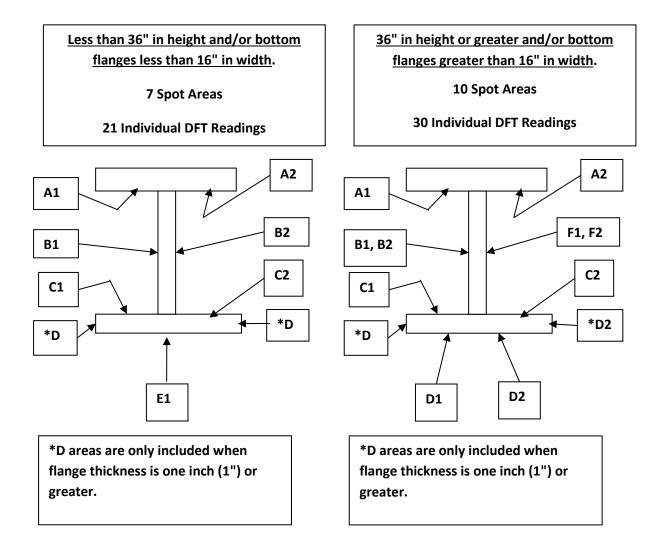
(1) Measure DFT at each spot on the attached diagram and at the required number of locations as specified below:

- (a) For span members less than 45 feet; three (3) random locations along each girder in each span.
- (b) For span members greater than 45 feet; add one additional location for each additional ten (10) feet in span length.

DFT measurements for the prime coat shall not be taken for record until the zinc primer has cured in accordance with ASTM D4752 (MEK Rub Test) with no less than a four (4) resistance rating.

Stiffeners and other attachments to beams and or plate girders shall be measured at no less than five (5) random spots per span. Also, dry film thickness is measured at no less than six (6) random spots per span on diaphragms/cross frames.

Each spot is an average of three (3) to five (5) individual gage readings as defined in SSPC PA-2. No spot average shall be less than 80% of minimum DFT for each layer applied; this does not apply to stripe coat application. Spot readings that are non-conforming shall be re-assessed by performing additional spot measurements not to exceed one-foot intervals on both sides of the low areas until acceptable spot averages are obtained. These non-conforming areas shall be corrected by the Contractor prior to applying successive coats.



- (2) Two (2) random adhesion tests (1 test = 3 dollies) per span are conducted on interior surfaces in accordance with ASTM D4541 (Adhesion Pull Test) after the prime coat has been properly cured in accordance with ASTM D4752 (MEK Rub Test) with no less than a four (4) resistance rating, and will be touched up by the Contractor. The required minimum average adhesion is 400 psi.
- (3) Cure of the intermediate and stripe coats shall be accessed by using the thumb test in accordance with ASTM D1640 (Curing Formation Test) prior to the application of any successive layers of paint.
- (4) One random Cut Tape adhesion test per span is conducted in accordance with ASTM D3359 (X-Cut Tape Test) on interior surface after the finish coat is cured. Repair areas shall be properly tapered and touched up by the Contractor.

#### SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE PLANS

Personnel access boundaries are delineated for each work site using signs, tape, cones, or other approved means. Submit copies of safety and environmental compliance plans that comply with SSPC QP 2 Certification requirements.

#### HEALTH AND SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES

This project may involve toxic metals such as arsenic, lead, cadmium and hexavalent chromium. It is the contractor's responsibility to test for toxic metals and if found, comply with the OSHA regulations, which may include medical testing.

Ensure a "Competent Person" as defined in OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62; one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them; is on site during all surface preparation activities and monitors the effectiveness of containment, dust collection systems and waste sampling. Before any work begins, provide a written summary of the Competent Person's safety training.

Comply with Subarticle 442-14(B) of the Standard Specifications.

Comply with Subarticle 442-14(D) of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure employee blood sampling test results are less than 50 micrograms per deciliter. Remove employees with a blood sampling test of 50 or more micrograms per deciliter from work activities involving any lead exposure.

An employee who has been removed with a blood level of 50 micrograms per deciliter or more shall have two (2) consecutive blood sampling tests spaced one week apart indicating that the employee's blood lead level is at or below 40 micrograms per deciliter before returning to work activities involving any lead exposure.

All OSHA recordable accidents that occur during the project duration are to be reported to the Engineer within twenty-four (24) hours of occurrence. In addition, for accidents that involve civilians or property damage that occurs within the work zone the Division Safety Engineer shall be notified immediately.

Prior to blasting operations, the Contractor shall have an operational OSHA approved hand wash station at each bridge location and a decontamination trailer at each bridge or between bridges unless the work is on the roadway, or the Contractor shall show reason why it is not feasible to do so and provide an alternative site as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall assure that all employees whose airborne exposure to lead is above the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) shall shower at the end of their work shift.

#### STORAGE OF PAINT AND EQUIPMENT

Provide a location for materials, equipment, and waste storage. Spread tarpaulins over all pavements and surfaces underneath equipment used for abrasive recycling and other waste handling equipment or containers. All land and or lease agreements that involve private property shall disclose to the property owner that heavy metals may be present on the Contractor's equipment. Prior to storing the Contractor's equipment on private property, provide a notarized written consent signed by the land owner received by the Engineer at least forty-eight (48) hours before using property. All storage of paint, solvents, and other materials applied to structures shall be stored in accordance with Subarticle 442-9(C) of the *Standard Specifications* or the manufacturers' requirements. The more restrictive requirements will apply.

#### UTILITIES

Protect all utility lines or mains that may be supported on, under, or adjacent to bridge work sites from damage and paint overspray.

#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The cost of inspection, surface preparation, and repainting the existing structure is included in the lump sum price bid for *Cleaning and Repainting of Bridge* #\_\_\_\_\_. This price is full compensation for furnishing all inspection equipment, all paint, cleaning abrasives, cleaning solvents and all other materials; preparing and cleaning surfaces to be painted; applying paint in the field; protecting work area, traffic and property; and furnishing blast cleaning equipment, paint spraying equipment, brushes, rollers, any other hand or power tools and any other equipment.

*Pollution Control* will be paid at the contract lump sum price which will be full compensation for all collection, handling, storage, air monitoring, and disposal of debris and wash water, all personal protective equipment, and all personal hygiene requirements, and all equipment, material and labor necessary for the daily collection of the blast debris into specified containers; and any measures necessary to ensure conformance to all safety and environmental regulations as directed by the Engineer.

*Painting Containment for Bridge* #\_\_\_\_ will be paid at the lump sum contract price and will be full compensation for the design, materials, installation, maintenance, and removal of the containment system.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item   | Pay Unit             |
|--|----------------------|
| Cleaning and Repainting of Bridge #<br>Pollution Control | Lump Sum<br>Lump Sum |
| Painting Containment for Bridge #                        | Lump Sum             |

#### SCOPE OF WORK

**Bridge #221**: This bridge was built in 1970 and carries I-77 NBL over US 29, and NC 27 (Morehead Street). The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 7 lines of steel W36x135 beams, and steel plate girders, @ 8'-0" spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 178'-6" with a concrete deck and a 54'-0" total deck width. The minimum vertical clearance is 16'-1". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **21,676** sq. ft.

**Bridge #222**: This bridge was built in 1970 and carries I-77 SBL over US 29, and NC 27 (Morehead Street). The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 7 lines of steel W36x135 beams, and steel plate girders, @ 8'-0" spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 178'-9" with a concrete deck and a 54'-0" total deck width. The minimum vertical

clearance is 16'-1". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **19,358** sq. ft.

**Bridge #227**: This bridge was built in 1972 and carries I-77 over the Irwin Creek and Stewart Creek Greenway. The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 9 lines of steel W36x135 steel beams, and steel plate girders, at varying spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 203'-9" with a concrete deck and a 157'-0" total deck width. The minimum vertical clearance is 22'-0". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **59,577** sq. ft.

**Bridge #230**: This bridge was built in 1972 and carries I-77 NBL over Fourth Street. The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 11 lines of steel beams. The beams consist of W27x84, W36x135, W36x160, & W36x182 sections and are at varying spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 137'-3" with a concrete deck and a 76'-10" total deck width. The minimum vertical clearance is 15'-3". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **14,011** sq. ft.

**Bridge #231**: This bridge was built in 1972 and carries I-77 SBL over Fourth Street. The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 14 lines of steel beams. The beams consist of W27x84, W36x135, W36x160, & W36x182 sections and are at varying spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 137'-3" with a concrete deck that varies in width from 91'-0" to 94'-6". The minimum vertical clearance is 14'-11". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **16,575** sq. ft.

**Bridge #241**: This bridge was built in 1972 and carries I-77 NBL over West Trade Street. The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 9 lines of W30x99 steel beams, and steel plate girders, at varying spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 211'-11" with a concrete deck and a 64'-0" total deck width. The minimum vertical clearance is 17'-6". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **23,621** sq. ft.

**Bridge #243**: This bridge was built in 1972 and carries I-77 SBL over West Trade Street. The superstructure consists of 3 simple spans with 9 lines of W30x99 steel beams, and steel plate girders, at varying spacing with steel diaphragms. The bridge has an overall length of 211'-11" with a concrete deck and a 64'-0" total deck width. The minimum vertical clearance is 17'-6". The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is **30,806** sq. ft.

#### FOAM JOINT SEALS FOR PRESERVATION

#### (SPECIAL)

#### SEALS

Use preformed seals compatible with concrete and resistant to abrasion, oxidation, oils, gasoline, salt, and other materials that are spilled on or applied to the surface. Use a resilient, UV stable, preformed, impermeable, flexible, expansion joint seal. The joint seal shall consist of low-density, closed cell, cross-linked polyethylene non-extrudable foam. The joint seal shall contain no EVA (Ethylene Vinyl Acetate). Cell generation shall be achieved by being physically blown using nitrogen. No chemical blowing agents shall be used in the cell generation process.

Use seals manufactured with grooves  $\frac{1}{8}$ "  $\pm$  wide by  $\frac{1}{8}$ "  $\pm$  deep and spaced between  $\frac{1}{4}$ " and  $\frac{1}{2}$ " apart along the bond surface running the length of the joint. Use seals with a depth that meets the manufacturer's recommendation, but is not less than 70% of the uncompressed width. Provide a seal designed so that, when compressed, the center portion of the top does not extend upward above the original height of the seal by more than  $\frac{1}{4}$ ". Provide a seal that has a working range of 30% tension and 60% compression and meets the requirements given below.

| TEST                | TEST METHOD                                     | REQUIREMENT              |  |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Tensile Strength    | ASTM D3575, Suffix T                            | 110 – 130 psi            |  |
| Compression Set     | ASTM D1056<br>Suffix B, 2 hr recovery           | 10% - 16%                |  |
| Water Absorption    | ASTM D3575                                      | $< 0.03 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ |  |
| Elongation at Break | ASTM D3575                                      | 180% - 210%              |  |
| Tear Resistance     | ASTM D624 (D3575, Suffix G)                     | 14 – 20 pli              |  |
| Density             | ASTM D3575,<br>Suffix W, Method A 1.8 – 2.2 lb/ |                          |  |
| Toxicity            | ISO-10993.5                                     | Pass (not cytotoxic)     |  |

Have the top of the joint seal clearly shop marked. Inspect the joint seals upon receipt to ensure that the marks are clearly visible before installation.

#### **BONDING ADHESIVE**

Use a two-component, 100% solid, modified epoxy adhesive supplied by the joint seal manufacturer that meets the requirements given below.

| TEST                 | TEST METHOD   | REQUIREMENT          |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Tensile strength     | ASTM D638     | 3,000 psi (min.)     |
| Compressive strength | ASTM D695     | 7,000 psi (min.)     |
| Hardness             | Shore D Scale | 75-85 psi            |
| Water Absorption     | ASTM D570     | 0.25% by weight max. |
| Elongation to Break  | ASTM D638     | 5% (max.)            |

| Bond Strength | ASTM C882 | 2,000 psi (min.) |
|---------------|-----------|------------------|
|---------------|-----------|------------------|

Use an adhesive that is workable to 40°F. When installing in ambient air or surface temperatures below 40°F or for application on moist, difficult to dry concrete surfaces, use an adhesive specified by the manufacturer of the joint seal.

#### SAWING THE JOINT

The concrete at the face of the joint (elastomeric concrete, polyester polymer concrete, Portland cement concrete, etc.) shall have sufficient time to cure such that no damage can occur to the concrete prior to sawing to the final width and depth as specified in the plans.

When sawing the joint to receive the foam seal, always use a rigid guide to control the saw in the desired direction. To control the saw and to produce a straight line as indicated on the plans, anchor and positively connect a template or a track to the bridge deck. Do not saw the joint by visual means such as a chalk line. Fill the holes used for holding the template or track to the deck with an approved flowable, non-shrink, non-metallic grout.

Saw cut to the desired width and depth in one (1) or two (2) passes of the saw by placing and spacing two (2) metal blades on the saw shaft to the desired width for the joint opening.

The desired depth is the depth of the seal plus  $\frac{1}{4}$ " above the top of the seal plus approximately 1" below the bottom of the seal. An irregular bottom of sawed joint is permitted as indicated on the plans. Grind exposed corners on saw cut edges to a  $\frac{1}{4}$ " chamfer.

Saw cut a straight joint, centered over the formed opening and to the desired width specified in the plans. Prevent any chipping or damage to the sawed edges of the joint.

Remove any staining or deposited material resulting from sawing with a wet blade to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

#### PREPARATION OF SAWED JOINT FOR SEAL INSTALLATION

The elastomeric concrete or polyester polymer concrete at the joint shall cure a minimum of 24 hours prior to seal installation. Portland cement concrete at the joint shall cure following the special provisions.

After sawing the joint, the Engineer will thoroughly inspect the sawed joint opening for spalls, popouts, cracks, etc. All necessary repairs will be made by the Contractor prior to blast cleaning and installing the seal, at no cost to the Department.

Clean the joints by sandblasting with clean dry sand immediately before placing the bonding agent. Sandblast the joint opening to provide a firm, clean joint surface free of curing compound, loose material and any foreign matter. Sandblast the joint opening without causing pitting or uneven surfaces. The aggregate in the joint concrete may be exposed after sandblasting.

After blasting, either brush the surface with clean brushes made of hair, bristle, or fiber, blow the surface with compressed air, or vacuum the surface until all traces of blast products and abrasives are removed from the surface, pockets, and corners.

If nozzle blasting is used to clean the joint opening, use compressed air that does not contain detrimental amounts of water or oil.

Examine the blast-cleaned surface and remove any traces of oil, grease, or smudge deposited in the cleaning operations.

Bond the seal to the blast-cleaned surface on the same day the surface is blast cleaned.

#### SEAL INSTALLATION

Install the joint seal according to the manufacturer's procedures and recommendations and as recommended below. Do not install the joint seal if the ambient air or surface temperature is below 45°F. Have a manufacturer's certified trained factory representative present during the installation of the first seal of the project.

Before installing the joint seal, check the uninstalled seal length to ensure the seal is the same length as the deck opening. When the joint seal requires splicing, use the heat welding method by placing the joint material ends against a Teflon heating iron of 425-475°F for 7 - 10 seconds, then pressing the ends together tightly. Do not test the welding until the material has completely cooled.

Begin installation by protecting the top edges of the concrete deck adjacent to the vertical walls of the joint as a means to minimize clean up. Stir each epoxy bonding agent component independently, using separate stirring rods for each component to prevent premature curing of the bonding agent. Pour the two (2) components, at the specified mixing ratio, into a clean mixing bucket. Mix the components with a low speed drill (400 rpm max.) until a uniform gray color is achieved without visible marbling. Apply bonding agent to both sides of the joint concrete, as well as both sides of the joint seal, making certain to fill completely the grooves with epoxy. With gloved hands, compress the joint seal and with the help of a blunt probe, push the seal into the joint opening until the seal is recessed approximately 1/4" below the surface. When pushing down on the joint seal, apply pressure only in a downward direction. Do not push the joint seal into the joint opening at an angle that would stretch the material. Seals that are stretched during installation shall be removed and rejected. Once work on placing a seal begins, do not stop until it is completed. Clean the excess epoxy from the top of the joint seal immediately with a trowel. Do not use solvents or any cleaners to remove the excess epoxy from the top of the seal. Remove the protective cover at the joint edges and check for any excess epoxy on the surface. Remove excess epoxy with a trowel, the use of solvents or any cleaners will not be allowed.

The installed system shall be watertight and will be monitored until final inspection and approval.

#### (A) Watertight Integrity Test

(1) Upon completion of each foam seal expansion joint, perform a water test on the top surface to detect any leakage. Cover the roadway section of the joint from curb to curb, or barrier rail to barrier rail, with water, either ponded or flowing, not less than 1 inch above the roadway surface at all points. Block sidewalk sections and secure an unnozzled water hose delivering approximately 1 gallon of water per minute to the inside face of the bridge railing, trained in a downward position about six (6) inches above the sidewalk, such that there is continuous flow of water across the sidewalk and down the curb face of the joint.

- (2) Maintain the ponding or flowing of water on the roadway and continuous flow across sidewalks and curbs for a period of five (5) hours. At the conclusion of the test, the underside of the joint is closely examined for leakage. The foam seal expansion joint is considered watertight if no obvious wetness is visible on the Engineer's finger after touching a number of underdeck areas. Damp concrete that does not impart wetness to the finger is not considered a sign of leakage.
- (3) If the joint system leaks, locate the place(s) of leakage and take any repair measures necessary to stop the leakage at no additional cost to the Department. Use repair measures recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Engineer prior to beginning corrective work.
- (4) If measures to eliminate leakage are taken, perform a subsequent water integrity test subject to the same conditions as the original test. Subsequent tests carry the same responsibility as the original test and are performed at no additional cost to the Department.

Do not place pavement markings on top of foam joint seals.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

*Foam Joint Seals for Preservation* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per linear foot and will be full compensation for furnishing all material, labor, tools, and equipment necessary for installing these seals in place and accepted.

| Pay Item                          | Pay Unit    |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Foam Joint Seals for Preservation | Linear Feet |

## POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE BRIDGE DECK OVERLAY (SPECIAL)

#### DESCRIPTION

This work consists of furnishing and placing a Polyester Polymer Concrete (PPC) overlay system with a High Molecular Weight Methacrylate (HMWM) resin primer on concrete surfaces. The surface of the concrete shall be prepared and the PPC overlay system shall be applied in accordance with this special provision in conformity with the lines, grades, thickness, and typical cross-sections shown on the plans or as approved by the Engineer. Unless specifically mentioned below, all requirements specified for the bridge deck are also required for the approach slabs.

Work includes: placement of HMWM primer; placement of PPC surface patching and/or overlay; and any incidentals necessary to complete the project as specified or as shown on the plans.

The System Provider is the manufacturer that will provide the PPC system for the PPC overlay. The System shall include the necessary and appropriate PPC components, as well as the necessary and appropriate HMWM resin primer components. Contractor shall not change System Provider during project, without approval from the Engineer.

#### **Qualifications And Submittals**

The Contractor shall submit the following requested items and any other relevant documents at least two (2) weeks prior to the PPC Overlay Pre-placement Conference. These submittals are for approval and shall be directed to the Engineer.

- (A) <u>Overlay System:</u> The Contractor shall submit two (2) copies of the System Provider's material information, written installation instructions, safety data sheets, and independent test results for approval.
- (B) System Provider Qualifications: The Contractor shall install an overlay system with all components provided through a single System Provider with documented experience successfully supplying at least five (5) PPC overlay projects of similar size and scope within the past five (5) years. The Contractor shall submit documentation of the System Provider's project experience including the following:
  - (1) Project Location.
  - (2) Owner Agency.
  - (3) Project construction date.
  - (4) Overlay quantities.
  - (5) Reference name and contact information for owner representative.
- (C) <u>Contractor Qualifications</u>: The Contractor shall submit documentation of successful projects placing structural concrete bridge decks, modified concrete bridge deck overlays, or PPC overlay systems to finished grade using similar equipment as specified herein within the past five (5) years. A minimum of two (2) employees on site must have the equivalent work experience qualifications of the Contractor. The documentation of Contractors qualifications shall include the following:
  - (1) Project Location.
  - (2) Owner Agency.
  - (3) Project construction date.
  - (4) Overlay quantities.
  - (5) Reference name and contact information for owner representative.
- (D) System Provider Technical Representative Qualifications: The System Provider Technical Representative shall have a minimum of five (5) years of experience with PPC and be completely competent in all aspects of the work, including surface preparation, mixing, placement, curing, and testing of the PPC Overlay System. The Technical Representative shall have experience on a minimum of five (5) successful projects of similar size and scope. The Contractor shall submit documentation of the System Provider Technical Representative's experience including the following:
  - (1) Years of Experience with PPC
  - (2) Project location
  - (3) Project construction date
  - (4) Overlay quantities
  - (5) Reference name and contact information for owner representative

The Technical Representative shall be available on site, for a minimum of three (3) days per project, to give the installer advice and guidance on the installation of PPC. This includes, but not limited to: deck concrete surface preparation, PPC materials, PPC application, PPC curing or any time there are questions or issues that may arise. The Technical Representative shall be

on site for the first PPC overlay placement and shall remain on site until the Engineer is satisfied.

- (E) <u>Overlay Placement Plan:</u> The Contractor shall submit an Overlay Placement Plan that includes the following:
  - (1) Schedule of overlay work and testing for each bridge.
  - (2) Anticipated concrete deck repair locations and repair method.
  - (3) Staging plan describing overlay placement sequence including:
    - (a) Construction joint locations. Longitudinal construction joints between passes shall be located along the centerline of travel lanes or edge of travel lanes.
    - (b) Sequence of placement.
    - (c) Placement widths.
    - (d) Anticipated placement lengths.
    - (e) Placement direction.
    - (f) Joint locations.
    - (g) Location of proposed trial overlay(s).
  - (4) Description of equipment used for:
    - (a) Surface preparation including grinding and shotblasting.
    - (b) Applying HMWM primer resin.
    - (c) Measuring, mixing, placing, and finishing the PPC.
    - (d) Applying surface finish sand.
  - (5) Method of protecting and finishing inlets and bridge drains.
  - (6) Method for isolating expansion joints.
  - (7) Method for measuring and maintaining overlay thickness and profile.
  - (8) Cure time for PPC.
  - (9) Storage and handling of HMWM resin and PPC components.
  - (10) Procedure for disposal of excess HMWM resin, PPC, and containers.
  - (11) Procedure for cleanup of mixing and placement equipment.
- (F) <u>Equipment:</u> The Contractor shall submit documentation of current certification that mixing equipment has been calibrated (Caltrans California test CT 109 or similar accepted). The Contractor shall submit a documented history of the use of the placement equipment to successfully place PPC overlays on bridge projects for review and approval by the Engineer.

#### MATERIALS

The PPC shall consist of polyester resin binder and aggregate as specified below. It shall also include a compatible primer which when mixed with other specified ingredients and applied as specified herein, is capable of producing a PPC meeting the requirements of this specification.

- (1) <u>Verification</u>. The Contractor shall submit a Certified Test Report from independent labs for all of the materials associated with the PPC overlay in accordance with this special provision.
- (2) <u>Packaging and Shipment.</u> All components shall be shipped in strong, substantial containers, bearing the manufacturer's label specifying batch/lot number, brand name, and quantity. If bulk resin is to be used, the contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing ten (10) working days prior to the delivery of the bulk resin to the job site. Bulk resin is any resin that is stored in containers in excess of 55 gallons.
- (3) <u>Sampling</u>. NCDOT reserves the right to retain and test samples of components of the PPC overlay system. This includes requiring submittal of samples prior to the first installation or on-site sampling during construction.

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(A) <u>Polyester Resin Binder</u>: Polyester resin binder shall have the following properties:

- (1) Be an unsaturated isophthalic polyester-styrene co-polymer. The resin content shall be 12% +/-1% of the weight of the dry aggregate.
- (2) Contain at least 1 percent by weight gamma-methacryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane, an organosilane ester silane coupler.
- (3) Be used with a promoter that is compatible with suitable methyl ethyl ketone peroxide and cumene hydroperoxide initiators.
- (4) Meet the required values for the material properties shown in Table 1, below.

Accelerators or inhibitors may be required to achieve proper setting time of PPC. They shall be used as recommended by the overlay System Provider.

| (Lach lot sent to job shan be tested)              |                    |  |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Property   | <b>Test Method</b> | Requirement                                |
| Viscosity*   | ASTM D 2196        | 75 – 200 cps (RVT No.1 Spindle, 20 RPM at  |
|  |                    | 77 °F)                                     |
| Specific Gravity*                                  | ASTM D 1475        | 1.05 to 1.10 at 77 °F                      |
| Elongation   | ASTM D 638         | 35 percent, minimum Type I specimen,       |
|  |                    | thickness $0.25 \pm 0.03$ " at Rate = 0.45 |
|  |                    | inch/minute.                               |
|  | ASTM D 618         | Sample Conditioning: 18/25/50+5/70         |
| Tensile Strength                                   | ASTM D 638         | 2,500 psi, minimum Type I specimen,        |
|  |                    | thickness $0.25 \pm 0.03$ " at Rate = 0.45 |
|  |                    | inch/minute.                               |
|  | ASTM D 618         | Sample Conditioning: 18/25/50+5/70         |
| * Test shall be performed before adding initiator. |                    |  |

## Table 1 POLYESTER RESIN BINDER PROPERTIES (Each lot sent to job shall be tested)

(B) <u>High Molecular Weight Methacrylate (HMWM) Primer</u>: Primer for the substrate concrete surface shall be a wax-free, low odor, high molecular weight methacrylate primer, and consist of a resin, initiator, and promoter. The primer shall conform to requirements indicated in Table 2, below, and all components shall be supplied by the System Provider.

Initiator for the methacrylate resin shall consist of a metal drier and peroxide. If supplied separately from the resin, the metal drier shall not be mixed with the peroxide directly; a VIOLENT EXOTHERMIC REACTION will occur. The containers and measuring devices shall not be stored in a manner that allows leakage or spilling to contact the containers or materials of the other.

Table 2 HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT METHACRYLATE RESIN PROPERTIES (Tested yearly)

| (;)                |                    |                                     |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Property           | <b>Test Method</b> | Requirement                         |
| Viscosity**        | ASTM D 2196        | 25 cps maximum (Brookfield RVT with |
|                    |                    | UL adapter, 50 RPM at 77 °F)        |
| Volatile Content** | ASTM D 2369        | 30 percent, maximum                 |
| Specific Gravity** | ASTM D 1475        | 0.90 minimum at 77 °F               |
| Flash Point        | ASTM D 3278        | 180 °F minimum                      |
| Vapor Pressure**   | ASTM D 323         | 1.0 mm Hg, maximum at 77 °F         |

| PCC Saturated<br>Surface-Dry Bond<br>Strength (Adhesive) | California Test 551,<br>part 5 | 700 psi, minimum at 24 hours and 70 $\pm$ 1°F (with PPC at 12% resin content by weight of the dry aggregate), primed surface |  |  |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| **Test shall be performed before initiator is added      |                                |  |  |  |

(C) <u>Aggregates</u>: PPC aggregate shall have the following properties:

- (1) No more than 45 percent crushed particles retained on the No. 8 sieve when tested in accordance with American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Test Method T335.
- (2) Fine aggregate consists of natural sand only.
- (3) Weighted-average aggregate absorption of no more than 1.0 percent when tested under AASHTO Test Methods T84 and T85.
- (4) At the time of mixing with resin, have moisture content of not more than one-half (½) of the weighted-average aggregate absorption when tested under AASHTO Test Method T255.
- (5) Moh's hardness of seven (7) or greater.
- (6) Comply with the requirements for the aggregate gradation indicated in Table 3, below:

| Sieve Size | Percent Passing |
|------------|-----------------|
| 3/8"       | 100             |
| No. 4      | 60-85           |
| No. 8      | 55-65           |
| No. 16     | 29-50           |
| No. 30     | 16-36           |
| No. 50     | 5-20            |
| No. 100    | 0-7             |
| No. 200    | 0-3             |

| Table 3             |  |  |
|---------------------|--|--|
| AGGREGATE GRADATION |  |  |
| (Tested yearly)     |  |  |

(D) <u>Sand</u>: Sand for abrasive sand finish shall have the following properties:

- (1) Commercial-quality blast sand.
- (2) Not less than 95 percent pass the No. 8 sieve and not less than 95 percent retained on the No. 20 sieve when tested under AASHTO Test Method T27.
- (3) Shall be dry at the time of application.
- (E) <u>Composite system</u>: The composite PPC system shall have the following properties indicated in Table 4, below:

# Table 4COMPOSITE PROPERTIES(Tested every 2 years)

| Property                                      | <b>Test Method</b> | Requirement  |
|---|--------------------|--|
| PCC Saturated<br>Surface Dry Bond<br>Strength | CT 551             | 500 psi minimum at 24 hrs. and 70° F<br>(without primer, at 12% resin content by<br>weight of the dry aggregate, on Saturated<br>Surface Dry Specimen) |
| Abrasion<br>Resistance                        | CT 550             | <2g weight loss (at 12% resin content by weight of the dry aggregate)  |
| Modulus of<br>Elasticity                      | ASTM C 469         | 1,000,000 psi to 2,000,000 psi (at 12% resin content by weight of the dry aggregate)   |

**Construction Requirements** 

- (A) <u>PPC Overlay Pre-placement Conference:</u> A Pre-placement Conference shall be held before any overlay operations begin. Attendees shall include representatives from all parties involved in the work. If necessary, teleconferencing of attendees may be approved by the Engineer.
- (B) <u>Trial Application</u>: Prior to constructing the overlay, one or more trial applications shall be placed on a previously constructed concrete base to demonstrate proper initial set time and the effectiveness of the mixing, placing, and finishing equipment proposed. The set time can be determined as the time elapsed from resin catalyzation until the in-place PPC cannot be deformed by pressing with a finger, indicating the resin binder is no longer in a liquid state. Each trial application shall be the planned paving width, at least ten (10) feet long, and the same thickness as the specified overlay. Conditions during the construction of the trial application(s) and equipment used shall be similar to those to be used for construction of the overlay. The location of the trial application(s) shall be approved by the Engineer. Trial applications shall be properly disposed of off-site by the Contractor, if removal is necessary.

The number of trial applications required shall be as many as necessary for the Contractor to demonstrate the ability to construct an acceptable trial overlay section and competency to perform the work. However, the installer or proposed equipment/techniques may be rejected if not shown to be acceptable after three (3) trials.

Overlay direct tension bond testing shall be performed in accordance with Section (F)(1) of this special provision. Acceptable test results shall be achieved on a trial application before the installation may proceed.

- (C) <u>Equipment:</u> All equipment for cleaning the existing concrete surface and mixing and applying the overlay system shall be in accordance with the System Provider's recommendations, as approved by the Engineer prior to commencement of any work.
  - (1) <u>Surface Preparation Equipment:</u> Provide appropriate scarifying, shotblasting, sandblasting and other equipment to adequately prepare the bridge deck substrate, as required in the Overlay Surface Preparation for Polyester Polymer Concrete special provision.
  - (2) <u>Mixing Equipment</u>: A continuous automated mixer shall be used for all PPC overlay applications. The continuous mixer shall:
    - (a)Employ an auger screw/chute device capable of sufficiently mixing catalyzed resin with dry aggregate.
    - (b) Employ a plural component pumping system capable of handling polyester binder resin and catalyst while maintaining proper ratios to achieve set/cure times within the

specified limits. Catalyzed resin shall flow through a static mix tube for sufficient duration to completely mix the liquid system.

- (c)Be equipped with an automatic metering device that measures and records aggregate and resin volumes. Record volumes at least every five (5) minutes, including time and date. Submit recorded volumes at the end of the work shift to the Engineer.
- (d) Have a visible readout gage that displays volumes of aggregate and resin being recorded.
- (e)Produce a satisfactory mix consistently during the entire placement.

A portable mechanical mixer of appropriate size for proposed batches, as recommended by the System Provider and approved by the Engineer, may be used for all PPC patching applications and for smaller area overlay applications if approved by the Engineer.

- (3) <u>Finishing Equipment:</u> Finishing may be accomplished with a Self-Propelled Slip-Form Paving Machine or Vibratory Screed.
  - (a) <u>Self-Propelled Slip-Form Paving Machine:</u> A self-propelled slip-form paving machine, which is modified or specifically built to effectively place the PPC overlay in a manner that meets the objectives and requirements of the project, may be used for PPC overlay applications. The paving machine shall:
    - (i) Employ a vibrating pan to consolidate and finish the PPC.
    - (ii) Be fitted with hydraulically controlled grade automation to establish the finished profile. The automation shall be fitted with substrate grade averaging devices on both sides of the new placement; the device shall average 15 feet in front and behind the automation sensors; or the sensor shall be constructed to work with string-line control. It is acceptable to match grade when placing lanes adjacent to previously placed PPC.
    - (iii)Be calibrated for the projects requirements, and calibrated periodically following the manufacturers recommendations.
    - (iv)Have sufficient engine power and weight to provide adequate vibration of the finishing pan while maintaining consistent forward placement speed.
    - (v) Be capable of both forward and reverse motion under its own power.
  - (b) <u>Vibratory Screed:</u> A vibratory screed may be used for finishing PPC, but must be approved by the Engineer at least two (2) weeks prior to PPC placement.
- (D) <u>Concrete Deck Repairs and Surface Preparation</u>: All areas that require removal of existing patches or unsound concrete shall be removed and prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Overlay Surface Preparation for Polyester Polymer Concrete special provision. Placement of concrete for deck repair material shall be Polyester Polymer Concrete in accordance with this special provision. Prepare all concrete deck and repaired deck surfaces in accordance with the requirements of the Overlay Surface Preparation for Polyester Polymer Concrete concrete special provision.
- (E) <u>Application of Overlay</u>: Methods indicated in this special provision are typical of general installations and may be modified per the System Provider's recommendations as approved by the Engineer. The application of the overlay shall not begin until the concrete deck is completely surface dry in accordance with ASTM D4263, with a wait time revised from 16 hours to two (2) hours, or as directed by the System Provider's Technical Representative. The concrete surface temperature shall be between 40° and 100° F. Night work may be required when temperatures cannot be met during the day.

During overlay application, precaution shall be taken to assure that traffic is protected from rebound, dust, and construction activities. Appropriate shielding shall be provided as required and directed by the Engineer.

During overlay application, the Contractor shall provide suitable coverings (e.g. heavy duty drop cloths) as needed to protect all exposed areas not to receive overlay, such as curbs, sidewalks, parapets, etc. All damage or defacement resulting from this application shall be cleaned and/or repaired to the Engineer's satisfaction at no additional cost to the Department.

(1) <u>HMWM Primer Application:</u> Immediately before placing primer, all exposed surfaces shall be completely dry and blown clean with oil-free compressed air. Exposed surfaces shall be protected from precipitation and heavy dew during and after the application of the primer.

After the exposed surfaces have been prepared and are dry, primer shall be applied in accordance with the System Provider's recommendations. Primer shall be placed within five (5) minutes of mixing at approximately 90 ft<sup>2</sup>/ gal or the rate acceptable to the Engineer.

Primer shall be applied by flooding and uniformly spread to completely cover surfaces to receive overlay. Care shall be taken to avoid heavy application that results in excess ponding. Excess material shall be removed or distributed to meet the required application rate. Primer shall be reapplied to any areas that appear dry prior to overlay placement.

Primer shall not be allowed to leak onto areas that have not received surface preparation.

(2) <u>PPC Application</u>: The PPC shall be applied during the interval between 15 minutes and two (2) hours after the primer has been applied. The PPC shall be placed prior to gelling and within 15 minutes following addition of initiator, unless otherwise recommended by the System Provider's Technical Representative.

The polyester resin binder shall be initiated and blended completely. Aggregate shall be added and mixed sufficiently when a portable mechanical mixer is used.

PPC shall have an initial set time of at least 30 minutes and at most 90 minutes. The set time can be determined in the field when the in-place PPC cannot be deformed by pressing with a finger, indicating that the resin binder is no longer in a liquid state. If the initial set is not within 30 to 90 minutes, the material shall be removed and replaced.

The overlay shall be consolidated and finished to the required grade and cross-section using PPC placement equipment as defined herein.

If a vibratory screed is used, prior to placing the PPC, place and fasten screed rails in position to ensure finishing the new surface to the required profile. Do not treat screed rails with parting compound to facilitate their removal. Prior to placing the overlay, attach a filler block to the bottom of the screed and pass it over the overlay area to check the thickness. The filler block thickness shall be equal to the design overlay thickness as shown in the plans. Remove all concrete that the block does not clear.

Place the PPC in one operation. Provide a minimum overlay thickness as shown in the plans.

Although the paver or screed may yield a finished or nearly finished surface, additional finishing may be necessary. PPC shall be finished, as necessary, through traditional

concrete finishing methods, producing a slight resin bleed indicating complete consolidation of aggregates.

Finishing of PPC used as patching of an existing deck surface or overlay shall be completed and finished using traditional concrete hand finishing methods and hand concrete finishing tools. Such patches shall be placed flush with the top of the existing deck surface.

Resin content shall be as specified in the Materials section of this special provision and to yield a PPC consistency that requires surface applied consolidation and finishing to consolidate aggregates and yield a slight sheen of bleed resin on top surface yet does not yield excess bleed resin.

A surface friction sand finish of at least 2.2 lbs/  $yd^2$  shall be broadcast onto the glossy surface immediately after sufficient finishing and before resin gelling occurs. To ensure adequate pavement friction, the completed PPC overlay surface shall be free of any smooth or "glassy" areas such as those resulting from insufficient quantities of surface aggregate. Any such surface defects shall be repaired by the Contractor in the manner recommended by the System Provider and approved by the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department.

After application of surface friction sand, unless otherwise indicated on the plans, groove the bridge floor in accordance with Subarticle 420-14(B) of the *Standard Specifications*. Vehicular traffic may travel across a deck surface that has not been grooved; however, the entire deck area shall be grooved after the PPC overlay achieves design strength and no later than seven (7) calendar days after completion of the overlay unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Before completion of the project, all deck joints shall be sawcut, prepared, and sealed according to the details in the plans.

After the PPC material has set, if final sawcutting for joint seals will not be done within 12 hours, at minimum, a single sawcut shall be made at the approximate midpoint of each joint. The sawcut shall be made within 12 hours or prior to opening of PPC placement to traffic, if traffic will be allowed within 12 hours. Two (2) saw cuts may be made, but final saw cutting for the joints shall be done in accordance with the special provisions for the installation of the joint seals.

Any surface that is scarified shall be covered with the PPC overlay before traffic is returned to the bridge deck, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Upon approval by the Engineer, if traffic is to be returned to the site, but the overlay is not completed within the allowable lane closure time and is more than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch higher in elevation than the adjacent pavement, the PPC overlay edges shall be tapered. The leading edge of the overlay shall be tapered at a 4:1 (horizontal: vertical) slope. Tapered edges longitudinal to the direction of traffic and tapered edges on the trailing edge of the overlay may and shall be at a 45 degree slope. Tapers of 45 degrees may remain, and PPC overlay may be placed adjacent. Tapers with a 4:1 (horizontal: vertical) slope shall be sawcut square to the overlay surface, prior to placing adjacent PPC overlay.

The Contractor shall collect a ticket for each pass or portion of a pass that is provided by each mixer, and ensure that the following information is shown on each ticket:

- (a) Project Number.
- (b) Bridge Number.

- (c) Date and Time.
- (d) Location of Placement (Lane and Station Limits or location and length of placement along the length of the bridge).
- (e) Aggregate Weight.
- (f) Polyester Resin Binder Weight.

The tickets shall be available on site for Inspection personnel to use in tabulating quantities.

<u>Curing</u>: The Contractor shall allow the overlay to cure sufficiently before subjecting it to loads or traffic of any nature that may damage the overlay. Cure time depends upon the ambient and deck temperatures as well as initiator/accelerator levels.

The overlay shall be considered cured to a traffic ready state when a minimum reading of 25 on a properly calibrated Swiss hammer is achieved. Other rebound hammers may be use as approved by the Engineer.

- (F) <u>Acceptance Testing</u>: Acceptance of the deck repairs, surface preparation, and PPC overlay will be determined by the Engineer based on vertical axis bond tests, and smoothness quality testing performed by the Engineer, assisted by the Contractor.
  - (1) <u>Overlay Direct Tension Bond Testing</u>: Direct tension bond (pull-off) tests shall be performed after 24 hours by the Contractor in accordance to ASTM C1583. At a minimum, three (3) direct tension bond tests shall be performed on each bridge overlay. For bridges with deck areas greater than 25,000 square feet, additional tests shall be performed at a frequency of one test per 25,000 square feet of additional deck area, rounded up. Additional testing may be required as directed by the Engineer.

The test result shall be the average of the tests for each structure. Test cores shall be drilled a minimum of  $\frac{1}{2}$ " below the bond line.

The average minimum bond strength of the PPC overlay system on normal weight concrete shall be 250 psi, with no individual test measured below 225 psi. An acceptable test will demonstrate that the overlay bond strength is sufficient by producing a concrete subsurface failure area greater than 50% of the test surface area, at a minimum depth of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>". The Contractor shall repair all direct tension test locations with PPC overlay in accordance with this special provision.

Direct tension bond testing shall be performed by an independent testing firm and shall be arranged by the Contractor. The Contractor may perform the direct tension bond testing with the approval of the Engineer. Testing shall be performed using a calibrated tensile loading device, in the presence of the Engineer. The tensile loading device shall be calibrated annually. The cost of direct tension bond testing shall be included in the bid price for *Placing and Finishing PPC Overlay* item.

(2) <u>Smoothness Quality Testing</u>: As soon as practical after the PPC has hardened sufficiently, the Contractor shall test the finished surface with an approved rolling straightedge that is designed, constructed, and adjusted, so that it will accurately indicate or mark all deck areas which deviate from a plane surface by more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>" in 10'. The Contractor shall remove all high areas in the hardened surface in excess of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>" in 10' with an approved grinding or cutting machine. Additionally, the final PPC deck surface shall not deviate from the line and elevation indicated on the plans by more than 0.3" over any 50' length. If approved by the Engineer, correct low areas in an acceptable manner.

(G) Corrective Work

- (1) <u>Repair of Surface Defects:</u> The repair materials and finishing methods for surface defects in the overlay shall be in accordance to those used for the application of the overlay. All surface defects shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer before acceptance of the work is made.
- (2) <u>Correction for Smoothness</u>: Areas showing high spots of more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>"in 10' shall be marked and ground until the high spot does not exceed <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>"in 10'. Ground surface may be sawcut grooved to restore the texture if ordered by the Engineer. Areas showing low spots of more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>"in 10' shall be marked and a proposed repair procedure shall be submitted to the Engineer. The use of the proposed repair procedure shall be as recommended by the System Provider and approved by the Engineer.
- (3) <u>Replacement of Defective Overlay</u>: A defective overlay, or portion thereof, resulting in failing overlay pull bond test results shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall submit a written corrective work proposal to the Engineer, which shall include the methods and procedures that will be used. The Contractor shall not commence corrective work until the methods and procedures have been approved in writing by the Engineer. The Engineers approval shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility of producing work in conformity with the Contract.
- (4) <u>Repair of Cracking:</u> After a one-week cure period, if cracks are in the overlay, the Contractor shall fill the cracks with properly catalyzed and mixed HMWM primer material at no cost to the Department. Care shall be taken to fill the cracks only and ensure minimal HMWM primer is left on the finished surface of the overlay.

Measurement and Payment

*Concrete Deck Repair for Polyester Polymer Concrete Overlay* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per square yard and will be full compensation for placement of concrete deck repair material and shall include the cost of labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

*Polyester Polymer Concrete Materials* will be measured as the actual volume of PPC material complete-in-place. The volume shall include material used for overlay, patching of existing unsound concrete deck surface or overlays, and bridge deck concrete repairs as directed by the Engineer. Tickets provided to the project inspector, showing quantities of PPC produced, shall be sufficient to calculate volume of material placed. Materials placed for trial application(s) shall be included in this Pay Item if placed and remaining on the bridge deck as part of the permanent overlay. *Polyester Polymer Concrete Materials* will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard and will be full compensation to furnish the PPC material, including HMWM primer, freight to the project site, receiving, storage, and disposal of any unused PPC overlay material. Payment by cubic foot will be based on a 135 lbs/ ft<sup>3</sup> unit weight and quantities recorded by calibrated mixer unit readouts.

*Placing and Finishing Polyester Polymer Concrete Overlay* will be measured and paid for as the contract unit price bid per square yard of overlay placement and final surface finishing. Payment will be full compensation for all labor, equipment, and all incidentals necessary to complete the PPC overlay placement. Construction and removal (if required) of trial application(s), including concrete base surfaces, will not be measured and paid for separately, but shall be incidental to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

## **BP-31**

## Pay Item Concrete Deck Repair for Polyester Polymer Concrete Overlay Polyester Polymer Concrete Materials Placing & Finishing Polyester Polymer Concrete Overlay

# **OVERLAY SURFACE PREPARATION FOR**

## POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE

## **Pay Unit**

Square Yard Cubic Yard Square Yard

## This special provision addresses the surface preparation activities required prior to the placement of polyester polymer concrete (PPC). Unless specifically mentioned below, all requirements specified for the bridge deck are also required for the approach slabs.

Work includes: removal of unsound and sound bridge deck concrete and existing patches in deck repair areas; preparation of repair areas prior to placement of PPC bridge deck repair material; bridge deck surface preparation prior to placement of PPC overlay; and any incidentals necessary to prepare the bridge deck for placement of PPC repair material or PPC overlay, as specified or as shown on the plans.

## **DEFINITIONS**

DESCRIPTION

Scarification shall consist of the removal of any asphalt wearing surface and concrete surface to the uniform depth and limits shown on the plans.

Shotblasting shall consist of steel beads (or other materials as approved by the Engineer) "shot" out of a machine onto the bridge concrete deck concrete floor to remove soft or deteriorated concrete, and to clean the concrete deck surface for the application of the PPC overlay. Contractor shall vary the speed of the shotblaster or make multiple passes, as necessary, to achieve the required surface preparation for the PPC overlay. Areas inaccessible with shotblasting equipment may require surface preparation with sandblasting equipment and hand equipment.

## **EQUIPMENT**

All equipment for cleaning the existing concrete surface and mixing and applying the overlay system shall be in accordance with the System Provider's recommendations, as approved by the Engineer prior to commencement of any work:

- (A)Scarifying equipment that is a power-operated, mechanical grinder capable of removing a minimum depth of 1/4" for each pass.
- (B) Shotblasting and sandblasting equipment to adequately prepare the bridge deck substrate, as required in this special provision. Provide equipment to supply oil-free and moisture-free compressed air for final surface preparation.
- (C) Equipment capable of sawing concrete to the specified plan depth.
- (D) Power driven hand tools for removal of unsound concrete are required that meet the following requirements:
  - (1) Pneumatic hammers weighing a nominal 15 lbs. or less.
  - (2) Pneumatic hammer chisel-type bits that do not exceed the diameter of the shaft in width.

### (SPECIAL)

- (E) Hand tools, such as hammers and chisels, for removal of final particles of unsound concrete.
- (F) Self-propelled vacuum capable of picking up dust and other loose material from prepared deck surface.
- (G) Equipment to supply oil-free and moisture-free compressed air for final surface preparation.

The equipment must operate at a noise level less than 90 decibels at a distance of 50 feet.

## MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF CONCRETE DEBRIS

All concrete debris shall become the property of the Contractor. The contractor shall be responsible for disposing of all debris generated by scarification, shotblasting, sandblasting, and any other surface preparation operations, in compliance with applicable regulations concerning such disposal.

All costs associated with management and disposal of all debris shall be included in the payment of other items.

## OSP PLAN SUBMITTAL

Prior to beginning surface preparation activities, the Contractor shall submit for review and approval the Overlay Surface Preparation (OSP) Plan. The OSP Plan shall detail the type of equipment that is intended to be used and the means by which the Contractor will achieve the following requirements:

- (A) Estimate depth of reinforcing steel.
- (B) Scarification of deck to depth required.
- (C) Measure depth of scarification to show completed within limits.
- (D) Measure depth of shotblasting to show completed within limits.

## SURFACE PREPARATION

Prior to any construction, take the necessary precautions to ensure debris from bridge deck preparation and repairs is not allowed to fall below the bridge deck.

Remove all existing asphalt overlays and all loose, disintegrated, unsound or contaminated concrete to the limits shown on the plans with the following requirements.

During surface preparation, precaution shall be taken to assure that traffic is protected from rebound, dust, and construction activities. Appropriate shielding shall be provided as required and directed by the Engineer. During surface preparation, the Contractor shall provide suitable coverings, as needed to protect all exposed areas not to receive overlay, such as curbs, sidewalks, parapets, etc. All damage or defacement resulting from surface preparation shall be repaired to the Engineer's satisfaction at no additional cost to the Department.

(A)<u>Sealing of Bridge Deck:</u> Seal all expansion joints subject to run-off water from the scarification, shotblasting, and PPC placement process with material approved by the Engineer, prior to beginning any demolition. The expansion joints shall remain sealed until it has been determined that water and materials from the scarification, shotblasting, and PPC placement operations cannot be discharged through them any longer. Take all steps necessary to eliminate the flow of water or materials through the expansion joints, and any other locations water or materials could leak from the deck.

All deck drains in the immediate work area and other sections of the bridge affected by the work being performed shall be sealed prior to beginning scarification. Drains shall remain

sealed until it has been determined that water and materials from the scarification, shotblasting, and PPC placement operations cannot be discharged through them any longer.

(B) <u>Scarifying Bridge Deck:</u> Unless otherwise allowed by the engineer, scarify only that amount of the bridge deck that can be replaced with overlay material during an allowable closure operation. (for example, if only overnight closures are allowed, scarify only that area of the bridge deck that can be properly prepared and replaced with ppc overlay within the allowable overnight closure time.) Unless otherwise allowed by the engineer, traffic shall not be allowed on a scarified bridge deck surface.

Remove any asphalt wearing surface from the bridge deck and scarify the concrete deck to remove the entire concrete surface of the deck to the uniform depth and limits shown on the plans.

It will be the Contractor's responsibility to determine amount of cover for the reinforcing steel. Use a pachometer or other approved device, as approved by Engineer, prior to scarification. Readings shall be read and recorded in the presence of the Engineer. Readings shall be recorded for each span at 1/5 points longitudinally and 1/3 points transversely. The cost for this work will be considered incidental to the cost of surface preparation of the bridge deck.

#### **Estimated average cover to top mat:**

Bridge Number 221: 1 1/2" +/-3/8" Bridge Number 222: 1 1/2" +/-3/8" Bridge Number 227: 1 1/2" +/-3/8" Bridge Number 230: 2" +/-3/8" Bridge Number 231: 1 1/2" +/-3/8" Bridge Number 241: 1 1/2" +/-3/8" Bridge Number 243: 1 1/2" +/-3/8"

The above top mat cover dimensions are an estimate based on the best available information. Calibrate scarifying equipment in order to avoid damaging the reinforcing steel in the bridge floor or the approach slab. Care shall be taken not to cut, stretch, or damage any exposed reinforcing steel. If reinforcing bars or bridge drainage devices are pulled up or snagged during scarification operations, cease work and consult with the Engineer to determine any necessary adjustments to the roto-milling operation.

Remove and dispose of all concrete and asphalt, and thoroughly clean the scarified surface. In areas where reinforcing steel is located in the depth to be scarified, use another method with the Engineer's approval.

The Engineer will re-inspect after each removal and require additional removals until compliance with plans and specifications are met.

Regardless of the method of removal, the removal operation shall be stopped if it is determined that sound concrete is being removed to a depth greater than required by the plans.

(C) <u>Class II Surface Preparation (Partial Depth)</u>: At locations specified on the plans or identified by the Engineer for Class II Surface Preparation, verify the depth of removal achieved by the scarification. Remove by additional scarification or chipping with hand tools all existing

patches and unsound concrete. No additional payment will be made for Class II Surface Preparation depths achieved by the initial scarification.

All patches shall be removed under Class II Surface Preparation. If any patch cannot be removed by means of scarification, the Contractor shall use hand tools to remove the patch. Areas indicated on the plans that require Class II Surface Preparation, including the locations of existing patches, are from the best information available. The Contractor shall verify prior to surface preparation the location of all existing patches.

Spalled or unsound areas of the deck not removed by scarification shall be removed to sound concrete at locations noted in the contract plans or as directed by the Engineer. Remove existing spalled or unsound areas of the bridge concrete deck by methods approved by the Engineer.

Provide a 1" deep saw cut around the perimeter of areas noted for bridge deck or patch removal. Remove, using the type of tools listed above, all concrete or patch material within the sawcut to a minimum depth of 1" and as necessary to remove unsound concrete. All loose and unsound concrete or patch material shall be removed.

If the condition of the concrete is such that deep spalls or sheer faces result, notify the Engineer for the proper course of action.

Thoroughly clean the newly exposed surface to be free of all grease, oil, curing compounds, acids, dirt, or loose debris in accordance with this special provision.

Dispose of the removed concrete, clean, repair or replace rusted or loose reinforcing steel, and thoroughly clean the newly exposed surface. Care shall be taken not to cut, stretch, or damage any exposed reinforcing steel.

In overhangs, removing concrete areas of less than 0.60 ft<sup>2</sup>/ft length of bridge without overhang support is permitted unless the Engineer directs otherwise. Overhang support is required for areas removed greater than 0.60 ft<sup>2</sup>/ft length of bridge. Submit details of overhang support to the Engineer for approval prior to beginning the work.

(D) Preparation of Reinforcing Steel: Remove concrete without cutting or damaging existing steel unless otherwise noted in the plans. Clean, repair, or replace rusted or loose reinforcing steel. Damaged reinforcing steel, such as bars with nicks deeper than 20% of the bar diameter, shall be repaired or replaced. Reinforcing steel which has a cross section reduced to 75% or less shall be replaced with new reinforcing steel of similar cross section area. Replacement bars shall be Grade 60 and meet the material requirements of Section 1070 of the *Standard Specifications*. Replacement bars shall be spliced to existing bars using either minimum 30 bar diameter lap splices to existing steel with 100% cross sectional area or approved mechanical connectors.

For reinforcing steel left unsupported by the concrete removal process, support and protect the exposed reinforcing steel against displacement and damage from loads, such as those caused by removal equipment and delivery buggies. All reinforcing steel damaged or dislodged by these operations shall be replaced with bars of the same size at the contractor's expense.

Reinforcing steel exposed and satisfactorily cleaned and prepared will not require additional cleaning, if encased in concrete within seven (7) days. Rebar exposed for more than seven (7) days shall be satisfactorily cleaned and prepared, prior to placement of the new concrete. The satisfactory cleanliness and preparation of the reinforcing steel shall be determined by the Engineer.

When large areas of the deck on composite bridges are removed resulting in the debonding of the primary reinforcing bars, the removal shall be performed in stages to comply with the construction sequence shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

- (E) <u>Concrete Deck Repair</u>: Repair and fill the Class II Surface Preparation areas of the existing bridge concrete deck prior to the final surface preparation and application of the PPC overlay, at locations shown in the plans, or as determined by the Engineer, if necessary. Materials other than PPC may be used for concrete deck repairs, but shall be approved by the PPC System Provider's Technical Representative and shall be applied and prepared as required by the PPC System Provider. For concrete deck repairs with PPC:
  - (1) Removal and surface preparation of the repair area shall be in accordance with and shall be paid for under pay items in this special provision.
  - (2) Materials, equipment, placement, and finishing of PPC used for concrete deck repairs shall meet the requirements of and shall be paid for under pay items in the Polyester Polymer Concrete Bridge Deck Overlay special provision.

PPC repair material may be placed up to one (1) hour prior to overlay placement.

All repairs shall be placed and finished to match substrate deck grade prior to PPC placement, in order to provide a uniform overlay thickness.

Concrete deck repairs with PPC may be utilized as a stand-alone item where required on structures not to receive a PPC overlay.

- (F) <u>Surface Cleaning</u>: The surface of concrete substrate and repaired areas shall be prepared for application of the overlay by shotblasting in order to remove all existing grease, slurry, oils, paint, dirt, striping, curing compound, rust, membrane, weak surface mortar, or any other contaminants that could interfere with the proper adhesion of the overlay system. The final prepared surface shall adhere to the following requirements:
  - (1) If expansion joints are not being replaced or have been replaced prior to shotblasting they shall be protected from damage from the shotblasting operation. Deck drains and areas of curb or railing above the proposed surface shall be protected from the shotblasting operation.
  - (2) The areas to receive overlay shall be cleaned by shotblasting, or abrasive sandblasting in the event that the shotblaster cannot access areas to be prepared. Do not begin shotblasting until all grinding or milling operations are completed. Cleaning shall not commence until all work involving the repair of the concrete deck surface has been completed and the deck is dry. All contaminants shall be picked up and stored in the vacuum unit and no dust shall be created during the blasting operation that will obstruct the view of motorists in adjacent roadways. The travel speed and/or number of passes of the shotblasting unit shall be adjusted, so as to result in all weak or loose surface mortar being removed, aggregates within the concrete being exposed, and open pores in the concrete exposed to vehicular traffic unless approved by the Engineer. If the deck becomes contaminated before placing the overlay, the Contractor shall shotblast or abrasive sandblast the contaminated areas to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department.
  - (3) Prior to the overlay placement, any loose particles shall be removed by magnets, oil free compressed air, and vacuuming, such that no trapped particles remain. Power washing will not be allowed.

- (4) The areas to be overlaid shall be blown off with oil and moisture free compressed air just prior to placement of the primer and shall be completely dry.
- (5) Cleaning methods other than those detailed by specification may be suggested by the PPC System Provider and approved by the Engineer.
- (6) All steel surfaces that will be in contact with the PPC overlay shall be cleaned in accordance with Structural Steel Paint Council (SSPC) Surface Preparation(SP) No. 10, Near-White Blast Cleaning, except that wet blasting methods shall not be allowed.
- (G)<u>Safety</u>: Provide a containment system for handling expected and unexpected blow through of the deck. The containment system shall retain runoff water and debris and protect the area under the bridge deck. The Contractor shall be responsible for any injury or damage caused by these operations. The containment system shall remain in place until the concrete has been cast and attained minimum strength.

Provide adequate lighting when performing deck preparation activities at night. Submit a lighting plan to the Engineer for approval prior to beginning work.

#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Scarifying Bridge Deck* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square yard and will be full compensation for the milling of existing asphalt wearing surface from the bridge deck and approaches, milling of the entire concrete bridge deck, repairing or replacing any damaged reinforcing steel, and the cleaning and disposal of all waste material generated.

*Shotblasting Bridge Deck* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square yard and will be full compensation for the shotblasting and necessary sandblasting and handwork to prepare the entire concrete bridge deck and approaches, and removal and disposal of all waste material generated.

*Class II Surface Preparation* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per square yard and will be full compensation for Class II deck preparation where required by the plans. The cost will also include removal and disposal of unsound and contaminated concrete, removal of all existing patches, cleaning, repairing, or replacing of reinforcing steel, and all materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

#### Pay Item

Scarifying Bridge Deck Shotblasting Bridge Deck Class II Surface Preparation

#### BRIDGE JACKING

#### DESCRIPTION

Bridge jacking at end bents and interior bents is to facilitate beam or bent cap repairs and to replace and/ or reset bearings, as necessary. This work shall consist of furnishing all engineering, labor, equipment, and materials necessary for construction and subsequent removal of jacking support system, including jacks, jack supports, shims and all necessary blocking. Included under this item

<u>Pay Unit</u> Square Yard Square Yard Square Yard

#### (SPECIAL)

shall be all work to raise and support the existing structure as specified on the plans and as noted herein.

## UTILITY COORDINATION

Utility owners with active utilities on the bridge shall be notified by the contractor of the jacking operation 30 days before the operation begins.

### SCOPE OF WORK

Work for bridge jacking includes calculating existing and applied bridge loads, designing proper strength jacking scheme, evaluating stresses imposed on the bridge members, setting blocking and jacks, jacking bridge girders, mechanically locking jacks, and lowering bridge spans onto bearing assemblies.

Submit calculations, working drawings, and jacking procedure to the Engineer for review and approval prior to the start of work. Calculations and jacking procedure shall account for all loads expected while bridge is jacked or temporarily supported. Working drawings and all calculations (for determination of all applied loads, for design of the jacking scheme, to evaluate stresses imposed on the bridge members, and any other necessary calculations) for the required jacking scheme shall be sealed by an engineer licensed in the State of North Carolina. Included in the submittal, the Contractor shall submit all relevant information about the jacking system to be used.

Prior to bridge jacking, complete all diaphragm modifications necessary at the location where jacking is to occur. If a span connected to an end bent is to be jacked, ensure the curtain wall is either clear of the girders, or fully free to move with the jacked span prior to jacking. Lock jacks and install blocking while the bridge is in the raised condition. While in the raised condition, follow bridge plans for any work that may be required. After all repairs requiring bridge jacking are completed, lower the bridge onto the bearing assemblies. Complete repair work, as needed.

Unless otherwise allowed by the Engineer, all bridge jacking operations shall be complete before new deck overlay or deck joints and seals are placed on the existing structure.

Bridge jacking will be designated as one of two jacking arrangements, as follows:

## Type I

Type I Bridge Jacking shall be applicable for jacking at individual beam or bearing locations. On a particular bridge bent or end bent, there might be more than one Type I Bridge Jacking. When jacking individual beam or bearing locations, all adjacent bearings of beams not being jacked may be loosened to decrease the resistance of the deck slab during jacking. The maximum differential between adjacent beams that are being jacked is 1/8". Should the jacking of an individual beam require the jacking of adjacent beams to reduce stresses or damage in the bridge, the jacking of the individual beam and adjacent beams shall be considered one Type I Bridge Jacking. All bearings loosened shall be tightened back after repair operations are completed and the jacks and blocking have been removed.

## Type II

## **BP-38**

Type II Bridge Jacking shall be applicable for jacking an entire span end (i.e., all beams at one time) on a bent or end bent.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Payment will be made at the price bid for each set-up to complete *Type I Bridge Jacking Bridge No.*\_\_\_\_\_ or *Type II Bridge Jacking Bridge No.*\_\_\_\_\_ as shown in the contract plans. The price per each jacking set-up Type required will be full compensation for designing proper strength jacking scheme (calculations, working drawings, and jacking procedure), all materials, equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work of this scope, including any jacking frames, jacking plates, and concrete repair required due to jacking operations.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item                          | Pay Unit |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Type I Bridge Jacking Bridge No.  | Each     |
| Type II Bridge Jacking Bridge No. | Each     |

#### SHOTCRETE REPAIRS

(2-11-19)

#### GENERAL

The work covered by this special provision consists of removing deteriorated concrete from the structure in accordance with the limits, depth and details shown on the plans, described herein and as established by the Engineer. This work also includes removing and disposing all loose debris, cleaning and repairing reinforcing steel and applying structural shotcrete.

The location and extent of repairs shown on the plans are general in nature. The Engineer shall determine the extent of removal in the field based on an evaluation of the condition of the exposed surfaces.

Any portion of the structure that is damaged from construction operations shall be repaired to the Engineer's satisfaction, at no extra cost to the Department.

#### **MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS**

Use prepackaged shotcrete conforming to the requirements of ASTM C1480, the applicable sections of the *Standard Specifications* and the following:

| Test Description                   | Test Method | Age (Days) | Specified<br>Requirements |
|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Silica Fume (%)                    | ASTM C1240  | -          | 10 (Max.)                 |
| Water/Cementitious Materials Ratio | -           | -          | 0.40 (Max.)               |

| Air Content - As Shot (%)                                | ASTM C231  | -       | 4 ± 1          |
|--|------------|---------|----------------|
| Slump - As Shot (Range in inches)                        | ASTM C143  | -       | 2 - 3          |
| Minimum Compressive Strength (psi)                       | ASTM C39   | 7<br>28 | 3,000<br>5,000 |
| Minimum Bond Pull-off Strength (psi)                     | ASTM C1583 | 28      | 145            |
| Rapid Chloride Permeability Tests<br>(range in coulombs) | ASTM C1202 | -       | 100 - 1000     |

Admixtures are not allowed unless approved by the Engineer. Store shotcrete in an environment where temperatures remain above  $40^{\circ}$ F and less than  $95^{\circ}$ F

All equipment must operate in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and material must be placed within the recommended time.

## QUALITY CONTROL

(A) Qualification of Shotcrete Contractor

The shotcrete Contractor shall provide proof of experience by submitting a description of jobs similar in size and character that have been completed within the last five (5) years. The name, address and telephone number of references for the submitted projects shall also be furnished. Failure to provide appropriate documentation will result in the rejection of the proposed shotcrete contractor.

(B) Qualification of Nozzleman

The shotcrete Contractor's nozzleman shall be certified by the American Concrete Institute (ACI). Submit proof of certification to the Engineer prior to beginning repair work. The nozzleman shall maintain certification at all times while work is being performed for the Department. Failure to provide and maintain certification will result in the rejection of the proposed nozzleman.

#### TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM

Prior to beginning any repair work, provide details for a sufficiently sized temporary work platform at each repair location. Design steel members to meet the requirements of the American Institute of Steel Construction Manual. Design timber members in accordance with the *National Design Specification for Stress-Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings* of the National Forest Products Association. Submit the platform design and plans for review and approval. The design and plans shall be sealed and signed by a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer. Do not install the platform until the design and plans are approved. Drilling holes in the superstructure for the purpose of attaching the platform is prohibited.

Upon completion of work, remove all anchorages in the substructure and repair the substructure at no additional cost to the Department.

#### **SURFACE PREPARATION**

Prior to starting the repair operation, delineate all surfaces and areas assumed to be deteriorated by visually examining and sounding the concrete surface with a hammer or other approved method. The Engineer is the sole judge in determining the limits of deterioration.

Prior to removal, introduce a shallow saw cut approximately  $\frac{1}{2}$ " in depth around the repair area at right angles to the concrete surface. Remove all deteriorated concrete 1 inch below the reinforcing steel with a 17 lb (maximum) pneumatic hammer with points that do not exceed the width of the shank or with hand picks or chisels as directed by the Engineer. Do not cut or remove the existing reinforcing steel. Unless specifically directed by the Engineer, do not remove concrete deeper than 1 inch below the reinforcing steel.

Abrasive blast all exposed concrete surfaces and existing reinforcing steel in repair areas to remove all debris, loose concrete, loose mortar, rust, scale, etc. After sandblasting examine the reinforcing steel to ensure at least 90% of the original diameter remains. If there is more than 10% reduction in the rebar diameter, splice in and securely tie supplemental reinforcing bars as directed by the Engineer.

Provide stainless welded wire fabric at each repair area larger than one square foot if the depth of the repair exceeds 2 inches from the "As Built" outside face. Provide a minimum 4" x 4" - 12 gage stainless welded wire fabric unless otherwise shown on the plans. Rigidly secure the welded wire fabric to existing steel or to  $\frac{3}{16}$ "diameter stainless hook fasteners adequately spaced to prevent sagging. Encase the welded wire fabric in shotcrete a minimum depth of 1½ inches.

The contractor has the option to use synthetic fiber reinforcement as an alternate to welded wire fabric if attaching welded wire fabric is impractical or if approved by the Engineer. Welded wire fabric and synthetic fiber reinforcement shall not be used in the same repair area.

Thoroughly clean the repair area of all dirt, grease, oil or foreign matter, and remove all loose or weakened material before applying shotcrete. Saturate the repair area with clean water the day before applying shotcrete. Bring the wetted surface to a saturated surface dry (SSD) condition prior to applying shotcrete and maintain this condition until the application begins. Use a blowpipe to facilitate removal of free surface water. Only oil-free compressed air is to be used in the blowpipe.

The time between removal of deteriorated concrete and applying shotcrete shall not exceed five (5) calendar days. If the time allowance exceeds (5) calendar days, prepare the surface at the direction of the Engineer before applying shotcrete.

#### **APPLICATION AND SURFACE FINISH**

Apply shotcrete only when the surface temperature of the repair area is greater than  $40^{\circ}$ F and less than  $95^{\circ}$ F. Do not apply shotcrete to frosted surfaces. Maintain shotcrete at a minimum temperature of  $40^{\circ}$ F for three (3) calendar days after placement.

Apply shotcrete in layers. The properties of the applied shotcrete determine the proper thickness of each layer or lift.

The nozzleman should hold the nozzle three (3) to four (4) feet from the surface being covered in a position that ensures the shotcrete strikes at right angles to the surface being covered without excessive impact. The nozzleman shall maintain the water amount at a practicable minimum, so the mix properly adheres to the repair area. Water content should not become high enough to cause the mix to sag or fall from vertical or inclined surfaces, or to separate in horizontal layers.

Use shooting wires or guide strips that do not entrap rebound sand. Use guide wires to provide a positive means of checking the total thickness of the shotcrete applied. Remove the guide wires prior to the final finish coat.

To avoid leaving sand pockets in the shotcrete, blow or rake off sand that rebounds and does not fall clear of the work, or which collects in pockets in the work. Do not reuse rebound material in the work.

If a work stoppage longer than two (2) hours takes place on any shotcrete layer prior to the time it has been built up to required thickness, saturate the area with clean water and use a blowpipe as outlined previously, prior to continuing with the remaining shotcrete course. Do not apply shotcrete to a dry surface.

Finish all repaired areas, including chamfered edges, as close as practicable to their original "As Built" dimensions and configuration. Provide a minimum 2" of cover for reinforcing steel exposed during repair. Slightly build up and trim shotcrete to the final surface by cutting with the leading edge of a sharp trowel. Use a rubber float to correct any imperfections. Limit work on the finished surface to correcting imperfections caused by trowel cutting.

Immediately after bringing shotcrete surfaces to final thickness, thoroughly check for sags, bridging, and other deficiencies. Repair any imperfections at the direction of the Engineer.

Prevent finished shotcrete from drying out by maintaining 95% relative humidity at the repair and surrounding areas by fogging, moist curing or other approved means for seven (7) calendar days.

#### MATERIAL TESTING & ACCEPTANCE

Each day shotcreting takes place, the nozzleman shall shoot one 18" x 18" x 3" test panel in the same position as the repair work that is being done to demonstrate the shotcrete is being applied properly. Store, handle and cure the test panel in the same manner as the repaired substructure.

Approximately 72 hours after completing the final shotcrete placement, thoroughly test the surface with a hammer. At this time, the repair area should have sufficient strength for all sound sections to ring sharply. Remove and replace any unsound portions prior to the final inspection of the work. No additional compensation will be provided for removal and replacement of unsound shotcrete.

After seven (7) calendar days, core three (3) 3" diameter samples from each test panel and from the repaired structure as directed by the Engineer. Any cores taken from the structure shall penetrate into the existing structure concrete at least two (2) inches. Cores shall be inspected for delamination, sand pockets, tested for bond strength and compressive strength. If a core taken from a repaired structure unit indicates unsatisfactory application or performance of the shotcrete, take additional cores from the applicable structure unit(s) for additional evaluation and testing as directed by the Engineer. Any repair work failing to meet the requirements of this provision will be rejected and the Contractor shall implement a remediation plan to correct the deficiency at no additional core holes in repaired structure units to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All material testing, core testing and sampling will be done by the Materials and Tests Unit of North Carolina Department of Transportation.

#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Shotcrete Repairs* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per cubic foot and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the repair work. Depth will be measured from the original outside concrete face. The Contractor and Engineer will measure quantities after removal of unsound concrete and before application of repair material. Payment will also include the cost of sandblasting, surface cleaning and preparation, cleaning of reinforcing steel, placement of new steel, cost of temporary work platform, testing for soundness, curing of shotcrete and taking core samples from the test panels and substructure units.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Shotcrete Repairs

#### **CONCRETE REPAIRS**

#### DESCRIPTION

Work includes removal of concrete in spalled, delaminated and/or cracked areas of the existing bent caps, bent columns, underside of bridge decks, deck slabs, girders, and bridge rails in reasonably close conformity with the lines, depth, and details shown on the plans, described herein and as established by the Engineer. This work also includes straightening, cleaning, and replacement of reinforcing steel, doweling new reinforcing steel, removing all loose materials, removing and disposing of debris, formwork, applying repair material, and protecting adjacent areas of the bridge and environment from material leakage. The repair material shall be one of the materials described in this Special Provision, unless otherwise noted in the plans or special provisions.

The location and extent of repairs shown on the plans described herein are general in nature. The Engineer shall determine the extent of removal in the field based on an evaluation of the condition of the exposed surfaces. The Contractor shall coordinate removal operations with the Engineer.

**Pay Unit** Cubic Feet

(2-11-19)

No more than 30% of a round or square column or 30% of the bearing area under a beam shall be removed without a temporary support system and approval from the Engineer.

Repair, to the Engineer's satisfaction, any portion of the structure that is damaged from construction operations. No extra payment is provided for these repairs.

#### SURFACE PREPARATION

(A) Adhere to the following surface preparation requirements or the repair material manufacturer's requirements, whichever is more stringent.

(B) Prior to starting the repair operation, delineate all surfaces and areas assumed to be deteriorated by visually examining and sounding the concrete surface with a hammer or other approved method. The Engineer is the sole judge in determining the limits of deterioration.

(C) Prior to concrete removal, introduce a shallow saw cut,  $\frac{1}{2}$ " in depth, around the repair area at right angles to the concrete surface. Sawcut should be located a minimum 2" beyond the perimeter of the deteriorated concrete area to be repaired. Remove all concrete within the sawcut to a minimum depth of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ". If concrete removal exposes reinforcing steel, remove all deteriorated concrete 1" below the reinforcing steel with a 17 lb (maximum) pneumatic hammer, with points that do not exceed the width of the shank, or with hand picks or chisels, as directed by the Engineer. Do not cut or remove the existing reinforcing steel. Unless specifically directed by the Engineer, do not remove concrete deeper than 1" below the reinforcing steel.

(D) Abrasive blast all exposed concrete surfaces and existing reinforcing steel in repair areas to remove all debris, loose concrete, loose mortar, rust, scale, etc. After blasting, examine the reinforcing steel to ensure at least 90% of the original diameter remains. If there is more than 10% reduction in the rebar diameter, splice in and securely tie supplemental reinforcing bars as directed by the Engineer. This might require additional removal of concrete, in order to achieve an appropriate splice length of the reinforcing steel.

(E) Thoroughly clean the repair area of all dirt, grease, oil, or foreign matter, and remove all loose or weakened material by abrasive blasting before applying concrete repair material. Acid etch with 15% hydrochloric acid, only if approved by the Engineer. Follow acid etching by scrubbing and flushing with copious amounts of clean water. Check the cleaning using moist pH paper. Water cleaning is complete when the paper reads ten (10) or higher.

(F) Follow all abrasive blasting with vacuum cleaning.

(G) The time between removal of deteriorated concrete and applying concrete repair material shall not exceed 72 hours. If the time allowance exceeds 72 hours, prepare the surface at the direction of the Engineer before applying concrete repair material.

#### APPLICATION AND SURFACE FINISH

Apply repair material to damp surfaces only when allowed by repair material recommendations and approved by the Engineer. Prepare damp surfaces in accordance with the *Standard Specifications* and/ or repair material manufacturer's recommendations. Use a blowpipe to facilitate removal of free surface water. Only oil-free compressed air is to be used in the blowpipe.

When surface preparation is completed, mix and apply repair material in accordance with the *Standard Specifications* and/ or repair material manufacturer's recommendations.

Use aggregate that is washed, kiln-dried, and bagged. Maximum size of aggregate shall not exceed 2/3 of the minimum depth of the repair area, or 3/4 of the depth of excavation behind the reinforcing steel, whichever is smaller.

Unless otherwise required by the repair material manufacturer, apply bonding agent to all repair areas immediately prior to placing repair material.

Repair areas shall be formed unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Form and finish all repaired areas, including chamfered edges, as close as practicable to their original "As Built" dimensions and configuration. After applying the repair material, remove excessive material and provide a smooth, flush surface, unless directed otherwise.

Cure finished Class A concrete repair material by maintaining 95% relative humidity at the repair and surrounding areas by fogging, moist curing, or other approved means for seven (7) days. Cure polymer modified concrete repair material in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

## **REPAIR MATERIAL OPTIONS**

(H) Polymer Modified Concrete Repair Material

Repair material shall be polymer modified cement mortar for vertical or overhead applications and shall be suitable for applications in marine environments. Material shall be approved for use by NCDOT. Submit repair material to the Engineer for review and approval prior to beginning the work. Color of repair material shall be concrete gray.

 (I) Class A Concrete Repair Material Repair material shall be Class A Portland Cement Concrete as described in Article 1000-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

#### TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM

(J) Prior to beginning any repair work, provide details for a sufficiently sized temporary work platform at each repair location. Design steel members to meet the requirements of the *American Institute of Steel Construction Manual*. Design timber members in accordance with the *National Design Specification for Stress-Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings* of the National Forest Products Association. Submit the platform design and plans for review and approval. The design and plans shall be sealed and signed by a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer. Do not install the platform until the design and plans are approved. Drilling holes in the superstructure for the purpose of attaching the platform is prohibited. Upon completion of work, remove all anchorages in the substructure and repair the substructure at no additional cost to the Department.

#### MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Concrete Repairs* will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per cubic foot and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, reinforcing steel, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the repair work. Depth will be measured from the original outside concrete face. The

Contractor and Engineer will measure quantities after removal of unsound concrete and before application of repair material. Payment will also include the cost of abrasive blasting, surface cleaning and preparation, blast cleaning of reinforcing steel, placement of new reinforcing steel, cost of temporary work platform, testing of the soundness of the exposed concrete surface, furnishing and installation of repair mortar material, curing and sampling of concrete, and protection/cleaning of adjacent areas from splatter or leakage.

Reinforcing Steel that is required for the repairs will be in accordance with Section 425 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item         | Pay Unit   |
|------------------|------------|
| Concrete Repairs | Cubic Feet |

## EPOXY COATING AND DEBRIS REMOVAL

#### (SPECIAL)

#### GENERAL

This work applies to all bents and end bents of all bridges throughout the project as noted in the plans. Pressure wash, clean and epoxy coat top of the all bent and end bent caps under open joints and at the expansion joints of steel girder spans after painting of all girders is concluded.

Debris removal from the top of bent caps shall be incidental to epoxy coating the top of bent caps.

Use a Type 4A flexible and moisture insensitive epoxy coating in accordance with Section 1081 of the *Standard Specifications*. Provide a Type 3 material certification in accordance with Article 106-3 showing the proposed epoxy meets Type 4A requirements.

#### SURFACES

Apply the epoxy protective coating to the top surface area, including chamfer area of bent caps under open joints and expansion joints of the steel girder spans, excluding areas under elastomeric bearings.

Thoroughly clean all dust, dirt, grease, oil, laitance and other objectionable material from the concrete surfaces to be coated. Air blast all surfaces immediately before applying the protective coating.

Use only cleaning agents preapproved by the Engineer.

#### APPLICATION

Apply epoxy protective coating only when the air temperature is at least 40°F and rising, but less than 95°F and the surface temperature of the area to be coated is at least 40°F. Remove any excess or free-standing water from the surfaces before applying the coating. Apply one coat of epoxy protective coating at a rate such that it covers between 100 and 200 sf/gal.

Under certain combinations of circumstances, the cured epoxy protective coating may develop an oily condition on the surface due to amine blush. This condition is not detrimental to the applied system.

Apply the coating so the entire designated surface of the concrete is covered and all pores are filled. To provide a uniform appearance, use the exact same material on all visible surfaces.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

*Epoxy Coating* will be measured and paid for by the contract unit price per square foot and shall be full compensation for furnishing all material, labor, tools and equipment necessary for cleaning and coating the tops of bent caps. Debris removal from the top of bent caps shall be incidental to epoxy coating the top of bent caps.

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Square Feet

**Epoxy Coating** 

## FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

(4-5-12)

#### **1.0 DESCRIPTION**

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

#### **3.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**

#### A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints. Submit the number of copies as called for by the contract.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

| Member<br>Type<br>(PCG) | Member<br>Depth,<br>(inches) | Max. Overhang<br>Width,<br>(inches) | Max. Slab Edge<br>Thickness,<br>(inches) | Max. Screed<br>Wheel Weight,<br>(lbs.) | Bracket Min.<br>Vertical Leg<br>Extension,<br>(inches) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| II                      | 36                           | 39                                  | 14                                       | 2000                                   | 26   |
| III                     | 45                           | 42                                  | 14                                       | 2000                                   | 35   |
| IV                      | 54                           | 45                                  | 14                                       | 2000                                   | 44   |
| MBT                     | 63                           | 51                                  | 12                                       | 2000                                   | 50   |
| MBT                     | 72                           | 55                                  | 12                                       | 1700                                   | 48   |

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab.

For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member,  $1'-2 \frac{1}{2}$ " from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel

bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than  $\frac{3}{4}$ ".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

| Height Zone       | Pressure, lb/ft <sup>2</sup> for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph |    |    |     |     |
|-------------------|---|----|----|-----|-----|
| feet above ground | 70  | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 |
| 0 to 30           | 15  | 20 | 25 | 30  | 35  |
| 30 to 50          | 20  | 25 | 30 | 35  | 40  |
| 50 to 100         | 25  | 30 | 35 | 40  | 45  |
| over 100          | 30  | 35 | 40 | 45  | 50  |

 Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values

2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

| COUNTY     | 25 YR<br>(mph) | COUNTY      | 25 YR<br>(mph) | COUNTY       | 25 YR<br>(mph) |
|------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Alamance   | 70             | Franklin    | 70             | Pamlico      | 100            |
| Alexander  | 70             | Gaston      | 70             | Pasquotank   | 100            |
| Alleghany  | 70             | Gates       | 90             | Pender       | 100            |
| Anson      | 70             | Graham      | 80             | Perquimans   | 100            |
| Ashe       | 70             | Granville   | 70             | Person       | 70             |
| Avery      | 70             | Greene      | 80             | Pitt         | 90             |
| Beaufort   | 100            | Guilford    | 70             | Polk         | 80             |
| Bertie     | 90             | Halifax     | 80             | Randolph     | 70             |
| Bladen     | 90             | Harnett     | 70             | Richmond     | 70             |
| Brunswick  | 100            | Haywood     | 80             | Robeson      | 80             |
| Buncombe   | 80             | Henderson   | 80             | Rockingham   | 70             |
| Burke      | 70             | Hertford    | 90             | Rowan        | 70             |
| Cabarrus   | 70             | Hoke        | 70             | Rutherford   | 70             |
| Caldwell   | 70             | Hyde        | 110            | Sampson      | 90             |
| Camden     | 100            | Iredell     | 70             | Scotland     | 70             |
| Carteret   | 110            | Jackson     | 80             | Stanley      | 70             |
| Caswell    | 70             | Johnston    | 80             | Stokes       | 70             |
| Catawba    | 70             | Jones       | 100            | Surry        | 70             |
| Cherokee   | 80             | Lee         | 70             | Swain        | 80             |
| Chatham    | 70             | Lenoir      | 90             | Transylvania | 80             |
| Chowan     | 90             | Lincoln     | 70             | Tyrell       | 100            |
| Clay       | 80             | Macon       | 80             | Union        | 70             |
| Cleveland  | 70             | Madison     | 80             | Vance        | 70             |
| Columbus   | 90             | Martin      | 90             | Wake         | 70             |
| Craven     | 100            | McDowell    | 70             | Warren       | 70             |
| Cumberland | 80             | Mecklenburg | 70             | Washington   | 100            |
| Currituck  | 100            | Mitchell    | 70             | Watauga      | 70             |
| Dare       | 110            | Montgomery  | 70             | Wayne        | 80             |
| Davidson   | 70             | Moore       | 70             | Wilkes       | 70             |
| Davie      | 70             | Nash        | 80             | Wilson       | 80             |
| Duplin     | 90             | New Hanover | 100            | Yadkin       | 70             |
| Durham     | 70             | Northampton | 80             | Yancey       | 70             |
| Edgecombe  | 80             | Onslow      | 100            |              |                |
| Forsyth    | 70             | Orange      | 70             |              |                |

## Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

## B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

## 4.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

#### 5.0 **Removal**

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

#### 6.0 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

#### 7.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

#### SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

(6-28-17)

#### 8.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Engineer. Either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal

requirements to the Engineer, Structures Management Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

In order to facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

#### 9.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structures Management Unit, use the following addresses:

| Via US mail:   | Via other delivery service:                            |
|--|--|
| Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.                                 | Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.                                 |
| State Structures Engineer<br>North Carolina Department | State Structures Engineer<br>North Carolina Department |
| of Transportation                                      | of Transportation                                      |
| Structures Management Unit                             | Structures Management Unit                             |
| 1581 Mail Service Center<br>Raleigh, NC 27699-1581     | 1000 Birch Ridge Drive<br>Raleigh, NC 27610            |
| Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.                     | Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.                     |

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

Submittals may also be made via email.

Send submittals to:

jlbolden@ncdot.gov (James Bolden)

Send an additional e-copy of the submittal to the following address:

| eomile@ncdot.gov | (Emmanuel Omile) |
|------------------|------------------|
| mrorie@ncdot.gov | (Madonna Rorie)  |

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office address:

| Via US mail:                  | Via other delivery service:        |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Mr. Chris Kreider, P. E.      | Mr. Chris Kreider, P. E.           |
| Eastern Regional Geotechnical | Eastern Regional Geotechnical      |
| Manager                       | Manager                            |
| North Carolina Department     | North Carolina Department          |
| of Transportation             | of Transportation                  |
| Geotechnical Engineering Unit | Geotechnical Engineering Unit      |
| Eastern Regional Office       | Eastern Regional Office            |
| 1570 Mail Service Center      | 3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100 |
| Raleigh, NC 27699-1570        | Garner, NC 27529                   |

Via Email: EastGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office address:

Via US mail or other delivery service:

Mr. Eric Williams, P. E. Western Regional Geotechnical Manager North Carolina Department of Transportation Geotechnical Engineering Unit Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

Via Email: <u>WestGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov</u>

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structures Management Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "Drawing Submittal Status" link.

The status of the review of geotechnical-related submittals sent to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "Geotechnical Construction Submittals" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

| Primary Structures Contact: | James Bolden | (919) 707 - 6408           |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|                             |              | (919) 250 – 4082 facsimile |

#### jlbolden@ncdot.gov

| Secondary Structures Contacts: | Emmanuel Omile(919) 707 – 643 |                  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
|                                | Madonna Rorie                 | (919) 707 – 6508 |

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7): Chris Kreider (919) 662 – 4710 ckreider@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14): Eric Williams (704) 455 – 8902 <u>ewilliams3@ncdot.gov</u>

#### **10.0 SUBMITTAL COPIES**

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Engineer. At the same time, submit the number of hard copies shown below of the same complete submittal directly to the Structures Management Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals". The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structures Management Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals". The Engineer will receive

review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

| Submittal  | Copies<br>Required by<br>Structures<br>Management<br>Unit | Copies<br>Required by<br>Geotechnical<br>Engineering<br>Unit | Contract Reference<br>Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup>                                 |
|--|---|--|--|
| Arch Culvert Falsework   | 5   | 0  | Plan Note, SN Sheet &<br>"Falsework and Formwork"                                      |
| Box Culvert Falsework <sup>7</sup>   | 5   | 0  | Plan Note, SN Sheet &<br>"Falsework and Formwork"                                      |
| Cofferdams   | 6   | 2  | Article 410-4  |
| Foam Joint Seals <sup>6</sup>  | 9   | 0  | "Foam Joint Seals"   |
| Expansion Joint Seals<br>(hold down plate type with base<br>angle)<br>Expansion Joint Seals<br>(modular) | 9<br>2, then 9  | 0<br>0   | "Expansion Joint Seals"<br>"Modular Expansion Joint<br>Seals"                          |
| Expansion Joint Seals<br>(strip seals)   | 9   | 0  | "Strip Seals"  |
| Falsework & Forms <sup>2</sup><br>(substructure)   | 8   | 0  | Article 420-3 & "Falsework<br>and Formwork"  |
| Falsework & Forms<br>(superstructure)  | 8   | 0  | Article 420-3 & "Falsework<br>and Formwork"  |
| Girder Erection over Railroad  | 5   | 0  | <b>Railroad Provisions</b>   |
| Maintenance and Protection of<br>Traffic Beneath Proposed<br>Structure                                   | 8   | 0  | "Maintenance and<br>Protection of Traffic<br>Beneath Proposed Structure<br>at Station" |

## **STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS**

| -5769  | <b>BP-56</b>              |   | Mecklenburg County  |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|
| Metal Bridge Railing   | 8                         | 0 | Plan Note   |
| Metal Stay-in-Place Forms  | 8                         | 0 | Article 420-3   |
| Metalwork for Elastomeric<br>Bearings <sup>4,5</sup>                             | 7                         | 0 | Article 1072-8  |
| Miscellaneous Metalwork <sup>4,5</sup>   | 7                         | 0 | Article 1072-8  |
| Disc Bearings <sup>4</sup>   | 8                         | 0 | "Disc Bearings"   |
| Overhead and Digital Message<br>Signs (DMS) (metalwork and<br>foundations)       | 13                        | 0 | Applicable Provisions   |
| Placement of Equipment on<br>Structures (cranes, etc.)                           | 7                         | 0 | Article 420-20  |
| Precast Concrete Box Culverts  | 2, then<br>1 reproducible | 0 | "Optional Precast<br>Reinforced Concrete Box<br>Culvert at Station" |
| Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab<br>(detensioning sequences) <sup>3</sup>         | 6                         | 0 | Article 1078-11   |
| Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels   | 6 and<br>1 reproducible   | 0 | Article 420-3   |
| Prestressed Concrete Girder<br>(strand elongation and<br>detensioning sequences) | 6                         | 0 | Articles 1078-8 and 1078-<br>11                                     |
| Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad                                      | 5                         | 0 | Railroad Provisions   |
| Revised Bridge Deck Plans<br>(adaptation to prestressed deck<br>panels)          | 2, then<br>1 reproducible | 0 | Article 420-3   |
| Revised Bridge Deck Plans<br>(adaptation to modular<br>expansion joint seals)    | 2, then<br>1 reproducible | 0 | "Modular Expansion Joint<br>Seals"                                  |
| Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)   | 10                        | 0 | Article 1077-2 &<br>"Sound Barrier Wall"                            |
| Sound Barrier Wall Steel<br>Fabrication Plans <sup>5</sup>                       | 7                         | 0 | Article 1072-8 &<br>"Sound Barrier Wall"                            |
| Structural Steel <sup>4</sup>  | 2, then 7                 | 0 | Article 1072-8  |
|  |                           |   |   |

| I-5769                              | <b>BP-57</b> |   | Mecklenburg County  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|---|--|
| Temporary Detour Structures         | 10           | 2 | Article 400-3 &<br>"Construction,<br>Maintenance and Removal<br>of Temporary Structure at<br>Station" |  |
| TFE Expansion Bearings <sup>4</sup> | 8            | 0 | Article 1072-8  |  |

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#### **FOOTNOTES**

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the Standard Specifications.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structures Management Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the Standard Specifications are not required for these items.
- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

| Submittal   | Copies<br>Required by<br>Geotechnical<br>Engineering<br>Unit | Copies<br>Required by<br>Structures<br>Management<br>Unit | Contract Reference<br>Requiring Submittal <sup>1</sup> |
|---|--|---|--|
| Drilled Pier Construction Plans <sup>2</sup>          | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 411-3(A)                                    |
| Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL)<br>Reports <sup>2</sup> | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)                                 |
| Pile Driving Equipment Data<br>Forms <sup>2,3</sup>   | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)                                 |
| Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA)<br>Reports <sup>2</sup>   | 1  | 0   | Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)                                 |

## **GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS**

**BP-58** 

| Retaining Walls <sup>4</sup>   | 1 drawings,<br>1 calculations | 2 drawings | Applicable Provisions                                   |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|---|
| Temporary Shoring <sup>4</sup> | 1 drawings,<br>1 calculations | 2 drawings | "Temporary Shoring" &<br>"Temporary Soil Nail<br>Walls" |

#### FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email), US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from: <u>https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech\_Forms\_Details.aspx</u> See second page of form for submittal instructions.
- 4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

#### **CRANE SAFETY**

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

#### CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. <u>**Competent Person:**</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. **<u>Riggers:</u>** Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight

(6-20-19)

(12-1-17)

calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.

- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications:</u> Crane operators shall be certified by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO) or the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. In addition, crane operators shall have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of crane operator(s) and include current certification for each type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

#### **GROUT FOR STRUCTURES**

#### DESCRIPTION

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

#### MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

#### SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

## **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

#### GABION MATTRESS

(SPECIAL)

#### DESCRIPTION

The work in this Special Provision governs the construction of the Gabion Mattress slope protection in accordance with the details and dimensions shown on the plans and this special provision. The term gabion is used generically in this special provision to refer to any proprietary system able to satisfy this special provision and the contract plans.

Gabions are matts manufactured from 6x8 double twisted hexagonal woven steel wire mesh, as per ASTM A975-97. Gabions are filled with stones at the project site to form gravity retaining walls. The gabion is divided into cells by diaphragms positioned at approximately 3 foot centers. To reinforce the structure, all mesh panel edges are selvedged with a wire having a greater diameter. The steel wire used in the manufacture of the gabions is heavily zinc coated soft temper steel. A polyvinyl chloride (PVC) coating is then applied to a nominal thickness of 0.02 inch to provide additional protection.

Gabions are manufactured and shipped with all components mechanically connected at the production facility.

#### WORK EXPERIENCE

Assign a field supervisor with experience on at least three projects of similar scope to this project, completed over the past five years. The on-site foreman must have completed three projects within the last five years involving gabion installations of similar scope and size. The Department may suspend the slope protection construction work if the Contractor substitutes unqualified personnel and the Contractor shall be liable for additional costs resulting from the suspension.

Submit the above experience qualifications list and personnel list for approval with the bid documents.

#### **PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING**

Conduct a preconstruction meeting with the field supervisor, the on-site foreman, the Resident Engineer and/or his or her representatives, the Area Roadway Engineer and the Geotechnical Operations Engineer to discuss construction and inspection of the gabion mattress slope protection.

#### MATERIALS

All materials shall be as specified or better, and approved by the Engineer. Submit requests for substitutions to the Engineer 14 days before intended installation. Materials used for the construction of the gabion mattress slope protection must satisfy the following requirements:

#### (A) Wire

Use wire for the manufacture of the gabions and lacing wire that has a maximum tensile strength of 75,000 psi (515 MPa) as per ASTM A641/A641-03. Perform all tests on the wire prior to manufacturing the mesh. Use wire that complies with ASTM A975-97, style 3 coating, galvanized and PVC coated steel wire.

(B) Woven Wire Mesh Type 6x8

Use mesh and wire for the manufacture of the gabions with characteristics that meet the requirements of ASTM A975-97 Table 1, Mesh type 6x8 and PVC coated. The nominal mesh opening, D = 2.50 in. (64 mm.) The minimum mesh properties for strength and flexibility shall be in accordance with the following:

- (1) A minimum Mesh Tensile Strength of 2,900 lb/ft when tested in accordance with ASTM A975-97 section 13.1.1 is required
- (2) A minimum Punch Test resistance of 5,300 lb when tested in compliance with ASTM A975-97 section 13.1.4 is required.
- (3) A minimum Connection to Selvedges of 1,200 lb/ft when tested in accordance with ASTM A975-97 is required.
- (C) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coating

The technical characteristics and the resistance of the PVC to aging shall meet the relevant standards. The main values for the PVC material are as follows:

- (1) The initial property of the PVC coating shall be in compliance with ASTM A975-97 section 8.2.
- (2) Prior to UV and abrasion degradation, the PVC polymer coating shall have a projected minimum durability of 60 years when tested in accordance with UL 746B Polymeric Material – Long Term Property Evaluation for heat aging test.
- (D) Fabrication at Manufacturing Facility

Manufacture and ship gabions with all components mechanically connected at the production facility. The front, base, back, and lid of the gabions shall be woven into a single unit. Factory connect the ends and diaphragm(s) to the base. Selvedge all perimeter edges of the mesh forming the basket and top, or lid, with wire having a greater diameter. The gabion is divided into cells by means of diaphragms positioned at approximately 3 foot centers. Secure the diaphragms in position to the base so that no additional lacing is necessary at the jobsite.

(1) Lacing Wire

Use lacing wire meeting all of the physical characteristics outlined herein and having a minimum diameter of 0.127 inch

(2) Ring Fasteners

Stainless steel ring fastener may be used instead of, or to compliment the lacing wire. Use ring fasteners meeting the requirements of ASTM A975-97 section 6.3. Use ring fasteners with a minimum open dimension of 1.75 inch, a maximum closed diameter of 0.75 inch, and a nominal overlap of one in. after closure. Do not exceed a spacing of 6 inches between each ring fastener.

(3) Preformed Stiffeners

Use preformed stiffeners manufactured for supporting the exposed face of a gabion. The exposed face is any side of a gabion cell that will be exposed or unsupported after the structure is completed.

(4) Cross Tie/ Stiffener Wire

Cross tie/stiffener wire may be used instead of or to compliment the preformed stiffeners. Use cross tie/stiffener wire (lacing wire) meeting all of the physical characteristics outlined herein and having a minimum diameter of 0.127 inch.

(E) Aggregate

Aggregate for gabions shall be hard, angular to round, durable and of such quality that they shall not disintegrate on exposure to water or weathering during the life of the structure. Not more than 5% by weight of clean spalls resulting from loading and shipment will be allowed in any truckload. The rock may be unwashed quarry material provided it meets all requirements of these special provisions and is placed in conformance with all requirements of the Department's construction permits (including water quality requirements).

The minimum unit weight of the aggregate shall be 164 pounds per cubic foot (saturated surface dry) and the absorption shall be less than 4%. Use aggregate that ranges in dimension from a minimum of 4 inches to a maximum of 8 inches. The range in sizes shall allow for a variation of 5% oversize and/or 5% undersize stone, provided it is not placed on the gabion exposed surface. The size shall be such that a minimum of three layers of rock are achieved when filling the gabion. Submit to the Resident Engineer, testing results and certification that all proposed construction materials meet all requirements of the 2018 Standard Specifications prior to construction.

Only crystalline rock obtained by quarrying shall be allowed.

Rock containing organic matter or soft, friable particles in quantities considered objectionable to the Engineer will be rejected.

(F) Geotextile

Provide Type 2 geotextile for filtration geotextiles.

## **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

The Contractor shall use reasonable care in handling, assembling and installing the gabions to prevent damage including damage to the PVC coating. Gabions damaged shall be repaired in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer or replaced at no cost to the Department.

# (A) Assembly

Gabions are supplied folded flat and packed in bundles. The units are assembled individually by erecting the sides, ends, and diaphragms, ensuring that all panels are in the correct position, and the tops of all the sides are aligned. First, connect the four corners, followed by the internal diaphragms to the outside walls. Use lacing wire or fasteners for all connections.

The procedure for using lacing wire consists of cutting a sufficient length of wire, and first looping and/or twisting to secure the lacing wire to the wire mesh. Proceed to lace with alternating double and single loops through every mesh opening approximately every 6 in (150 mm), pulling each loop tight and finally securing the end of the lacing wire to the wire mesh by looping and/or twisting.

(B) Installation

After placing geotextile and completing initial assembly, the gabions shall be carried to their final position and are securely joined together along vertical and top edges of their contact surfaces using the same connecting procedure(s) previously described. Whenever a structure requires more than one layer, the upper empty baskets shall also be connected to the top of the lower layer along the front and back edges of the contact surface using the same connecting procedure(s) previously described.

(C) Filling Gabions

Fill gabions with aggregate as specified above. During the filling operation some manual rock placement may be required to minimize voids. The exposed faces of vertical structures may be carefully hand-placed to give a neat, flat and compact appearance. Care shall be taken when placing fill material to ensure that the sheathing on the PVC coated baskets is not damaged.

Fill the cells in stages so that local deformation is avoided. Do not fill any one cell to a depth exceeding one foot higher than an adjoining cell. It is also recommended to slightly overfill the baskets by 1 to 2 inches to allow for settlement of the aggregate. Compact the backfill material behind gabion walls simultaneously to the same level as the filled gabions.

# (D) Preformed Stiffeners/Internal Connecting Wires

For gabions, use preformed stiffeners or lacing wire as internal connecting wires when a structure requires more than one layer of gabions to be stacked on top of each other. Connect internal connecting wires to the exposed face of a cell to the adjacent side of the cell. Preformed stiffeners shall be installed at 45 degree to the face/side of the unit, extending an equal distance along each side to be braced (approximately one foot). Cross tie/stiffener wire (lacing wire) may be used instead of, or to compliment to preformed stiffeners. An exposed face is any side of a gabion cell that will be exposed or unsupported after the structure is completed.

(E) 1.0 Feet High Gabions

1-feet high gabions do not require preformed stiffeners/connecting wire unless the baskets are used to build vertical structures and turned on their side. In some cases, these units shall be filled in two layers, 6 inches at a time. Connecting wires shall be installed after the placement of the first layer, which is 6 inches high.

(F) 9 Inch High Gabions

9-inch high gabions do not require preformed stiffeners/connecting wire unless the baskets are used to build vertical structures and turned on their side. In some cases, these units shall be filled in two layers, 3 inches at a time. Connecting wires shall be installed after the placement of the first layer, which is 3 inches high.

(G) 6 Inch High Gabions

6-inch high gabions do not require preformed stiffeners/connecting wire unless the baskets are used to build vertical structures and turned on their side. In some cases, these units shall be filled in two layers, 3 inches at a time. Connecting wires shall be installed after the placement of the first layer, which is 3 inches high.

(H) Lid Closing

Once the gabion baskets are completely full, the Contractor shall pull the lids tight until the lid meets the perimeter edges of the basket. A tool such as a lid closer may be used. Tightly lace and/or fasten the lid along all edges, ends, and tops of diaphragm(s) in the same manner previously described.

(I) Mesh Cutting and Folding

Where shown on the plans or other areas as directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall cut the gabion, fold and fasten together to suit the existing site conditions. Cleanly cut the mesh, fold back the surplus mesh, and neatly wire to an adjacent basket face. Securely fasten the cut edges of the mesh with lacing wire or fasteners in the manner previously described. Assemble, install, fill and close any reshaped gabion baskets as specified in the previous sections.

# MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*Gabion Mattress (1'- 0" thick)* will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of exposed face area incorporated into the completed and accepted slope protection. The slope protection height is measured as the difference between the top and bottom of the slope. The bottom of slope protection is defined as the point where the finished grade intersects the front of

the slope protection. The top of the slope protection is defined as the top elevation of the completed slope protection including any height from the End Bent berm.

Such price and payment will be full compensation for all items required to provide the gabion mattresses, including, but not limited to, those items contained in this special provision and any other items, labor or material required.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Gabion Mattress (1'- 0" thick)

# **REPLACING MISSING UTILITY COVERS**

# (SPECIAL)

**Pay Unit** 

Pay Unit

Lump Sum

(2-11-19)

Square Yards

# DESCRIPTION

Replace missing utility covers at locations shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Existing utility/junction boxes shall be field measured and verified prior to ordering replacement covers. Unless otherwise allowed by the Engineer, provide hot dipped galvanized covers with checkered imprint, pry bar slots, and reinforcing ribs for heavy loading, neoprene gasket, and brass or stainless steel bolts for attachment to the existing box, in accordance with Article 1091-5 © of the Standard Specifications. The replaced utility covers are subject to the approval of the Engineer.

# MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Basis of payment for the replacement of the missing utility covers will be at the lump sum contract price for "Replacing Missing Utility Covers" which price and payment will be full compensation for furnishing all material, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** Replacing Missing Utility Covers

# **EPOXY RESIN INJECTION**

# GENERAL

For repairing cracks, an applicator certified by the manufacturer of epoxy injection system to be used is required to perform the epoxy resin injection. The Contractor shall submit documentation that indicates the firm, supervisor and the workmen have completed an instruction program in the methods of restoring concrete structures utilizing the epoxy injection process and have five (5) years of relative experience with a record of satisfactory performance on similar projects.

The Contractor furnishes all materials, tools, equipment, appliances, labor and supervision required when repairing cracks with the injection of an epoxy resin adhesive.

# SCOPE OF WORK

Using Epoxy Resin Injection, repair all cracks 5 mils (125 lm) wide or greater in the interior bent columns and caps, the end bent caps, and elsewhere on the structure as approved by the engineer.

Repair any crack, void, honeycomb or spall area unsuitable for repair by injection with epoxy mortar.

# COOPERATION

Cooperate and coordinate with the Technical Representative of the epoxy resin manufacturer for satisfactory performance of the work.

Have the Technical Representative present when the job begins and until the Engineer is assured that his service is no longer needed.

The expense of having this representative on the job is the Contractor's responsibility and no direct payment will be made for this expense.

# TESTING

The North Carolina Department of Transportation Materials and Tests Unit will obtain cores from the repaired concrete for testing. If the failure plane is located at the repaired crack, a minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi is required of these cores.

# MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Provide a two-component structural epoxy adhesive for injection into cracks or other voids. Provide modified epoxy resin (Component "A") that conforms to the following requirements:

|                                       | Test Method                              | Specification Requirements |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Viscosity @ $40 \pm 3^{\circ}$ F, cps | Brookfield RVT Spindle<br>No. 4 @ 20 rpm | 6,000 - 8,000              |
| Viscosity @ 77 $\pm$ 3°F, cps         | Brookfield RVT Spindle<br>No. 2 @ 20 rpm | 400 - 700                  |
| Epoxide Equivalent Weight             | ASTM D1652                               | 152 - 168                  |
| Ash Content, %                        | ASTM D482                                | 1 max.                     |

Provide the amine curing agent (Component "B") used with the epoxy resin that meets the following requirements:

|                                       | Test Method                              | Specification Requirements |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Viscosity @ $40 \pm 3^{\circ}$ F, cps | Brookfield RVT Spindle<br>No. 2 @ 20 rpm | 700 - 1400                 |

| Viscosity @ $77 \pm 3^{\circ}$ F, cps                    | Brookfield RVT Spindle<br>No. 2 @ 20 rpm | 105 - 240 |  |  |  |
|--|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| Amine Value, mg KOH/g                                    | ASTM D664*                               | 490 - 560 |  |  |  |
| Ash Content, %   | ASTM D482                                | 1 max.    |  |  |  |
| * Method modified to use perchloric acid in acetic acid. |  |           |  |  |  |

Certify that the Uncured Adhesive, when mixed in the mix ratio that the material supplier specifies, has the following properties:

Pot Life (60 gram mass)

@  $77 \pm 3^{\circ}F$  - 15 minutes minimum

@  $100 \pm 3^{\circ}F$  - 5 minutes minimum

Certify that the Adhesive, when cured for seven (7) days at  $77 \pm 3^{\circ}F$  unless otherwise specified, has the following properties:

|   | Test Method | Specification Requirements      |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Ultimate Tensile Strength   | ASTM D638   | 7,000 psi (min.)                |
| Tensile Elongation at Break   | ASTM D638   | 4% max.                         |
| Flexural Strength   | ASTM D790   | 10,000 psi (min.)               |
| Flexural Modulus  | ASTM D790   | 3.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup> psi       |
| Compressive Yield Strength  | ASTM D695   | 11,000 psi (min.)               |
| Compressive Modulus   | ASTM D695   | 2.0 - 3.5 x 10 <sup>5</sup> psi |
| Heat Deflection Temperature<br>Cured 28 days @ $77 \pm 3^{\circ}F$                | ASTM D648*  | 125°F min.<br>135°F min.        |
| Slant Shear Strength,<br>5,000 psi (34.5 MPa)<br>compressive strength<br>concrete | AASHTO T237 |                                 |
| Cured 3 days @ 40°F wet concrete  |             | 3,500 psi (min.)                |
| Cured 7 days @ 40°F wet concrete  |             | 4,000 psi (min.)                |
| Cured 1 day @ 77°F<br>dry concrete  |             | 5,000 psi (min.)                |

\* Cure test specimens so the peak exothermic temperature does not exceed 77°F.

Use an epoxy bonding agent, as specified for epoxy mortar, as the surface seal (used to confine the epoxy resin during injection).

# **EQUIPMENT FOR INJECTION**

Use portable positive displacement type pumps with interlock to provide positive ratio control of exact proportions of the two (2) components at the nozzle to meter and mix the two (2) injection adhesive components and inject the mixed adhesive into the crack. Use electric or air powered pumps that provide in-line metering and mixing.

Use injection equipment with automatic pressure control capable of discharging the mixed adhesive at any pre-set pressure up to  $200 \pm 5$  psi and equipped with a manual pressure control override.

Use equipment capable of maintaining the volume ratio for the injection adhesive as prescribed by the manufacturer. A tolerance of  $\pm$  5% by volume at any discharge pressure up to 200 psi is permitted.

Provide injection equipment with sensors on both the Component A and B reservoirs that automatically stop the machine when only one component is being pumped to the mixing head.

# PREPARATION

Follow these steps prior to injecting the epoxy resin:

- (A) Remove all dirt, dust, grease, oil, efflorescence and other foreign matter detrimental to the bond of the epoxy injection surface seal system from the surfaces adjacent to the cracks or other areas of application. Acids and corrosives are not permitted.
- (B) Provide entry ports along the crack at intervals not less than the thickness of the concrete at that location, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- (C) Apply surface seal material to the face of the crack between the entry ports. For through cracks, apply surface seal to both faces.
- (D) Allow enough time for the surface seal material to gain adequate strength before proceeding with the injection.

# **EPOXY INJECTION**

Before epoxy adhesive injection occurs, the Contractor shall test discharge one pint of epoxy to calibrate the equipment and to demonstrate that the workmen and equipment are working properly.

Begin epoxy adhesive injection in vertical cracks at the lower entry port and continue until the epoxy adhesive appears at the next higher entry port adjacent to the entry port being pumped.

Begin epoxy adhesive injection in horizontal cracks at one end of the crack and continue as long as the injection equipment meter indicates adhesive is being dispensed or until adhesive shows at the next entry port.

When epoxy adhesive appears at the next adjacent port, stop the current injection and transfer the epoxy injection to the next adjacent port where epoxy adhesive appeared.

Perform epoxy adhesive injection continuously until cracks are completely filled. Any stoppage of injection for more than 15 minutes shall result in the injection equipment being cleaned, at no additional cost to the Department, before resuming injection.

If port to port travel of epoxy adhesive is not indicated, immediately stop the work and notify the Engineer.

### FINISHING

When cracks are completely filled, allow the epoxy adhesive to cure for sufficient time to allow the removal of the surface seal without any draining or runback of epoxy material from the cracks.

Drill 4" diameter cored holes of the cured epoxy to the full depth of the crack to verify the cracks has been completely filled with epoxy. Three (3) cored holes are required for every 100 linear feet of crack to be injected, or as directed by the Engineer. The cored holes will be filled with Type 3 grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Remove the surface seal material and injection adhesive runs or spills from concrete surfaces.

Finish the face of the crack flush to the adjacent concrete, removing any indentations or protrusions caused by the placement of entry ports.

### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

*Epoxy Resin Injection* will be paid at the contract unit price per linear foot. Such payment will be full compensation for all materials, tools, equipment, labor, and for all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

| Pay Item              | Pay Unit    |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Epoxy Resin Injection | Linear Foot |

Jan 09, 2020 2:07 pm

Quantity

Unit Cost

Page 1 of 7

Amount

County : Mecklenburg Line Item Number Se # #

Sec Description #

### ROADWAY ITEMS

| 0001 | 0000100000-N | 800 | MOBILIZATION   | Lump Sum      | L.S. |
|------|--------------|-----|--|---------------|------|
| 0002 | 0036000000-Е | 225 | UNDERCUT EXCAVATION  | 170<br>CY     |      |
| 0003 | 0196000000-Е | 270 | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-<br>TION                         | 200<br>SY     |      |
| 0004 | 1220000000-Е | 545 | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE  | 40<br>TON     |      |
| 0005 | 1297000000-E | 607 | MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***"<br>DEPTH<br>(1-1/2")            | 35,301<br>SY  |      |
| 0006 | 1297000000-E | 607 | MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***"<br>DEPTH<br>(2")                | 58,856<br>SY  |      |
| 0007 | 1330000000-Е | 607 | INCIDENTAL MILLING   | 820<br>SY     |      |
| 0008 | 1524200000-Е | 610 | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,<br>TYPE S9.5D                     | 10,900<br>TON |      |
| 0009 | 1577000000-Е | 620 | POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN-<br>DER FOR PLANT MIX             | 729<br>TON    |      |
| 0010 | 1704000000-E | SP  | PATCHING EXISTING PAVEMENT                                     | 1,690<br>TON  |      |
| 0011 | 1735000000-Е | 723 | REPAIR OF JOINTED CONCRETE<br>PAVEMENT SLABS                   | 170<br>SY     |      |
| 0012 | 1736000000-Е | 723 | SELECT MATERIAL, CLASS IV                                      | 80<br>TON     |      |
| 0013 | 1737000000-Е | 723 | PATCHING CONCRETE PAVEMENT<br>SPALLS                           | 160<br>SF     |      |
| 0014 | 1839140000-Е | 661 | ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING<br>COURSE                            | 2,082<br>TON  |      |
| 0015 | 184000000-Е  | 665 | MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT<br>CONCRETE)                     | 22,810<br>LF  |      |
| 0016 | 1881000000-E | SP  | GENERIC PAVING ITEM<br>JOINT CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR &<br>SEALING | 40,134<br>LF  |      |
| 0017 | 1891000000-E | SP  | GENERIC PAVING ITEM<br>DIAMOND GRINDING PCC PAVEMENT           | 38,531<br>SY  |      |

County : Mecklenburg

| Line | Item Number Se | c Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|------|----------------|---------------|----------|-----------|--------|
| #    | #              | -             |          |           |        |

| 0031 | 4725000000-Е | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOL (90 MILS)     | 46<br>EA     |  |
|------|--------------|------|--|--------------|--|
| 0030 | 472000000-Е  | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>CHARACTER (90 MILS)  | 16<br>EA     |  |
| 0029 | 470000000-Е  | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 90 MILS) | 7,824<br>LF  |  |
| 0028 | 4695000000-Е | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 90 MILS)  | 1,911<br>LF  |  |
| 0027 | 4688000000-Е | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6", 90 MILS)  | 26,456<br>LF |  |
| 0026 | 4685000000-Е | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (4", 90 MILS)  | 870<br>LF    |  |
| 0025 | 4600000000-N | SP   | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>TRIPLE LANE CLOSURE    | 48<br>EA     |  |
| 0024 | 4600000000-N | SP   | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>SINGLE LANE CLOSURE    | 12<br>EA     |  |
| 0023 | 4600000000-N | SP   | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>RAMP/LOOP CLOSURE      | 37<br>EA     |  |
| 0022 | 4600000000-N | SP   | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>DOUBLE LANE CLOSURE    | 65<br>EA     |  |
| 0021 | 4510000000-N | 1190 | LAW ENFORCEMENT  | 1,052<br>HR  |  |
| 0020 | 4434000000-N | SP   | SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING<br>LIGHTS                  | 24<br>EA     |  |
| 0019 | 4424000000-N | SP   | WORK ZONE PRESENCE LIGHTING                            | 10<br>EA     |  |
| 0010 | 440000000-Е  | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)                           | 656<br>SF    |  |

County : Mecklenburg

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |   |              |           |        |
| 0034      | 478500000-Е  | 1205     | COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12")<br>(II)                         | 324<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0035      | 481000000-Е  | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(4")  | 870<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0036      | 4815000000-Е | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(6")  | 59,897<br>LF |           |        |
| 0037      | 4820000000-Е | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(8")  | 1,728<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0038      | 4825000000-Е | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(12")   | 12,460<br>LF |           |        |
| 0039      | 4835000000-Е | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(24")   | 194<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0040      | 4840000000-N | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-<br>TER   | 32<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0041      | 4845000000-N | 1205     | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL   | 80<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0042      | 4847030000-E | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6", 20 MILS)  | 11,584<br>LF |           |        |
| 0043      | 4847050000-Е | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 20 MILS)  | 461<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0044      | 4847070000-Е | 1205     | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 20 MILS)   | 2,469<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0045      | 4855000000-Е | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6")   | 2,032<br>LF  |           |        |
| 0046      | 486000000-Е  | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8")   | 320<br>LF    |           |        |
| 0047      | 4870000000-Е | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (24")  | 40<br>LF     |           |        |
| 0048      | 4875000000-N | 1205     | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS   | 17<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0049      | 489000000-Е  | SP       | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE II (9") | 5,370<br>LF  |           |        |

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 0050      | 4891000000-E | 1205     | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING   | 194<br>LF   |           |        |
|           |              |          | LINES (24",90 MILS)   | L           |           |        |
| 0051      | 4892000000-N | 1205     | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC<br>PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER<br>(90 MILS) | 4<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0052      | 4895000000-N | SP       | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE<br>PAVEMENT MARKER                            | 1,259<br>EA |           |        |
| 0053      | 4935000000-N | 1267     | FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS (CRYSTAL)  | 10<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0054      | 494000000-N  | 1267     | FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS (YELLOW)   | 13<br>EA    |           |        |
| 0055      | 5255000000-N | 1413     | PORTABLE LIGHTING   | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0056      | 6000000000-Е | 1605     | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE  | 710<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0057      | 6029000000-Е | SP       | SAFETY FENCE  | 100<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0058      | 603600000-Е  |          | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL   | 450<br>SY   |           |        |
| 0059      | 6071010000-Е | SP       | WATTLE  | 260<br>LF   |           |        |
| 0060      | 6084000000-Е | 1660     | SEEDING & MULCHING  | 0.7<br>ACR  |           |        |
| 0061      | 6117500000-N | SP       | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE  | 2<br>EA     |           |        |
| 0062      | 7444000000-Е | 1725     | INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT   | 480<br>LF   |           |        |

### STRUCTURE ITEMS

| 0063 | 1077000000-Е | SP  | #57 STONE   | 72<br>TON |  |
|------|--------------|-----|---|-----------|--|
| 0064 | 3533000000-Е | 866 | CHAIN LINK FENCE, **" FABRIC<br>(72")                 | 310<br>LF |  |
|      | 3539000000-Е | 866 | METAL LINE POSTS FOR **" CHAIN<br>LINK FENCE<br>(72") | 28<br>EA  |  |

County : Mecklenburg

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity          | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-------------------|-----------|--------|
|           |              |          |  |                   |           |        |
| 0066      | 354500000-Е  | 866      | METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR **"<br>CHAIN LINK FENCE<br>(72")              | 24<br>EA          |           |        |
| 0067      | 8161000000-Е | 420      | GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS   | <br>114,465<br>SF |           |        |
| 0068      | 818200000-Е  | 420      | CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)  | 2.3<br>CY         |           |        |
| 0069      | 855900000-Е  | SP       | CLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION  | 34.1<br>SY        |           |        |
| 0070      | 8594000000-E | 876      | RIP RAP, CLASS B   | 1,643<br>TON      |           |        |
| 0071      | 8622000000-E | 876      | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE  | 3,651<br>SY       |           |        |
| 0072      | 8660000000-E | SP       | CONCRETE REPAIRS   | 42.6<br>CF        |           |        |
| 0073      | 8664000000-E | SP       | SHOTCRETE REPAIRS  | <br>145.7<br>CF   |           |        |
| 0074      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590221 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0075      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590222 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0076      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590227 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0077      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590230 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0078      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590231 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0079      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590241 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0080      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590243 | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |
| 0081      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590221   | Lump Sum          | L.S.      |        |

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| Count     | County : Mecklenburg |          |   |             |           |        |
|-----------|----------------------|----------|---|-------------|-----------|--------|
| Line<br># | Item Number          | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity    | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 0082      | 886000000-N          | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590222                        | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0083      | 886000000-N          | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590227                        | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0084      | 8860000000-N         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590230                        | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0085      | 8860000000-N         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590231                        | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0086      | 886000000-N          | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590241                        | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0087      | 8860000000-N         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590243                        | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0088      | 8860000000-N         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>POLLUTION CONTROL   | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0089      | 8860000000-N         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>REPLACING MISSING UTILITY<br>COVERS                               | Lump Sum    | L.S.      |        |
| 0090      | 8867000000-E         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>FOAM JOINT SEALS FOR PRE-<br>SERVATION                            | 2,558<br>LF |           |        |
| 0091      | 8881000000-E         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE<br>MATERIALS                           | 659.2<br>CY |           |        |
| 0092      | 8892000000-E         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>EPOXY COATING   | 6,935<br>SF |           |        |
| 0093      | 8893000000-E         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CONCRETE DECK REPAIR FOR<br>POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE<br>OVERLAY | 34.1<br>SY  |           |        |
| 0094      | 8893000000-Е         | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>GABION MATTRESS (1'-0" THICK)                                     | 3,651<br>SY |           |        |

County : Mecklenburg

| Line<br># | Item Number  | Sec<br># | Description   | Quantity     | Unit Cost | Amoun |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|-------|
| 0095      | 889300000-E  | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PLACING & FINISHING POLYESTER<br>POLYMER CONCRETE OVERLAY | 13,535<br>SY |           |       |
| 0096      | 8893000000-E | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>SCARIFYING BRIDGE DECK                                    | 13,535<br>SY |           |       |
| 0097      | 8893000000-E | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>SHOTBLASTING BRIDGE DECK                                  | 13,535<br>SY |           |       |
| 0098      | 8897000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>TYPE I BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE<br>#590221                   | 1<br>EA      |           |       |
| 0099      | 8897000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>TYPE I BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE<br>#590230                   | 1<br>EA      |           |       |
| 0100      | 8897000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>TYPE I BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE<br>#590231                   | 1<br>EA      |           |       |

1407/Jan09/Q529630.7/D558470210000/E100

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :

# Vendor 1 of 7: BOGGS CONTRACTING INC (3186) Call Order 001 (Proposal: C204511)

# **Bid Information**

| <b>Proposal County:</b> | MECKLENBURG               | Bid Checksum:     | B64F54C02E    |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Vendor Address:         |                           | <b>Bid Total:</b> | \$10,448,341. |
|                         | MONROE, NC, 28111         | Items Total:      | \$10,448,341. |
| Signature Check:        | William Ryland Duke       | Time Total:       | \$0.00        |
| Time Bid Received:      | January 21, 2020 01:57 PM |                   |               |
| Amendment Count:        | 1                         |                   |               |

**Bidding Errors:** 

None.

 $^{2}\mathrm{B}$ 1.26 1.26

# Vendor 1 of 7: BOGGS CONTRACTING INC (3186) Call Order 001 (Proposal: C204511)

# **Bid Bond Information**

| Projects:            |             | <b>Bond Maximum:</b>     |                        |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Counties:            |             | State of Incorporation:  | South Dakota           |
| Bond ID:             | SNC20101988 | Agency Execution Date:   | 1/20/2020 11           |
| Paid by Check:       | No          | Surety Name:             | Surety2000             |
| <b>Bond Percent:</b> | 5%          | <b>Bond Agency Name:</b> | Western Surety Company |

# DBE Load Information

Letting ID: L200121 Letting Date: 01/21/2020 Call Order: 001 Contract ID: C204511 Project: 00770220077022 Bid Total: \$10,448,341.26 DBE Goal: 2.00% (\$208,966.83)

Vendor ID: 3186 Vendor Name: Boggs Paving DBE Entered: 3.34% (\$348,781.35)

| Vendor ID | DBE Name                | Is Supplier? | City/State   | Goods/Service | Amount                  |
|-----------|-------------------------|--------------|--|---------------|-------------------------|
| 17018     | MA Surety, LLC          | True         | 158 Huntington<br>Lane<br>Mooresville, NC<br>28117 | Supplier      | 28,701.97<br>committed  |
| 5796      | A1 PAVEMENT MARKING LLC | False        | 238 N BIVENS<br>RD , MONROE,<br>NC 28110           | SubContractor | 320,079.38<br>committed |

BondID: SNC20101988 Surety Registry Agency: Surety2000 Verified?: 1 Surety Agency: Western Surety Company Bond Execution Date: 1/20/2020 11:51:41 AM

### North Carolina Department of Transportation 3186 - Boggs Paving

| T 4     | Teamla                 | Them Mouth -                         | <b>A</b>           | TTm i h     | TT_ 1 1 5 1          | Ruber                        |
|---------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
|         |                        | Item Number                          | Quantity           | Unit        | Unit Price           | Extension Price              |
|         | on 0001<br>ADWAY ITEM: | S                                    |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0001    |                        | 0000100000-N                         | 1.000              | LS          | \$520,000.0000       | \$520,000.00                 |
|         | MOBILIZA               | TION                                 |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0002    |                        | 003600000-E                          | 170.000            | СҮ          | \$95.0000            | \$16,150.00                  |
|         | UNDERCUT               | EXCAVATION                           |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0003    |                        |                                      | 200.000            | SY          | \$3.2500             | \$650.00                     |
|         | GEOTEXTI               | LE FOR SOIL STABILIZ                 |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0004    |                        | 122000000-E                          | 40.000             | TON         | \$82.0000            | \$3,280.00                   |
|         | INCIDENT               | AL STONE BASE                        |                    |             | + c . co o o         | too5 of 0 fo                 |
| 0005    | MITTINC                | 1297000000-E<br>ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ** | 35301.000          | SY          | \$6.6800             | \$235,810.68                 |
| 0000    |                        |                                      | 58856.000          | 0.77        | \$3.5000             | ¢205 000 00                  |
| 0006    |                        | ASPHALT PAVEMENT, **                 |                    | SI          | \$3.5000             | \$205,996.00                 |
| 0007    |                        | 133000000-E                          |                    | SY          | \$17.0000            | \$13,940.00                  |
| 0007    | INCIDENT.              | AL MILLING                           | 020.000            | 51          | φ±7.0000             | ÷10, 510.00                  |
| 0008    |                        | 1524200000-E                         | 10900.000          | TON         | \$90.0000            | \$981,000.00                 |
|         | ASPHALT                | CONC SURFACE COURSE,                 | TYPE S9.5D         |             |                      |                              |
| 0009    |                        | 1577000000-E                         | 729.000            | TON         | \$1,000.0000         | \$729,000.00                 |
|         | POLYMER                | MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN                 | I- DER FOR PLANT M | IX          |                      |                              |
| 0010    |                        | 170400000-E                          | 1690.000           | TON         | \$175.0000           | \$295,750.00                 |
|         | PATCHING               | EXISTING PAVEMENT                    |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0011    |                        | 1735000000-E                         | 170.000            | SY          | \$500.0000           | \$85,000.00                  |
|         | REPAIR O               | F JOINTED CONCRETE                   |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0012    | CELECE M               | 1736000000-E<br>Aterial, class iv    | 80.000             | TON         | \$82.0000            | \$6,560.00                   |
| 0.01.0  |                        |                                      | 1.60,000           |             | <u> </u>             | àca 000 00                   |
| 0013    |                        | 1737000000-E<br>CONCRETE PAVEMENT    |                    | SF          | \$400.0000           | \$64,000.00                  |
| 0014    |                        | 1839140000-E                         | 2082.000           | TON         | \$125.0000           | \$260,250.00                 |
| 0014    | ULTRA-TH               | IN BONDED WEARING                    |                    | 1011        | Ŷ123.0000            | \$200 <b>,</b> 230.00        |
| 0015    |                        | 184000000-E                          | 22810.000          | LF          | \$0.2500             | \$5,702.50                   |
|         | MILLED R               | UMBLE STRIPS (ASPHAI                 |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0016    |                        | 188100000-E                          | 40134.000          | LF          | \$1.7900             | \$71,839.86                  |
|         | GENERIC                | PAVING ITEM JOINT CO                 | DNSTRUCTION, REPAI | R & SEALING |                      |                              |
| 0017    |                        | 189100000-E                          | 38531.000          | SY          | \$4.9800             | \$191,884.38                 |
|         | GENERIC                | PAVING ITEM DIAMOND                  | GRINDING PCC PAVE  | MENT        |                      |                              |
| 0018    |                        | 440000000-E                          | 656.000            | SF          | \$10.0000            | \$6,560.00                   |
|         | WORK ZON               | E SIGNS (STATIONARY)                 |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0019    |                        | 4424000000-N                         | 10.000             | EA          | \$1,000.0000         | \$10,000.00                  |
|         | WORK ZON               | E PRESENCE LIGHTING                  |                    |             |                      |                              |
| 0020    | CEOUENET               | 4434000000-N                         | 24.000             | EA          | \$120.0000           | \$2,880.00                   |
| 0.0.0.1 | SEQUENTI.              | AL FLASHING WARNING                  |                    |             | AFF 0000             |                              |
| 0021    | LAW ENFO               | 4510000000-N<br>RCEMENT              | 1052.000           | HR          | \$55.0000            | \$57,860.00                  |
| 0022    |                        | 460000000-N                          | 65.000             | ΕΛ          | \$1,485.0000         | \$96,525.00                  |
| UUZZ    | GENERIC                | TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEN                 |                    |             | γ⊥ <b>,</b> 400.0000 | 990 <b>,</b> 525 <b>.</b> UU |
| 0023    |                        | 460000000-N                          | 37.000             |             | \$750.0000           | \$27,750.00                  |
| 0020    |                        | TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEN                 |                    |             | ç,30.0000            | YZ1,130.00                   |

| -    | : L200121 North Carolina Department of Transportation<br>2020 02:00:00 PM 3186 - Boggs Paving |              | Contract ID: C204511<br>Call: 001 |
|------|---|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0024 | 460000000-N 12.000 EA<br>GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM SINGLE LANE CLOSURE                     | \$1,200.0000 | \$14,400.00                       |
| 0025 | 460000000-N 48.000 EA<br>GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM TRIPLE LANE CLOSURE                     | \$1,585.0000 | \$76,080.00                       |
| 0026 | 4685000000-E 870.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (4", 90 MILS)                  | \$1.0000     | \$870.00                          |
| 0027 | 4688000000-E 26456.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (6", 90 MILS)                | \$0.9600     | \$25,397.76                       |
| 0028 | 4695000000-E 1911.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (8", 90 MILS)                 | \$1.9000     | \$3,630.90                        |
| 0029 | 470000000-E 7824.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (12", 90 MILS)                 | \$2.7500     | \$21,516.00                       |
| 0030 | 472000000-E 16.000 EA<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGCHARACTER (90 MILS)                    | \$145.0000   | \$2,320.00                        |
| 0031 | 472500000-E 46.000 EA<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGSYMBOL (90 MILS)                       | \$175.0000   | \$8,050.00                        |
| 0032 | 4726110000-E 19.000 EA<br>HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL               | \$550.0000   | \$10,450.00                       |
| 0033 | 4775000000-E 1670.000 LF<br>COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (II)    | \$6.8000     | \$11,356.00                       |
| 0034 | 4785000000-E 324.000 LF<br>COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12") (II)    | \$13.6000    | \$4,406.40                        |
| 0035 | 481000000-E 870.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")                                   | \$0.2700     | \$234.90                          |
| 0036 | 481500000-E 59897.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")                                 | \$0.3800     | \$22,760.86                       |
| 0037 | 482000000-E 1728.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")                                  | \$0.5200     | \$898.56                          |
| 0038 | 482500000-E 12460.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")                                | \$0.7500     | \$9,345.00                        |
| 0039 | 4835000000-E 194.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")                                 | \$3.0000     | \$582.00                          |
| 0040 | 484000000-N 32.000 EA<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-TER                                    | \$55.0000    | \$1,760.00                        |
| 0041 | 4845000000-N 80.000 EA<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL                                       | \$65.0000    | \$5,200.00                        |
| 0042 | 4847030000-E 11584.000 LF<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 20 MILS)                    | \$1.3500     | \$15,638.40                       |
| 0043 | 4847050000-E 461.000 LF<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 20 MILS)                      | \$1.8000     | \$829.80                          |
| 0044 | 4847070000-E 2469.000 LF<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 20 MILS)                    | \$2.7000     | \$6,666.30                        |
| 0045 | 4855000000-E 2032.000 LF<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")                            | \$3.0000     | \$6,096.00                        |
| 0046 | 486000000-E 320.000 LF<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")                              | \$4.0000     | \$1,280.00                        |
| 0047 | 4870000000-E 40.000 LF<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")                             | \$10.0000    | \$400.00                          |
| 0048 | 487500000-N 17.000 EA   | \$75.0000    | \$1,275.00                        |

|        | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING                           | SYMBOLS & CHARA            | CTERS |                                 |                           |
|--------|---|----------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0049   | 489000000-E<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM          |                            |       |                                 | \$54,774.00<br>II (9")    |
| 0050   | 489100000-E<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM          | 194.000<br>THERMOPLASTIC P |       | \$14.0000<br>LINES (24",90 MILS |                           |
| 0051   | 4892000000-N<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITE<br>MILS) | 4.000<br>M HEATED-IN-PLAC  |       |                                 | \$600.00<br>CHARACTER (90 |
| 0052   | 4895000000-N<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM         |                            |       |                                 | \$56,025.50               |
| 0053   | 4935000000-N<br>FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS (CRYSTAL         |                            | EA    | \$47.0000                       | \$470.00                  |
| 0054   | 494000000-N<br>FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS (YELLOW)          | 13.000                     | EA    | \$47.0000                       | \$611.00                  |
| 0055   | 5255000000-N<br>PORTABLE LIGHTING                     | 1.000                      | LS    | \$300,000.0000                  | \$300,000.00              |
| 0056   | 600000000-E<br>TEMPORARY SILT FENCE                   | 710.000                    | LF    | \$7.3000                        | \$5,183.00                |
| 0057   | 602900000-E<br>SAFETY FENCE                           | 100.000                    | LF    | \$10.9500                       | \$1,095.00                |
| 0058   | 603600000-E<br>MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL            | 450.000                    | SY    | \$2.2500                        | \$1,012.50                |
| 0059   | 6071010000-E<br>WATTLE                                | 260.000                    | LF    | \$24.5000                       | \$6,370.00                |
| 0060   | 6084000000-E<br>SEEDING & MULCHING                    | 0.700                      | ACR   | \$2,500.0000                    | \$1,750.00                |
| 0061   | 6117500000-N<br>CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE            | 2.000                      | EA    | \$750.0000                      | \$1,500.00                |
| 0062   | 7444000000-E<br>INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT                 | 480.000                    | LF    | \$18.7800                       | \$9,014.40                |
| Sectio | on 0001 Total   |                            |       |                                 | \$4,580,953.70            |

|      | on 0004<br>RUCTURE ITEMS                      |                            |     |              |             |
|------|---|----------------------------|-----|--------------|-------------|
| 0063 | 1077000000-E<br>#57 STONE                     | 72.000                     | TON | \$25.0000    | \$1,800.00  |
| 0064 | 3533000000-E<br>CHAIN LINK FENCE, **" FABRIC  | 310.000                    | LF  | \$20.0000    | \$6,200.00  |
| 0065 | 3539000000-E<br>METAL LINE POSTS FOR **" CHAI | 28.000<br>NLINK FENCE (72" |     | \$90.0000    | \$2,520.00  |
| 0066 | 3545000000-E<br>METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR **"  | 24.000<br>CHAIN LINK FENC  |     | \$250.0000   | \$6,000.00  |
| 0067 | 816100000-E<br>GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS         | 114465.000                 | SF  | \$0.4600     | \$52,653.90 |
| 0068 | 8182000000-E<br>CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)     | 2.300                      | СҮ  | \$3,500.0000 | \$8,050.00  |
| 0069 | 8559000000-E<br>CLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION | 34.100                     | SY  | \$375.0000   | \$12,787.50 |

|      | L200121North Carolina Department of Transportation020 02:00:00 PM3186 - Boggs Paving        |                        | Contract ID: C204511<br>Call: 001 |
|------|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0070 | 8594000000-E 1643.000 TON<br>RIP RAP, CLASS B   | \$100.0000             | \$164,300.00                      |
| 0071 | 862200000-E 3651.000 SY<br>GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE  | \$5.7600               | \$21,029.76                       |
| 0072 | 866000000-E 42.600 CF<br>CONCRETE REPAIRS   | \$935.0000             | \$39,831.00                       |
| 0073 | 8664000000-E 145.700 CF<br>SHOTCRETE REPAIRS  | \$737.0000             | \$107,380.90                      |
| 0074 | 8860000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590221   | \$208,000.0000         | \$208,000.00                      |
| 0075 | 8860000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590222   | \$208,000.0000         | \$208,000.00                      |
| 0076 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590227    | \$510,500.0000         | \$510,500.00                      |
| 0077 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590230    | \$172,000.0000         | \$172,000.00                      |
| 0078 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590231    | \$172,000.0000         | \$172,000.00                      |
| 0079 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590241    | \$240,000.0000         | \$240,000.00                      |
| 0080 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF BRIDGE #590243    | \$240,000.0000         | \$240,000.00                      |
| 0081 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590221      | \$47,000.0000          | \$47,000.00                       |
| 0082 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590222      | \$47,000.0000          | \$47,000.00                       |
| 0083 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590227      | \$205,500.0000         | \$205,500.00                      |
| 0084 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590230      | \$38,000.0000          | \$38,000.00                       |
| 0085 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590231      | \$38,000.0000          | \$38,000.00                       |
| 0086 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590241      | \$80,000.0000          | \$80,000.00                       |
| 0087 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR BRIDGE #590243      | \$80,000.0000          | \$80,000.00                       |
| 0088 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM POLLUTION CONTROL                            | \$140,000.0000         | \$140,000.00                      |
| 0089 | 886000000-N 1.000 LS<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM REPLACING MISSING UTILITY COVERS             | \$2,750.0000           | \$2,750.00                        |
| 0090 | 8867000000-E 2558.000 LF<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM FOAM JOINT SEALS FOR PRE- SERVATION      | \$75.0000              | \$191,850.00                      |
| 0091 | 8881000000-E 659.200 CY<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE MATERIALS      | \$2,125.0000           | \$1,400,800.00                    |
| 0092 | 889200000-E 6935.000 SF<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM EPOXY COATING                             | \$20.5000              | \$142,167.50                      |
| 0093 | 8893000000-E 34.100 SY<br>GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM CONCRETE DECK REPAIR FOR POLYESTER POLYMER | \$350.0000<br>CONCRETE |                                   |
| 0094 | 889300000-E 3651.000 SY   | \$82.0000              | \$299,382.00                      |

### North Carolina Department of Transportation 3186 - Boggs Paving

|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM GABION | MATTRESS (1'-0" THICK)  |               |              |                       |
|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 0095   | 889300000-E                   | 13535.000 SY            |               | \$44.0000    | \$595 <b>,</b> 540.00 |
|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM PLACIN | G & FINISHING POLYESTEF | POLYMER CONCE | RETE OVERLAY |                       |
| 0096   | 889300000-E                   | 13535.000 SY            |               | \$19.0000    | \$257 <b>,</b> 165.00 |
|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM SCARIF | YING BRIDGE DECK        |               |              |                       |
| 0097   | 889300000-E                   | 13535.000 SY            |               | \$7.0000     | \$94,745.00           |
|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM SHOTBL | ASTING BRIDGE DECK      |               |              |                       |
| 0098   | 889700000-N                   | 1.000 EA                |               | \$7,500.0000 | \$7,500.00            |
|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM TYPE I | BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE   | #590221       |              |                       |
| 0099   | 889700000-N                   | 1.000 EA                |               | \$7,500.0000 | \$7,500.00            |
|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM TYPE I | BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE   | #590230       |              |                       |
| 0100   | 889700000-N                   | 1.000 EA                |               | \$7,500.0000 | \$7,500.00            |
|        | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM TYPE I | BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE   | #590231       |              |                       |
| Sectio | on 0004 Total                 |                         |               |              | \$5,867,387.56        |

Item Total

\$10,448,341.26

### ELECTRONIC BID SUBMISSION

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

#### NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the prequalified bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. §133-24 within the last three years, and that the prequalified bidder intends to do the work with his own bonafide employees or subcontractors and will not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this non-collusion, debarment and gift ban certification, the Contractor is attesting his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. §133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

#### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION OF PREQUALIFIED BIDDER

Conditions for certification:

1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation that is file with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.

2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier

covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.

3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.

4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal- Aid Provision titled Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.

5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.

6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

### DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;

c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and

d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

### EXPLANATION:

\_\_\_\_\_

### Award Limits on Multiple Projects

By answering YES to this statement, the bidder acknowleges that they are using the award limits on multiple projects? Yes  $\otimes$ No  $\otimes$ 

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened on the same date, and who also desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS.

The Award Limits on Multiple Projects must be filled in on each project bid for which the Bidder desires protection.

It is the desire of the Bidder to be awarded contracts, the value of which

will not exceed a total of for those

projects indicated herein, for which bids will be opened on (MM/DD/YY)

The Award Limits shall apply to the following projects:

Contract Number County

It is agreed that if I am (we are) the low Bidder(s) on indicated projects, the total value of which is more than the above stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation will award me (us) projects from among those indicated

that have a total value not to exceed the award limit and will result in the lowest total bids to the Department of Transportation.

# DBE List Summary

Project: 0077022 Bid Total: 10,448,341.26 Goal: 2.00% (208,966.83) Total Entered: 3.34% (348,781.35) Bidder ID: 3186 Business Name: Boggs Paving

| ID    | Name                    | Is Supplier? Item Count | Amount Is Complete? |
|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 17018 | MA Surety, LLC          | True 1                  | 28,701.97 True      |
| 5796  | A1 PAVEMENT MARKING LLC | False 28                | 320,079.38 True     |

| North Carolina Department of Transportation<br>3186 - Boggs Paving | Contract ID: C204511<br>Call: 001                       |
|--|---|
| 17018  |   |
| ane Mooresville, NC 28117  |   |
| ems Total:\$47,836.61  |   |
|  | 3186-Boggs Paving<br>17018<br>ane Mooresville, NC 28117 |

### Items for MA Surety, LLC

| 0001<br>ROADWAY | ITEMS        |          |               |             |
|-----------------|--------------|----------|---------------|-------------|
| 0001            | 0000100000-N | 1.000 LS | \$47,836.6100 | \$47,836.61 |
| MOBI            | ILIZATION    |          |               |             |
| Section 000     | 01 Total     |          |               | \$47,836.61 |
|                 |              |          |               |             |
| Item Total      |              |          |               | \$47,836.61 |

| Letting: L200121<br>01/21/2020 02:00:00 PM | North Carolina Department of Transportation<br>3186 - Boggs Paving |
|--|--|
| Name: A1 PAVEMENT MARKING                  | LLC ID: 5796   |
| Address: 238 N BIVENS RD                   | , MONROE, NC 28110   |
| Used As: SubContractor DBE                 | Items Total:\$320,079.38   |

#### Items for A1 PAVEMENT MARKING LLC

| 0001<br>RO2 | ADWAY ITEMS   |               |             |
|-------------|---|---------------|-------------|
| 0001        | 0000100000-N 1.000 LS<br>MOBILIZATION   | \$45,000.0000 | \$45,000.00 |
| 0026        | 4685000000-E 870.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (4", 90 MILS)              | \$1.0000      | \$870.00    |
| 0027        | 4688000000-E 26456.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (6", 90 MILS)            | \$0.9600      | \$25,397.76 |
| 0028        | 4695000000-E 1911.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (8", 90 MILS)             | \$1.9000      | \$3,630.90  |
| 0029        | 470000000-E 7824.000 LF<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGLINES (12", 90 MILS)             | \$2.7500      | \$21,516.00 |
| 0030        | 472000000-E 16.000 EA<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGCHARACTER (90 MILS)                | \$145.0000    | \$2,320.00  |
| 0031        | 472500000-E 46.000 EA<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGSYMBOL (90 MILS)                   | \$175.0000    | \$8,050.00  |
| 0032        | 4726110000-E 19.000 EA<br>HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL           | \$550.0000    | \$10,450.00 |
| 0033        | 477500000-E 1670.000 LF<br>COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6") (II) | \$6.8000      | \$11,356.00 |
| 0034        | 478500000-E 324.000 LF<br>COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12") (II) | \$13.6000     | \$4,406.40  |
| 0035        | 481000000-E 870.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4")                               | \$0.2700      | \$234.90    |
| 0036        | 481500000-E 59897.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6")                             | \$0.3800      | \$22,760.86 |
| 0037        | 482000000-E 1728.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8")                              | \$0.5200      | \$898.56    |
| 0038        | 482500000-E 12460.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12")                            | \$0.7500      | \$9,345.00  |
| 0039        | 483500000-E 194.000 LF<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24")                              | \$3.0000      | \$582.00    |
| 0040        | 484000000-N 32.000 EA<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-TER                                | \$55.0000     | \$1,760.00  |
| 0041        | 484500000-N 80.000 EA<br>PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL                                    | \$65.0000     | \$5,200.00  |
| 0042        | 4847030000-E 11584.000 LF<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 20 MILS)                | \$1.3500      | \$15,638.40 |

| 0      | L200121<br>2020 02:00:00 PM                          | North Carolina Department of Transportation<br>3186 - Boggs Paving     | Contract ID: C204511<br>Call: 001 |
|--------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| 0043   | 4847050000-E<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING            |  | \$829.80                          |
| 0044   | 4847070000-E<br>POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING            |  | \$6,666.30                        |
| 0045   | 4855000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING          |  | \$6,096.00                        |
| 0046   | 4860000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING          |  | \$1,280.00                        |
| 0047   | 4870000000-E<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING          | 40.000 LF \$10.0<br>LINES (24")  | \$400.00                          |
| 0048   | 4875000000-N<br>REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING          |  | \$1,275.00                        |
| 0049   | 4890000000-E<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITE         | 5370.000 LF \$10.2<br>M COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES, T | 000 \$54,774.00<br>(PE II (9")    |
| 0050   | 4891000000-E<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITE         | 194.000 LF \$14.0<br>M THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24",90 M  | 000 \$2,716.00<br>ILS)            |
| 0051   | 4892000000-N<br>GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING IT<br>MILS) | 4.000 EA \$150.0<br>EM HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKI    | 000 \$600.00<br>NG CHARACTER (90  |
| 0052   |  | 1259.000 EA \$44.5<br>M NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER     | \$56,025.50                       |
| Sectio | on 0001 Total  |  | \$320,079.38                      |
|        |  |  |                                   |

Item Total

\$320,079.38

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ERRORS/WARNINGS (IF ANY)

This Bid contains 1 amendment files

000001 01/10/2020 QUANTITY CHANGE FOR CLASS A CONCRETE

# Electronic Bid Submission

By submitting this bid electronically, I hereby acknowledge that all requirements included in the hard copy proposal, addendum, amendments, plans, standard specifications, supplemental specifications and special provisions are part of the bid and contract. Further, I acknowledge that I have read, understand, accept, acknowledge and agree to comply with all statements in this electronic bid.

I hereby certify that I have the authority to submit this bid.

| Signature | <br> | <br> |  |
|-----------|------|------|--|
| Agency    | <br> | <br> |  |
| Date      |      |      |  |
| Signature |      |      |  |
| Agency    |      |      |  |
| Date      |      |      |  |
|           |      |      |  |
| Signature | <br> | <br> |  |
| Agency    | <br> | <br> |  |
| Date      |      |      |  |

Jan 30, 2020 10:35 am

# North Carolina Department Of Transportation Со

Page: 1 of 7

| ontract Item Sheets For C204511 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
|---------------------------------|--|

| Amount<br>Bid | Unit Bid<br>Price | Quantity<br>Unit | Description  | ItemNumber Sec<br># | Line<br># |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|
|               |                   |                  | ROADWAY ITEMS  | <sup>n</sup>        |           |
|               |                   |                  |  |                     |           |
| 520,000.00    | 520,000.00        | Lump Sum<br>LS   | MOBILIZATION   | 0000100000-N 800    | 0001      |
| 16,150.00     | 95.00             | 170<br>CY        | UNDERCUT EXCAVATION  | 003600000-Е 225     | 0002      |
| 650.00        | 3.25              | 200<br>SY        | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZA-<br>TION                         | 019600000-Е 270     | 0003      |
| 3,280.00      | 82.00             | 40<br>TON        | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE  | 1220000000-E 545    | 0004      |
| 235,810.68    | 6.68              | 35,301<br>SY     | MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***"<br>DEPTH<br>(1-1/2")            | 1297000000-E 607    | 0005      |
| 205,996.00    | 3.50              | 58,856<br>SY     | MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***"<br>DEPTH<br>(2")                | 1297000000-E 607    | 0006      |
| 13,940.00     | 17.00             | 820<br>SY        | INCIDENTAL MILLING   | 1330000000-E 607    | 0007      |
| 981,000.00    | 90.00             | 10,900<br>TON    | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE,<br>TYPE S9.5D                     | 1524200000-Е 610    | 0008      |
| 729,000.00    | 1,000.00          | 729<br>TON       | POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BIN-<br>DER FOR PLANT MIX             | 1577000000-E 620    | 0009      |
| 295,750.00    | 175.00            | 1,690<br>TON     | PATCHING EXISTING PAVEMENT                                     | 1704000000-E SP     | 0010      |
| 85,000.00     | 500.00            | 170<br>SY        | REPAIR OF JOINTED CONCRETE<br>PAVEMENT SLABS                   | 1735000000-E 723    | 0011      |
| 6,560.00      | 82.00             | 80<br>TON        | SELECT MATERIAL, CLASS IV                                      | 173600000-Е 723     | 0012      |
| 64,000.00     | 400.00            | 160<br>SF        | PATCHING CONCRETE PAVEMENT<br>SPALLS                           | 1737000000-E 723    | 0013      |
| 260,250.00    | 125.00            | 2,082<br>TON     | ULTRA-THIN BONDED WEARING<br>COURSE                            | 1839140000-Е 661    | 0014      |
| 5,702.50      | 0.25              | 22,810<br>LF     | MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT<br>CONCRETE)                     | 1840000000-E 665    | 0015      |
| 71,839.86     | 1.79              | 40,134<br>LF     | GENERIC PAVING ITEM<br>JOINT CONSTRUCTION, REPAIR &<br>SEALING | 1881000000-E SP     | 0016      |
| 191,884.38    | 4.98              | 38,531<br>SY     | GENERIC PAVING ITEM<br>DIAMOND GRINDING PCC PAVEMENT           | 1891000000-E SP     | 0017      |

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# North Carolina Department Of Transportation

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|--|

| Line | ItemNumber Sec | c Description | Quantity | Unit Bid | Amount |
|------|----------------|---------------|----------|----------|--------|
| #    | #              |               | Unit     | Price    | Bid    |
| -    |                |               |          |          |        |

| 6,560.00  | 10.00    | 656<br>SF    | 1110 WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY)                                     |      | 440000000-E  | 0018 |
|-----------|----------|--------------|---|------|--------------|------|
| 10,000.00 | 1,000.00 | 10<br>EA     | WORK ZONE PRESENCE LIGHTING   | SP   | 4424000000-N | 0019 |
| 2,880.00  | 120.00   | 24<br>EA     | SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING<br>LIGHTS                                 | SP   | 4434000000-N | 0020 |
| 57,860.00 | 55.00    | 1,052<br>HR  | LAW ENFORCEMENT   | 1190 | 4510000000-N | 0021 |
| 96,525.00 | 1,485.00 | 65<br>EA     | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>DOUBLE LANE CLOSURE                   | SP   | 460000000-N  | 0022 |
| 27,750.00 | 750.00   | 37<br>EA     | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>RAMP/LOOP CLOSURE                     | SP   | 4600000000-N | 0023 |
| 14,400.00 | 1,200.00 | 12<br>EA     | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>SINGLE LANE CLOSURE                   | SP   | 4600000000-N | 0024 |
| 76,080.00 | 1,585.00 | 48<br>EA     | GENERIC TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEM<br>TRIPLE LANE CLOSURE                   | SP   | 4600000000-N | 0025 |
| 870.00    | 1.00     | 870<br>LF    | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (4", 90 MILS)                 | 1205 | 4685000000-Е | 0026 |
| 25,397.76 | 0.96     | 26,456<br>LF | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6", 90 MILS)                 | 1205 | 4688000000-Е | 0027 |
| 3,630.90  | 1.90     | 1,911<br>LF  | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 90 MILS)                 | 1205 | 4695000000-Е | 0028 |
| 21,516.00 | 2.75     | 7,824<br>LF  | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 90 MILS)                | 1205 | 4700000000-Е | 0029 |
| 2,320.00  | 145.00   | 16<br>EA     | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>CHARACTER (90 MILS)                 | 1205 | 4720000000-Е | 0030 |
| 8,050.00  | 175.00   | 46<br>EA     | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOL (90 MILS)                    | 1205 | 4725000000-Е | 0031 |
| 10,450.00 | 550.00   | 19<br>EA     | HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC<br>PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL<br>(90 MILS) | 1205 | 4726110000-E | 0032 |
| 11,356.00 | 6.80     | 1,670<br>LF  | COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (6")<br>(II)  | 1205 | 4775000000-Е | 0033 |

ItemNumber

Line

#

### North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204511

Amount

Bid

Unit Bid

Price

|          | Contract    | Item Sheets For C204511 |
|----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Sec<br># | Description | Quantity<br>Unit        |
|          |             |                         |

| 0034 | 478500000-E  | 1205 | COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE ** (12")<br>(II)                         | 324<br>LF    | 13.60 | 4,406.40  |
|------|--------------|------|---|--------------|-------|-----------|
| 0035 | 4810000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(4")  | 870<br>LF    | 0.27  | 234.90    |
| 0036 | 4815000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(6")  | 59,897<br>LF | 0.38  | 22,760.86 |
| 0037 | 4820000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(8")  | 1,728<br>LF  | 0.52  | 898.56    |
| 0038 | 4825000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(12")   | 12,460<br>LF | 0.75  | 9,345.00  |
| 0039 | 4835000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES<br>(24")   | 194<br>LF    | 3.00  | 582.00    |
| 0040 | 4840000000-N | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARAC-<br>TER   | 32<br>EA     | 55.00 | 1,760.00  |
| 0041 | 4845000000-N | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL   | 80<br>EA     | 65.00 | 5,200.00  |
| 0042 | 4847030000-E | 1205 | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6", 20 MILS)  | 11,584<br>LF | 1.35  | 15,638.40 |
| 0043 | 4847050000-E | 1205 | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8", 20 MILS)  | 461<br>LF    | 1.80  | 829.80    |
| 0044 | 4847070000-E | 1205 | POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (12", 20 MILS)   | 2,469<br>LF  | 2.70  | 6,666.30  |
| 0045 | 4855000000-E | 1205 | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (6")   | 2,032<br>LF  | 3.00  | 6,096.00  |
| 0046 | 4860000000-E | 1205 | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (8")   | 320<br>LF    | 4.00  | 1,280.00  |
| 0047 | 4870000000-E | 1205 | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (24")  | 40<br>LF     | 10.00 | 400.00    |
| 0048 | 4875000000-N | 1205 | REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING<br>SYMBOLS & CHARACTERS   | 17<br>EA     | 75.00 | 1,275.00  |
| 0049 | 4890000000-E | SP   | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>COLD APPLIED PLASTIC PAVEMENT<br>MARKING LINES, TYPE II (9") | 5,370<br>LF  | 10.20 | 54,774.00 |

### North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204511

| Amoui<br>Bi | Unit Bid<br>Price | Quantity<br>Unit | Description   | Sec<br># | ItemNumber   | Line<br># |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------|---|----------|--------------|-----------|
|             |                   |                  |   |          |              |           |
| 2,716.0     | 14.00             | 194<br>LF        | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING<br>LINES (24",90 MILS)                    | 1205     | 489100000-E  | 0050      |
| 600.C       | 150.00            | 4<br>EA          | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC<br>PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER<br>(90 MILS) | 1205     | 4892000000-N | 0051      |
| 56,025.5    | 44.50             | 1,259<br>EA      | GENERIC PAVEMENT MARKING ITEM<br>NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE<br>PAVEMENT MARKER                            | SP       | 4895000000-N | 0052      |
| 470.0       | 47.00             | 10<br>EA         | FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS (CRYSTAL)  | 1267     | 4935000000-N | 0053      |
| 611.0       | 47.00             | 13<br>EA         | FLEXIBLE DELINEATORS (YELLOW)   | 1267     | 4940000000-N | 0054      |
| 300,000.0   | 300,000.00        | Lump Sum<br>LS   | PORTABLE LIGHTING   | 1413     | 5255000000-N | 0055      |
| 5,183.0     | 7.30              | 710<br>LF        | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE  | 1605     | 6000000000-E | 0056      |
| 1,095.0     | 10.95             | 100<br>LF        | SAFETY FENCE  | SP       | 6029000000-Е | 0057      |
| 1,012.5     | 2.25              | 450<br>SY        | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL   | 1631     | 6036000000-E | 0058      |
| 6,370.0     | 24.50             | 260<br>LF        | WATTLE  | SP       | 6071010000-Е | 0059      |
| 1,750.0     | 2,500.00          | 0.7<br>ACR       | SEEDING & MULCHING  | 1660     | 6084000000-E | 0060      |
| 1,500.0     | 750.00            | 2<br>EA          | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE  | SP       | 6117500000-N | 0061      |
| 9,014.4     | 18.78             | 480<br>LF        | INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT   | 1725     | 7444000000-E | 0062      |

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## North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204511

| ItemNumber   | Sec<br>#  | Description   | Quantity<br>Unit   | Unit Bid<br>Price   | Amount<br>Bid   |
|--------------|---|---|--|---|---|
|              |   |   |  |   |   |
| 1077000000-E | SP  | #57 STONE   | 72<br>TON  | 25.00   | 1,800.00  |
| 3533000000-E | 866   | CHAIN LINK FENCE, **" FABRIC<br>(72")   | 310<br>LF  | 20.00   | 6,200.00  |
| 3539000000-E | 866   | METAL LINE POSTS FOR **" CHAIN<br>LINK FENCE<br>(72")   | 28<br>EA   | 90.00   | 2,520.00  |
| 3545000000-E | 866   | METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR **"<br>CHAIN LINK FENCE<br>(72")   | 24<br>EA   | 250.00  | 6,000.00  |
| 8161000000-E | 420   | GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS  | 114,465<br>SF  | 0.46  | 52,653.90   |
| 8182000000-E | 420   | CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)   | 2.3<br>CY  | 3,500.00  | 8,050.00  |
| 8559000000-E | SP  | CLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION   | 34.1<br>SY   | 375.00  | 12,787.50   |
| 8594000000-E | 876   | RIP RAP, CLASS B  | 1,643<br>TON   | 100.00  | 164,300.00  |
| 8622000000-E | 876   | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE   | 3,651<br>SY  | 5.76  | 21,029.76   |
| 866000000-E  | SP  | CONCRETE REPAIRS  | 42.6<br>CF   | 935.00  | 39,831.00   |
| 8664000000-E | SP  | SHOTCRETE REPAIRS   | 145.7<br>CF  | 737.00  | 107,380.90  |
| 886000000-N  | SP  | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590221  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 208,000.00  | 208,000.00  |
| 886000000-N  | SP  | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590222  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 208,000.00  | 208,000.00  |
| 886000000-N  | SP  | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590227  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 510,500.00  | 510,500.00  |
| 886000000-N  | SP  | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590230  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 172,000.00  | 172,000.00  |
| 8860000000-N | SP  | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590231  | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 172,000.00  | 172,000.00  |
|              | 107700000-E<br>3533000000-E<br>3533000000-E<br>3539000000-E<br>8161000000-E<br>8182000000-E<br>8559000000-E<br>8559000000-E<br>86622000000-E<br>8664000000-E<br>88660000000-R<br>8866000000-N<br>8866000000-N<br>8866000000-N | 1077000000-E       SP         3533000000-E       866         3539000000-E       866         3545000000-E       866         8161000000-E       420         8182000000-E       SP         8559000000-E       SP         8559000000-E       SP         866000000-E       SP         866000000-E       SP         8860000000-E       SP         8860000000-E       SP         8860000000-E       SP         8860000000-E       SP         8860000000-N       SP         8860000000-N       SP         8860000000-N       SP         8860000000-N       SP | #1077000000-ESP#57 STONE3533000000-E866CHAIN LINK FENCE, *** FABRIC<br>(72°)3539000000-E866METAL LINE POSTS FOR *** CHAIN<br>LINK FENCE<br>(72°)3545000000-E866METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR ***<br>CHAIN LINK FENCE<br>(72°)3545000000-E866METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR ***<br>CHAIN LINK FENCE<br>(72°)8161000000-E420GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS8182000000-E420CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)8559000000-ESPCLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION859400000-ESPCLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION859400000-ESPCONCRETE REPAIRS8660000000-ESPCONCRETE REPAIRS8660000000-ESPSHOTCRETE REPAIRS8660000000-NSPGENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #5902218860000000-NSPGENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #5902208860000000-NSPGENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590220 | #         Unit           1077000000-E         SP         #57 STONE         72<br>TON           3533000000-E         866         CHAIN LINK FENCE, *** FABRIC<br>(72')         310<br>LF           3533000000-E         866         METAL LINE POSTS FOR *** CHAIN<br>LINK FENCE<br>(72')         28<br>EA           3545000000-E         866         METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR ***<br>(72')         24<br>EA           816100000-E         420         GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS         114,465<br>SF           8182000000-E         420         CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)         2.3<br>CY           8559000000-E         SP         CLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION         34.1<br>SY           8660000000-E         SP         CLASS II, SURFACE PREPARATION         34.1<br>TON           8622000000-E         876         RIP RAP, CLASS B         1.643<br>TON           8622000000-E         876         GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE         3.651<br>SY           8660000000-E         SP         CONCRETE REPAIRS         42.6<br>CF           8660000000-E         SP         SHOTCRETE REPAIRS         145.7<br>CF           8860000000-E         SP         SHOTCRETE REPAIRTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590221         Lump Sum<br>LIS           8860000000-N         SP         GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590227         Lump Sum<br>LS <td>#         Unit         Price           1077000000-E         SP         #57 STONE         72<br/>TON         25.00           3533000000-E         866         CHAIN LINK FENCE, ** FABRIC<br/>(72')         310<br/>LINK FENCE         20.00<br/>LF           353900000-E         866         METAL LINE POSTS FOR ** CHAIN<br/>LINK FENCE         24<br/>CR         90.00           354500000-E         865         METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR ***<br/>(72')         24<br/>CR         250.00<br/>EA         26.00           8161000000-E         420         GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS         114,465<br/>SF         0.46           8182000000-E         420         CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)         2.3<br/>3.500.00         3.500.00           8594000000-E         SP         CLASS I. SURFACE PREPARATION         34.1<br/>TON         375.00           8594000000-E         SP         CLASS I. SURFACE PREPARATION         34.1<br/>TON         100.00           8650000000-E         SP         CONCRETE REPAIRS         1.643<br/>SY         100.00           8660000000-E         SP         CONCRETE REPAIRS         42.5<br/>SY         37.00           8660000000-E         SP         SHOTCRETE REPAIRS         145.7<br/>SY         737.00           8660000000-N         SP         GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br/>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br/>BRIDGE #590221         Lu</td> | #         Unit         Price           1077000000-E         SP         #57 STONE         72<br>TON         25.00           3533000000-E         866         CHAIN LINK FENCE, ** FABRIC<br>(72')         310<br>LINK FENCE         20.00<br>LF           353900000-E         866         METAL LINE POSTS FOR ** CHAIN<br>LINK FENCE         24<br>CR         90.00           354500000-E         865         METAL TERMINAL POSTS FOR ***<br>(72')         24<br>CR         250.00<br>EA         26.00           8161000000-E         420         GROOVING BRIDGE FLOORS         114,465<br>SF         0.46           8182000000-E         420         CLASS A CONCRETE (BRIDGE)         2.3<br>3.500.00         3.500.00           8594000000-E         SP         CLASS I. SURFACE PREPARATION         34.1<br>TON         375.00           8594000000-E         SP         CLASS I. SURFACE PREPARATION         34.1<br>TON         100.00           8650000000-E         SP         CONCRETE REPAIRS         1.643<br>SY         100.00           8660000000-E         SP         CONCRETE REPAIRS         42.5<br>SY         37.00           8660000000-E         SP         SHOTCRETE REPAIRS         145.7<br>SY         737.00           8660000000-N         SP         GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590221         Lu |

## North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204511

| Line<br># | ItemNumber   | Sec<br># | Description  | Quantity<br>Unit | Unit Bid<br>Price | Amount<br>Bid |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0079      | 886000000-N  | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590241 | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 240,000.00        | 240,000.00    |
| 0080      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CLEANING AND REPAINTING OF<br>BRIDGE #590243 | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 240,000.00        | 240,000.00    |
| 0081      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590221   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 47,000.00         | 47,000.00     |
| 0082      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590222   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 47,000.00         | 47,000.00     |
| 0083      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590227   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 205,500.00        | 205,500.00    |
| 0084      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590230   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 38,000.00         | 38,000.00     |
| 0085      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590231   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 38,000.00         | 38,000.00     |
| 0086      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590241   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 80,000.00         | 80,000.00     |
| 0087      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PAINTING CONTAINMENT FOR<br>BRIDGE #590243   | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 80,000.00         | 80,000.00     |
| 0088      | 8860000000-N | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>POLLUTION CONTROL                            | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 140,000.00        | 140,000.00    |
| 0089      | 886000000-N  | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>REPLACING MISSING UTILITY<br>COVERS          | Lump Sum<br>LS   | 2,750.00          | 2,750.00      |
| 0090      | 8867000000-E | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>FOAM JOINT SEALS FOR PRE-<br>SERVATION       | 2,558<br>LF      | 75.00             | 191,850.00    |
| 0091      | 8881000000-E | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE<br>MATERIALS      | 659.2<br>CY      | 2,125.00          | 1,400,800.00  |
| 0092      | 8892000000-E | SP       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>EPOXY COATING                                | 6,935<br>SF      | 20.50             | 142,167.50    |

### North Carolina Department Of Transportation Contract Item Sheets For C204511

| Amoun<br>Bic | Unit Bid<br>Price | Quantity<br>Unit | Description   | Sec<br># | ItemNumber   | Line<br># |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------|---|----------|--------------|-----------|
|              |                   |                  |   |          |              |           |
| 11,935.00    | 350.00            | 34.1<br>SY       | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>CONCRETE DECK REPAIR FOR<br>POLYESTER POLYMER CONCRETE<br>OVERLAY | SP       | 889300000-E  | 0093      |
| 299,382.00   | 82.00             | 3,651<br>SY      | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>GABION MATTRESS (1'-0" THICK)                                     | SP       | 8893000000-E | 0094      |
| 595,540.00   | 44.00             | 13,535<br>SY     | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>PLACING & FINISHING POLYESTER<br>POLYMER CONCRETE OVERLAY         | SP       | 8893000000-E | 0095      |
| 257,165.00   | 19.00             | 13,535<br>SY     | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>SCARIFYING BRIDGE DECK  | SP       | 8893000000-E | 0096      |
| 94,745.00    | 7.00              | 13,535<br>SY     | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>SHOTBLASTING BRIDGE DECK  | SP       | 8893000000-E | 0097      |
| 7,500.00     | 7,500.00          | 1<br>EA          | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>TYPE I BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE<br>#590221                           | SP       | 8897000000-N | 0098      |
| 7,500.00     | 7,500.00          | 1<br>EA          | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>TYPE I BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE<br>#590230                           | SP       | 8897000000-N | 0099      |
| 7,500.00     | 7,500.00          | 1<br>EA          | GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM<br>TYPE I BRIDGE JACKING BRIDGE<br>#590231                           | SP       | 8897000000-N | 0100      |

TOTAL AMOUNT OF BID FOR ENTIRE PROJECT

\$10,448,341.26

1035/Jan30/Q529630.7/D558470210000/E100

#### C204511

Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ County Mecklenburg

#### Rev. 1-16-18

#### EXECUTION OF CONTRACT NON-COLLUSION, DEBARMENT AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION

#### **CORPORATION**

The Contractor declares (or certifies, verifies, or states) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this Contract, that the Contractor has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Contractor intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and did not bid for the benefit of another contractor.

By submitting this Execution of Contract, Non-Collusion and Debarment Certification, the Contractor is certifying his status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

 $N.C.G.S. \$  133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

#### SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

Boggs Contracting, Inc.

Full name of Corporation

## P.O. Box 1609 Monroe, NC 28111

Address as Prequalified

Attest

Select appropriate title



Print or type Signer's name

## By President/Vice President/Assistant V Select appropriate title

**Bernard Freismuth** 

Print or type Signer's name



Rev. 1-16-18

Contract No. C204511 County Mecklenburg

#### **DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION**

Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation filed with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled *Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR* 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

Rev. 1-16-18

Contract No. C204511 County Mecklenburg

#### **DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION**

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

Check here if an explanation is attached to this certification.

Contract No. <u>C204511</u>

County (ies): <u>Mecklenburg</u>

# ACCEPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

—Docusigned by: Ronald E. Davenport, Jr.

Contract Officer

2/11/2020

Date

Execution of Contract and Bonds Approved as to Form:

DocuSigned by: Scott & Beaver 55FE7B4UAA934U1...

Attorney General

2/11/2020

Date

Signature Sheet (Bid - Acceptance by Department)

C204511 Mecklenburg

Rev 5-17-11

#### **CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND**

| Date of Payment Bond Execution | January 28, 2020  |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Name of Principal Contractor   | Boggs Contracting, Inc.   |
| Name of Surety:                | Western Surety Company  |
| Name of Contracting Body:      | North Carolina Department of Transportation   |
|                                | Raleigh, North Carolina   |
| Amount of Bond:                | (Ten Million Four Hundred Forty-Eight Thousand Three<br>\$10,448,341.26 Hundred Forty-One and 26/100's) |
| Contract ID No.:               | C204511   |
| County Name:                   | Mecklenburg   |
|                                |   |

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor and material in the prosecution of the work provided for in said contract, and any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

C204511 Mecklenburg Rev 5-17-11

## CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company



# Western Surety Company

Print or type Surety Company Name

# By Martha Ann Marley Long

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

-in-Fact

Vorde Or Put

Vonda A. Rentz

Print or type Signer's name

158 Huntington Lane, Mooresville, NC 28117

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

C204511 Mecklenburg

#### Rev 5-17-11

#### **CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND**

#### **CORPORATION**

#### SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

Boggs Contracting, Inc.

Full name of Corporation

# PO Box 1609, Monroe, NC 28111

### Address as prequalified

By

Signature of President, Vice President, Assistant Vice President Select appropriate title

Bernard R. Freismuth, President

Print or type Signer's name

Affix Corporate Seal



Attest

Signature of Secretary, Assistant Secretary Select appropriate title

D. Christopher Boggs, Corporate Secretary Print or type Signer's name

C204511 Mecklenburg

Rev 5-17-11

#### **CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND**

| Date of Performance Bond Execution: | January 28, 2020  |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Name of Principal Contractor:       | Boggs Contracting, Inc.   |  |
| Name of Surety:                     | Western Surety Company  |  |
| Name of Contracting Body:           | North Carolina Department of Transportation   |  |
|                                     | Raleigh, North Carolina   |  |
| Amount of Bond:                     | (Ten Million Four Hundred Forty-Eight Thousand Three<br>\$10,448,341.26 Hundred Forty-One and 26/100's) |  |
| Contract ID No.: C204511            |   |  |
| County Name:                        | Mecklenburg   |  |

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR (hereafter, PRINCIPAL) and SURETY above named, are held and firmly bound unto the above named Contracting Body, hereinafter called the Contracting Body, in the penal sum of the amount stated above for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the principal entered into a certain contract with the Contracting Body, numbered as shown above and hereto attached:

NOW THEREFORE, if the principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term of said contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Contracting Body, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the surety being hereby waived, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bound parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated above, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

C204511 Mecklenburg

#### CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

Affix Seal of Surety Company



# Western Surety Company

Print or type Surety Company Name

# By Martha Ann Marley Long

Print, stamp or type name of Attorney-in-Fact

Signature of A dct

Signature of Witness

Vonda A. Rentz

Print or type Signer's name

158 Huntington Lane, Mooresville, NC 28117

Address of Attorney-in-Fact

1- 1

C204511 Mecklenburg

#### **CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND**

#### **CORPORATION**

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR (Principal)

Boggs Contracting, Inc.

Full name of Corporation

# PO Box 1609, Monroe, NC 28111

### Address as prequalified

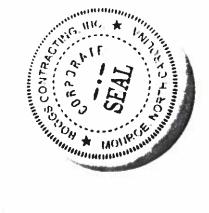
Ву Signature of President,

Select appropriate title

Bernard R. Freismuth, President

Print or type Signer's name

Affix Corporate Seal



Attest

Signature of Secretary, Assistant Secretary-Select appropriate title

D. Christopher Boggs, Corporate Secretary Print or type Signer's name Rev 5-17-11

# Western Surety Company

#### POWER OF ATTORNEY APPOINTING INDIVIDUAL ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

Know All Men By These Presents, That WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a South Dakota corporation, is a duly organized and existing corporation having its principal office in the City of Sioux Falls, and State of South Dakota, and that it does by virtue of the signature and seal herein affixed hereby make, constitute and appoint

#### Martha Ann Marley Long, Vonda A Rentz, Individually

of Mooresville, NC, its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact with full power and authority hereby conferred to sign, seal and execute for and on its behalf bonds, undertakings and other obligatory instruments of similar nature

#### - In Unlimited Amounts -

and to bind it thereby as fully and to the same extent as if such instruments were signed by a duly authorized officer of the corporation and all the acts of said Attorney, pursuant to the authority hereby given, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the By-Law printed on the reverse hereof, duly adopted, as indicated, by the shareholders of the corporation.

In Witness Whereof, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY has caused these presents to be signed by its Vice President and its corporate seal to be hereto affixed on this 5th day of September, 2019.

State of South Dakota County of Minnehaha



On this 5th day of September, 2019, before me personally came Paul T. Bruflat, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: that he resides in the City of Sioux Falls, State of South Dakota; that he is the Vice President of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY described in and which executed the above instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to the said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed pursuant to authority given by the Board of Directors of said corporation and that he signed his name thereto pursuant to like authority, and acknowledges same to be the act and deed of said corporation.

My commission expires

June 23, 2021



1an

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

#### CERTIFICATE

J. Mohr, Notary Public

T Bruflat Vice President

I, L. Nelson, Assistant Secretary of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY do hereby certify that the Power of Attorney hereinabove set forth is still in force. In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed and of the set of the said corporation this **28th** day of **January**, **2020**.





WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

J. nelson

www.consurety.com > Owner / Obligee Services > Validate Bond Coverage, if you want to verify bond authenticity.

